Bachelor of Engineering
Scheme of Teaching and Examinations (2025)
Outcome-Based Education (OBE)and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS)
(Effective from the academic year 2025-26) Common to all Engineering Programmes

I Semester **(Physic Group)**

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	TD/PSB	Teaching Hours/Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SAAE	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	ASC	1BMATx101	Applied Mathematics -I (Stream Specific Course)	Maths Dept	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	04
2	ASC(IC)	1BPHYx102	Applied Physics (Stream Specific Course)	PHY Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
3	ESC	1BCEDx103	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing (Stream Specific Course)	ME Dept	2	0	2		03	50	50	100	03
4	ESC	1BXXX104x	Engineering Science Course-I	Respective Engg Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
5	PSC	1Bxxx105x	Programme Specific Course	Respective Engg dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
6	AEC (NCMC)	1BSKS106	Soft Skills	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		-	100	---	100	PP
7	PSC	1BxxxL107x	Programme-Specific Course Lab	Respective Engg Dept	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	01
8	AEC/SDC	1BIDTL158	Innovation and Design Thinking Lab **(Project-based learning)**	Respective Dept	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	01
9	HSMS	1BKSK109(BKSK107)/ 1BKBK109(BKBK107)	Samskrutika Kannada/ Balake Kannada	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	01
				TOTAL	16	02	08		20	500	400	**900**	**20**
10	**AICTE Activity Points** (students have to earn **100** activity points between 01 to 08 semester)				Compulsory requirement for the award of a degree								

ASC-Applied Science Course, **IC** – Integrated Course (Practical Course Integrated with Theory Course), PSC-Programme Specific Course, **ESC**- Engineering Science Courses, **ETC**-Emerging Technology Course, **AEC**- Ability Enhancement Course, **NCMC:** Non Credit Mandatory Course, **PP** : (Pass/Pass) is assigned to a noncredit course. "PP" represents pass in course provided students have successfully completed the CIE requirements. Otherwise, "NP-not pass shall be awarded. "PP" is essential for the award of the degree. **PLC(IC)**- Programming Language Course (Integrated Course), **AEC/SDC**- Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Development course, **TD/PSB**- Teaching Department / Paper Setting Board, **HSMS**-Humanity, Social Science and management Course, **S- (SAAE)** Students' Academic Activity Engagement Hours, **CIE –**Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE-**Semester End Examination,

Credit Definition:
1-hour Lecture **(L)** per week=**1Credit**
2-hoursTutorial**(T)** per week=**1Credit**
2-hours Practical / Drawing (**P**) per week=**1Credit**

04-Credit courses are designed for 50 hours of Teaching-Learning Session
04-Credit (IC) is designed for 40 hours' theory and 10-12 hours of practical sessions
03-Credit courses are designed for 40 hours of Teaching-Learning Session
02- Credit courses are designed for 25 hours of Teaching-Learning Session
01-Credit courses are to be designed for 12 hours of Teaching-Learning sessions

Applied Mathematics-I Courses					Applied Physics Courses				
Code	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Code**	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**
1BMATC101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: CV Stream	3	2	0	1BPHYC102	Physics for Sustainable Structural Systems (CV stream)	3	0	2
1BMATM101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: ME Stream	3	2	0	1BPHYM102	Physics of Materials (Mech stream)	3	0	2
1BMATE101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: EEE stream	3	2	0	1BPHEC102	Quantum Physics and Electronics Sensors (ECE stream)	3	0	2
1BMATS101	Calculus and Linear Algebra: CSE Stream	3	2	0	1BPHEE102	Physics of Electrical Engineering Materials (EEE stream-only for EEE students)	3	0	2
					1BPHYS102	Quantum Physics and Applications (CSE stream)	3	0	2
Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing Courses					**Engineering Science Courses-I(ESC-I)**				
1BCEDC103	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for CV Stream	2	0	2	1BESC104A	Building Sciences and Mechanics	3	0	0
1BCEDM103	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for ME stream	2	0	2	1BESC104B	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	3	0	0
1BCEDEC103	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for ECE stream	2	0	2	1BESC104C	Introduction to Electronics & Communication Engineering	3	0	0
1BCEDE103	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for EEE stream (only for EEE students)	2	0	2	1BESC104D	Introduction to Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0
1BCEDS103	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for CSE stream				1BESC104E	Essentials of Information Technology	3	0	0
Programme Specific Courses (PSC)					**Programme-Specific Course Labs (PSCL)**				
1BCIV105	Engineering Mechanics	3	0	0	1BMEML107	Mechanics and Materials Lab	0	0	3
1BBEE105	Basics of Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	1BBEEL107	Basic Electrical Lab	0	0	3
1BECE105	Fundamentals of Electronics & Communication Engineering	3	0	0	1BECEL107	Fundamentals of Electronics & Communication Engineering Lab	0	0	3
1BEME105	Elements of Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0	1BEMEL107	Elements of Mechanical Engineering Lab	0	0	3
1BEIT105	Programming in C	3	0	0	1BPOPL107	C Programming Lab	0	0	3
1BEBT105	Elements of Biotechnology and Biomimetics	3	0	0	1BEBTL107	Elements of Biotechnology Lab	0	0	3
1BSSA105	Principles of Soil Science and Agronomy	3	0	0	1BSSAL107	Soil Science and Agronomy Field Lab	0	0	3
1BEAE105	Elements of Aeronautical Engineering	3	0	0	1BEAEL107	Elements of Aeronautica Engineering Lab	0	0	3
1BECHE105	Elements of Chemical Engineering	3	0	0	1BECHEL107	Elements of Chemical Engineering Lab	0	0	3

Integrated courses (IC), combining theory with practical components.

(i) Theory sessions shall be conducted for 3 hours per week, while the practical sessions shall be conducted for 2 hours per week.

(ii)Theory components shall be evaluated through both Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE).

(iii)The practical component shall be assessed only through CIE.

The Mathematics/Physics courses shall be taught by a single faculty member per session, with no sharing of the course (subject) modules.

The **tutorial sessions** for the **mathematics course** shall be conducted in the laboratory environment using **Maxima/Mathematica/ Python/Scilab/MATLAB software** to enhance computational understanding and application skills **(**one hour for problem solving and one hour laboratory session).

All students admitted to the engineering program have to complete **Applied Mathematics-I and Applied Mathematics-II** in I and II semesters by selecting the courses prescribed for their stream, viz. CV, ME, EEE or CSE, under the heading Mathematics –I and Mathematics-II.

Those who have completed the physics course under the heading Applied Physics in I semester have to select the prescribed stream wise chemistry course under the heading Applied chemistry during II semester.

Programme Specific Courses (PSC): Programme Specific Courses (PSC) are a set of core courses tailored to a specific branch or discipline of engineering in which a student is enrolled (e.g., Mechanical Engineering, Computer Science, Civil Engineering, etc.). These courses are intended to provide students with in-depth knowledge and specialized skills essential for professional competence in the chosen field. Students must select and complete the course from this group that **corresponds to their admitted program stream.** Similarly, students are also required to choose and pass laboratory courses that are specific to their stream from the **Programme Specific Courses Laboratory (PSCL) group.**

Engineering Sciences Courses-I(ESC-I): These courses are designed to broaden the technical knowledge of students beyond their core area of study. These courses enable students to gain a foundational understanding of engineering principles from other stream courses. Students are required to select and complete two courses that are not belong to their admitted program /stream. For example, a student admitted to the any programme of the Civil Engineering /Civil Engineering stream should not select Introduction to Building Sciences but any other two. One course shall be selected under ESC-I and another course under ESC-II. The two courses must be different from the other.

Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing: The courses under this category are stream-specific. Students must select and complete the course that corresponds to their admitted engineering stream**.**

The **Student Induction Programme** (SIP), initiated by the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), is designed to help newly admitted students in technical institutions transition smoothly into the higher education environment. It aims to familiarize students with the institutional culture, foster connections with peers and faculty, and provide a foundation for holistic learning. Activities under SIP may include Physical Activities, Creative Arts, Universal Human Values, Literary Events, Proficiency Modules. Lectures shall be by Eminent Personalities, Local Area Visits, Department/Branch Familiarization, and Innovation-related sessions.

The first year of the Engineering programmes is composed of I semester, II semester and Summer Semester. SIP activities shall be scheduled in the afternoon sessions during the first week of class commencement of I and II semesters only.

The specific programmes to be conducted will be notified separately by the University via the academic calendar or through a separate notification.

AICTE Activity Points Requirement for BE/B.Tech. Programmes

As per AICTE guidelines (refer Chapter 6 – *AICTE Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines*), in addition to academic requirements, students must earn a specified number of **Activity Points** to be earned is to be eligible for the award of their degree.

- **Regular students** admitted to a 4-year degree program must earn **100 Activity Points**.
- **Lateral entry students** (joining from the second year) must earn **75 Activity Points**.
- **Students transferred** from other universities directly into the fifth semester must earn **50 Activity Points** from the date of entry into VTU.

These Activity Points are **non-credit** and will not be considered for **the SGPA/CGPA** or be used for **vertical progression**. However, they are mandatory for the **award of the degree**, and the points earned will be reflected on the **eighth semester Grade Card**.

The hours spent for earning the activity points shall not be counted for regular attendance requirements. Students can accumulate these points at any time during their program, including on weekends, holidays, and vacations starting from the year of admission, provided they meet the minimum hours of engagement prescribed for each activity.

If a student fails to earn the required Activity Points, the eighth-semester Grade Card will be withheld until the requirement is fulfilled. Consequently, the degree will be awarded only after the Grade Card has been released.

Sl No	Stream	UG Programmes under the stream with code
1	Civil Engineering Stream (CV)	(1) Civil engineering (CV), (2) Mining Engineering (MI)
2	Mechanical Engineering Stream (ME)	(1)Aeronautical Engineering (AE), (2)Aerospace Engineering (AS),(3) Agricultural Engineering (AG),(4)Automation and Robotics (AR), (5)Automobile Engineering (AU), (6)Chemical Engineering (CH), (7) Industrial & Production Engineering (IP), (8)Industrial Engineering & Management (IM), (9) Manufacturing Science and Engineering (MS), (10) Marine Engineering (MR), (11) Mechanical & Smart Manufacturing (MM), (12) Mechanical Engineering (ME), (13)Mechatronics (MT), (14) Petrochem Engineering (PC), (15)Robotics & Automation (RA),(16) Robotics and Artificial Intelligence (RI),(17)Silk Technology (ST), (18) Textile Technology (TX),(19)Energy Engineering (ER),(20) Smart Agritech (SA).
3	Electrical and Electronics Engineering Stream (EEE)	(1)Electronics & Communication Engineering (EC), (2)Biomedical Engineering (BM), (3)Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EE), (4) Electronics & Instrumentation Engineering (EI),(5) Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering (ET),(6) Industrial IoT (IO), (7) Medical Electronics Engineering (ML),(8) Electronics Engineering (VLSI Design and Technology) (VL),(9) Electronics & Communication(Advanced Communication Technology) (EA),(10) Electronics & Computer Engineering (UE).
4	Computer Science and Engineering Stream (CSE)	(1) Computer Science and Engineering (CS), (2) Computer Engineering (CE), (3)Artificial Intelligence and Data Science (AD), (4) Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI),(5) Biotechnology (BT),(6)Computer & Communication Engineering (CM), (7) Computer Science and Business System (CB),(8) Computer Science and Design (CG),(9) Computer Science and Engineering (IoT) (CO), (10)CSE(Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning) (CI),(11) CSE(Artificial Intelligence) (CA),(12) CSE(Cyber Security) (CY), (13)CSE(Data Science) (CD),(14) CSE(IoT and Cyber Security including Block Chain Technology) (IC), (15) Data Science (DS), (16) Information Science & Engineering (IS),(17) Computer Science (CR).

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(Effective from the academic year 2025-26) Common to all Engineering Programmes

II Semester (For the students who have studied Physics group in I semester)

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	TD/PSB	Teaching Hours/Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SAAE	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	ASC	1BMATx201	Applied Mathematics -II (Stream Specific Course)	Maths Dept	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	04
2	ASC(IC)	1BCHEx202	Applied Chemistry (Stream Specific Course)	CHE Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
3	ETC	1BAIA203	Introduction to AI and Applications	Any Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
4	ESC	1BESC204x	Engineering Science Course-II	Respective Engg Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
5	PLC(IC)	1BPLC205x	Programming Language Course	CSE & allied Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
6	AEC	1BENG206	Communication Skills	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		02	50	50	100	01
7	AEC (NCMC)	1BICO207	Indian Constitution & Engineering Ethics	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		01	100	0	100	PP
8	AEC/SDC	1BPRJ258	Interdisciplinary Project-Based Learning	Respective Dept (Multiple Dept)	0	0	0	2	02	50	50	100	01
				TOTAL	**17**	**02**	**05**	**02**	**20**	**450**	**350**	**800**	**20**

ASC-Applied Science Course, **IC** – Integrated Course (Practical Course Integrated with Theory Course), **ESC**- Engineering Science Courses, **PLC(IC)**- Programming Language Course (Integrated Course), **AEC**- Ability Enhancement Course, **NCMC**: Non Credit Mandatory Course, **TD/PSB**- Teaching Department / Paper Setting Board, **HSMC**- Humanity, Social Science and management Course, **S- (SAAE)-** Students' Academic Activity Engagement Hours, **AEC/SDC**- Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Development course, **CIE** –Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE**- Semester End Examination, **PP** : (Pass/Pass) is assigned to a noncredit course. "PP" represents pass in course provided students have successfully completed the CIE requirements. Otherwise, "NP-not pass shall be awarded. "PP" is essential for the award of the degree

Integrated courses (IC), combining theory with practical components.
The theory sessions shall be conducted for 3 hours per week, while the practical sessions shall be conducted for 2 hours per week.

- The theory component will be evaluated through both Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE).
- The practical component will be assessed only through CIE.

Communication Skills: This course shall be conducted in a laboratory environment

Applied Mathematics-II Courses					Applied Chemistry Courses				
Code	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Code**	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**
1BMATC201	Differential Calculus and Numerical Methods: CV Stream	3	2	0	1BCHEC202	Applied Chemistry for Sustainable Structure & Material Design (CV)	3	0	2
1BMATM201	Multivariable Calculus and Numerical Methods: ME Stream	3	2	0	1BCHEM202	**Applied Chemistry for Advanced Metal Protection and Sustainable Energy Systems** (ME)	3	0	2
1BMATE201	Calculus, Laplace Transform And Numerical Techniques: EEE stream	3	2	0	1BCHEE202	**Applied Chemistry for Emerging Electronics and Futuristic Devices** (EEE, ECE)	3	0	2
1BMATS201	Numerical Methods: CSE Stream	3	2	0	1BCHES202	Applied Chemistry for Smart Systems (CSE)	3	0	2
Engineering Sciences Courses II(ESC-II)					**Programming Language Courses (PLC)**				
1BESC204A	Building Sciences & Mechanics	3	0	0	1BPLC205E	Introduction to C Programming (for non-IT programmes)	3	0	2
1BESC204B	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	1BPLC205B	Python Programming (For CSE and allied programmes)	3	0	2
1BESC204C	Introduction to Electronics & Communication Engineering	3	0	0					
1BESC204D	Introduction to Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0					
1BESC204E	Essentials of Information Technology	3	0	0					

The Mathematics/Chemistry courses shall be taught by a single faculty member per session, with no sharing of the course (subject) modules. The **tutorial sessions** for the **mathematics course** shall be conducted in the laboratory environment using **Maxima/Mathematica/ Python/Scilab/MATLAB software** to enhance computational understanding and application skills.

Students admitted to a specific engineering stream are required to select and successfully complete **Applied Mathematics-II** and **Applied Chemistry courses** that are aligned to their program stream.

Engineering Sciences Courses-II(ESC-II): These courses are designed to broaden the technical knowledge of students beyond their core area of study. These courses enable students to gain a foundational understanding of engineering principles from other disciplines. Students are required to select and complete a course under ESC-II that does not belong to their admitted program stream. Students should select a course other than that was selected under ESC-I and other than course not belonging to their branch/ stream.

For the course ***Interdisciplinary Project*** **(BPRJ259)**, it is mandatory to form a team comprising students from multiple engineering disciplines. For example, a project team may include students from Mechanical Engineering, Electronics and Communication Engineering (ECE), and Computer Science and Engineering (CSE), working collaboratively to design and implement the project.



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Scheme of Teaching and Examinations-2025
Outcome-Based Education (OBE) and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS)
(Effective from the academic year 2025-26) Common to All Engineering Programmes

I Semester **(Chemistry Group)**

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	TD/PSB	Teaching Hours/Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SAAE	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	ASC	1BMATx101	Applied Mathematics-I (Stream Specific)	Maths Dept	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	04
2	ASC(IC)	1BCHEx102	Applied Chemistry (Stream Specific)	CHE Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
3	ETC	1BAIA103	Introduction to AI and Applications	Any Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
4	ESC	1BESC104x	Engineering Science Course- I	Respective Engg Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
5	PLC(IC)	1BPLC105x	Programming Language Course	CSE & allied Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
6	AEC	1BENG106	Communication Skills	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		02	50	50	100	01
7	AEC (NCMC)	1BICO107	Indian Constitution & Engineering Ethics	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		--	100	--	100	PP
8	AEC/SDC	1BIDTL158	Innovation and Design Thinking Lab **(Project-based learning)**	Any Dept	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	01
	TOTAL				**17**	**02**	**07**		**20**	**450**	**350**	**800**	**20**
9	**AICTE Activity Points** (students have to earn **100** activity points between 01 to 08 semesters)				Compulsory requirement for the award of a degree								

ASC-Applied Science Course, **ESC**- Engineering Science Courses, **IC** – Integrated Course (Practical Course Integrated with Theory Course), **PLC(IC)**- Programming Language Course (Integrated Course), **AEC**- Ability Enhancement Course, **NCMC:** Non Credit Mandatory Course, **AEC/SDC**- Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Development course, **TD/PSB**- Teaching Department / Paper Setting Board, **S- (SAAE)-**Students' Academic Activity Engagement Hours, **CIE** –Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE**- Semester End Examination, **PP** : (Pass/Pass) is assigned to a noncredit course. "PP" represents pass in a course provided students have successfully completed the CIE requirements. Otherwise, "NP-not pass shall be awarded. "PP" is essential for the award of the degree

Credit Definition:	
1-hour Lecture **(L)** per week=**1Credit**	04-Credit courses are designed for 50 hours of Teaching-Learning sessions
2-hoursTutorial**(T)** per week=**1Credit**	04-Credit (IC) courses are designed for 40 hours' theory and 10-12 hours of practical sessions
2-hours Practical / Drawing (**P**) per week=**1Credit**	03-Credit courses are designed for 40 hours of Teaching-Learning Session
	02- Credit courses are designed for 25 hours of Teaching-Learning Session
	01-Credit courses are designed for 12 hours of Teaching-Learning sessions

Applied Mathematics-I Courses					Applied Chemistry Courses				
Code	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Code**	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**
1BMATC101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: CV Stream	3	2	0	1BCHEC102	Applied Chemistry for Sustainable Structure & Material Design (CV)	3	0	2
1BMATM101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: ME Stream	3	2	0	1BCHEM102	**Applied Chemistry for Advanced Metal Protection and Sustainable Energy Systems** (ME)	3	0	2
1BMATE101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra; EEE stream	3	2	0	1BCHEE102	**Applied Chemistry for Emerging Electronics and Futuristic Devices** (EEE, ECE)	3	0	2
1BMATS101	Calculus And Linear Algebra: CSE stream	3	2	0	1BCHES102	Applied Chemistry for Smart Systems (CSE)	3	0	2
Engineering Science Courses-I (ESC-I)					**Programming Language Courses (PLC)**				
Code	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Code**	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**
1BESC104A	Building Sciences & Mechanics	3	0	0	1BPLC105E	Introduction to C Programming (For none IT programmes)	3	0	0
1BESC104B	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	1BPLC105B	Python Programming (for CSE and allied programmes)	3	0	0
1BESC104C	Introduction to Electronics and Communication Engineering	3	0	0					
1BESC104D	Introduction to Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0					
1BESC104E	Essentials of Information Technology	3	0	0					

Integrated courses (IC), combining theory with practical components.

(i) Theory sessions shall be conducted for 3 hours per week, while the practical sessions shall be conducted for 2 hours per week.

(ii)Theory components shall be evaluated through both Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE).

(iii)The practical component shall be assessed only through CIE.

The Mathematics/Chemistry courses shall be taught by a single faculty member per session, with no sharing of the course (subject) modules. The **tutorial sessions** for the **mathematics course** shall be conducted in the laboratory environment using **Maxima/Mathematica/ Python/Scilab/MATLAB software** to enhance computational understanding and application skills.

All students admitted to the engineering program have to complete **Applied Mathematics-I and Applied Mathematics-II** in I and II semesters by selecting the subjects prescribed for their stream, viz. CV, ME, EEE or CSE, under the heading Mathematics-I and Mathematics-II.

Those who have completed the chemistry course under the heading Applied Chemistry in I semester have to select the prescribed stream wise physics course under the heading Applied physics during II semester.

Engineering Sciences Courses-I (ESC-I): These courses are designed to broaden students' technical knowledge beyond their core area of study. These courses enable students to gain a foundational understanding of engineering principles from other stream courses. Students are required to select and complete two courses that are not belong to their admitted program/or stream. For example, a student admitted to the any programme of the Civil Engineering / Civil Engineering stream should not select Introduction to Building Sciences but any other two. One course shall be selected under ESC-I and another course under ESC-II. The two courses must be different from the other.

Communication Skills: This course shall be conducted in a laboratory environment

The **Student Induction Programme** (SIP), initiated by the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), is designed to help newly admitted students in technical institutions transition smoothly into the higher education environment. It aims to familiarize students with the institutional culture, foster connections with peers and faculty, and provide a foundation for holistic learning. Activities under SIP may include Physical Activities, Creative Arts, Universal Human Values, Literary Events, and Proficiency Modules. Lectures shall be by Eminent Personalities,

Local Area Visits, Department/Branch Familiarization, and Innovation-related sessions.
The first year of the Engineering programmes is composed of I semester, II semester and Summer Semester. SIP activities shall be scheduled in the afternoon sessions during the first week of class commencement of I and II semesters only.
The specific programmes to be conducted will be notified separately by the University via the academic calendar or through a separate notification.

AICTE Activity Points Requirement for BE/B.Tech. Programmes

As per AICTE guidelines (refer Chapter 6 – *AICTE Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines*), in addition to academic requirements, students must earn a specified number of **Activity Points** to be eligible for the award of the degree. The points to be earned is:

1. **Regular students** admitted to a 4-year degree program must earn **100 Activity Points**.
2. **Lateral entry students** (joining from the second year) must earn **75 Activity Points**.
3. **Students transferred** from other universities directly into the fifth semester must earn **50 Activity Points** from the date of entry into VTU.

These Activity Points are **non-credit** and will not be considered for **the SGPA/CGPA** or be used for **vertical progression**. However, earning Activity Points is mandatory for the **award of the degree**, and the points earned will be reflected on the **eighth semester Grade Card**.

If a student completes all the semesters (eight or six) at the end of the programme but fails to earn the required Activity Points, the eighth-semester Grade Card will be withheld until the requirement is fulfilled. Also, the degree will be awarded only after the Grade Card has been released.

The hours spent earning the activity points will not be counted for regular attendance requirements. Students can accumulate these points at any time during their program period, including weekends, holidays, and vacations, starting from the year of admission, provided they meet the minimum hours of engagement prescribed for each activity by AICTE.

Sl. No	Stream	UG Programmes under the stream with code
1	Civil Engineering Stream (CV)	(1) Civil engineering (CV), (2) Mining Engineering (MI)
2	Mechanical Engineering Stream ME	(1)Aeronautical Engineering (AE), (2)Aerospace Engineering (AS),(3) Agreecultural Engineering (AG),(4)Automation and Robotics (AR), (5)Automobile Engineering (AU), (6)Chemical Engineering (CH), (7) Industrial & Production Engineering (IP), (8)Industrial Engineering & Management (IM), (9) Manufacturing Science and Engineering (MS), (10) Marine Engineering (MR), (11) Mechanical & Smart Manufacturing (MM), (12) Mechanical Engineering (ME), (13)Mechatronics (MT), (14) Petrochem Engineering (PC), (15)Robotics & Automation (RA),(16) Robotics and Artificial Intelligence (RI),(17)Silk Technology (ST), (18) Textile Technology (TX),(19)Energy Engineering (ER),(20) Smart Agritech (SA).
3	Electrical and Electronics Engineering Stream (EEE)	(1)Electronics & Communication Engineering (EC), (2)Biomedical Engineering (BM), (3)Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EE), (4) Electronics & Instrumentation Engineering (EI),(5) Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering (ET),(6) Industrial IoT (IO), (7) Medical Electronics Engineering (ML),(8) Electronics Engineering (VLSI Design and Technology) (VL),(9) Electronics & Communication(Advanced Communication Technology) (EA),(10) Electronics & Computer Engineering (UE).Electronics and Computer Sciences,
4	Computer Science and Engineering Stream (CSE)	(1) Computer Science and Engineering (CS), (2)Computer Engineering (CE), (3) Artificial Intelligence and Data Science (AD), (4)Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI),(5)Biotechnology (BT),(6)Computer & Communication Engineering (CM), (7) Computer Science and Business System (CB),(8)Computer Science and Design (CG),(9)Computer Science and Engineering (IoT) (CO), (10)CSE(Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning) (CI),(11) CSE(Artificial Intelligence) (CA),(12) CSE(Cyber Security) (CY), (13)CSE(Data Science) (CD),(14) CSE(IoT and Cyber Security including Block Chain Technology) (IC), (15) Data Science (DS), (16) Information Science & Engineering (IS),(17) Computer Science (CR). Computer science & Technology(CN), CSE(AI & DS),

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II Semester (For the students who have studied the Chemistry group in I semester)

Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	TD/PSB	Teaching Hours/Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SAAE	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	ASC	1BMATx201	Applied Mathematics -II (Stream Specific)	Maths Dept	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	04
2	ASC(IC)	1BPHYx202	Applied Physics (Stream Specific)	PHY Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
3	ESC	1BCEDx203	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing (Stream Specific)	ME dept	2	0	2		03	50	50	100	03
4	ESC	1Bxxx204x	Engineering Science Course-II	Respective Engg Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
5	PSC	1Bxxx205x	Programme Specific Course	Respective Engg Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
6	AEC (NCMC)	1BSKS206	Soft Skills	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		--	100	---	100	PP
7	PSC	1BxxxL207x	Programme-Specific Course Lab	Respective dept	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	01
8	AEC/SDC	1BPRJ258	Interdisciplinary Project-Based Learning	Combination of Departments	0	0	0	02	02	50	50	100	01
9	HSMC	1BKSK209(BKSK107)/ 1BKBK209(BKBK107)	Samskrutika Kannada/ Balake Kannada	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	01
				TOTAL	**16**	**02**	**06**		**21**	**500**	**400**	**900**	**20**

ASC-Applied Science Course, **IC** – Integrated Course (Practical Course Integrated with Theory Course), **ESC**- Engineering Science Courses, **PSC**-Programme Specific Course, **ESC**- Engineering Science Courses, **ETC**- Emerging Technology Course, **AEC**- Ability Enhancement Course, **NCMC:** Non Credit Mandatory Course, **PP** : (Pass/Pass) is assigned to a non credit course. "PP" represents pass in course provided students have successfully completed the CIE requirements. Otherwise, "NP-not pass shall be awarded. "PP" is essential for the award of the degree **HSMC**-Humanity, Social Science and management Course, **AEC/SDC**- Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Development course, **TD/PSB**- Teaching Department / Paper Setting Board, **CIE** –Continuous Internal Evaluation, **SEE**- Semester End Examination, **S- (SAAE)-**Students' Academic Activity Engagement Hours,

Applied Mathematics-II Courses					Applied Physics Courses				
Code	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**Code**	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**
1BMATC201	Differential Calculus and Numerical Methods: CV stream	3	2	0	1BPHYC202	Physics for Sustainable Structural Systems (CV stream)	3	0	2
1BMATM201	Multivariable Calculus and Numerical Methods: ME stream	3	2	0	1BPHYM202	Physics of Materials (Mech stream)	3	0	2
1BMATE201	Calculus, Laplace Transform, and Numerical Techniques: EEE stream	3	2	0	1BPHEC202	Quantum Physics and Electronic Sensors (ECE stream)	3	0	2
1BMATS201	Numerical Methods: CSE Stream	3	2	0	1BPHEE202	Physics of Electrical Engineering Materials (EEE Stream –only for EEE Students)	3	0	2
					1BPHYS202	Quantum Physics and Applications (CSE stream)	3	0	2
Programme Specific Courses (PSC)					**Programme Specific Course Labs (PSCL)**				
1BCIV205	Engineering Mechanics	3	0	0	1BMEML207	Mechanics and Materials Lab	0	0	3
1BEME205	Elements of Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0	1BEMEL207	Elements of Mechanical Engineering Lab	0	0	3
1BBEE205	Basics of Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	1BBEEL207	Basic Electrical Lab	0	0	3
1BECE205	Fundamentals of Electronics & Communication Engineering	3	0	0	1BECEL207	Fundamentals of Electronics & Communication Engineering Lab	0	0	3
1BEIT205	Programming in C	3	0	0	1BPOPL207	C Programming Lab	0	0	3
1BEBT205	Elements of Biotechnology and Biomimetics	3	0	0	1BSSAL207	Soil Science and Agronomy Field Lab	0	0	3
1BSSA205	Principles of Soil Science and Agronomy	3	0	0	1BEBTL207	Elements of Biotechnology Lab	0	0	3
1BEAE205	Elements of Aeronautical Engineering	3	0	0	1BEAEL207	Elements of Aeronautical Engineering Lab	0	0	3
1BECHE205	Elements of Chemical Engineering	3	0	0	1BECHEL207	Elements of Chemical Engineering Lab	0	0	3
Engineering Science Courses-II (ESC-II)					**Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing Courses**				
1BESC204A	Building Sciences & Mechanics	3	0	0	**Code**	**Title**	**L**	**T**	**P**
1BESC204B	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	1BCEDC203	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for CV Stream	2	0	2
1BESC204C	Introduction to Electronics & Communication Engineering	3	0	0	1BCEDM203	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for ME stream	2	0	2
1BESC204D	Introduction to Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0	1BCEDEEC203	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for ECE stream	2	0	2
1BESC204E	Essentials of Information Technology	3	0	0	1BCEDE203	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for EEE stream (Only for EEE Students)	2	0	2
					1BCEDS203	Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing for CSE stream	2	0	2

Integrated courses (IC), combining theory with practical components.

(i)Theory sessions will be conducted for 3 hours per week, while the practical sessions will be conducted for 2 hours per week.

(ii)Theory component shall be evaluated through both Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE).

(iii)The practical component will be assessed only through CIE.

The Mathematics/Physics courses shall be taught by a single faculty member per session, with no sharing of the course (subject) modules. The **tutorial sessions** for the **mathematics course** shall be conducted in a laboratory environment using **Maxima/Mathematica/ Python/Scilab/MATLAB software** to enhance computational understanding and application skills.
Students admitted to a specific engineering stream are required to select and successfully complete **Applied Mathematics-I** and **Applied Physics courses** that are aligned to their program stream.

Programme Specific Courses (PSC): Programme Specific Courses (PSC) are a set of core courses tailored to a specific branch or discipline of engineering in which a student is enrolled (e.g., Mechanical Engineering, Computer Science, Civil Engineering, etc.). These courses are intended to provide students with in-depth knowledge and specialized skills essential for professional competence in the chosen field. Students must select and complete the course from this group that **corresponds to their admitted program stream**. Similarly, students are also required to choose and pass laboratory courses that are specific to their stream from the **Programme Specific Courses Laboratory (PSCL)** group.
Computer-Aided Engineering Drawing: The courses under this category are stream-specific. Students must select and complete the course that corresponds to their admitted engineering stream**.**
Engineering Sciences Courses-II (ESC-II): These courses are designed to broaden the technical knowledge of students beyond their core area of study. These courses enable students to gain a foundational understanding of engineering principles from other disciplines. Students are required to select and complete a course that does not belong to their admitted program /stream. Students should select a course other than that was selected under ESC-I and other than course not belonging to their stream.
For the course ***Interdisciplinary Project*** **(BPRJ259)**, it is mandatory to form a team comprising students from multiple engineering disciplines. For example, a project team may include students from Mechanical Engineering, Electronics and Communication Engineering (ECE), and Computer Science and Engineering (CSE), working collaboratively to design and implement the project.



Introduction to AI and Applications		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BAIA103/203**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Explain the concepts and types of artificial intelligence.
CO2: Illustrate basic machine learning methods for regression, classification and clustering.
CO3: Identify real-world applications across different disciplines.
CO4: Make use of prompt engineering techniques to interact with generative AI tools.
CO5: Outline recent trends in artificial intelligence and machine learning.

Module-1

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Artificial Intelligence, How Does AI Work?, Advantages and Disadvantages of Artificial Intelligence, History of Artificial Intelligence, Types of Artificial Intelligence, Weak AI, Strong AI, Reactive Machines, Limited Memory, Theory of Mind, Self-Awareness, Is Artificial Intelligence Same as Augmented Intelligence and Cognitive Computing, Machine Learning and Deep Learning.

Machine Intelligence: Defining Intelligence, Components of Intelligence, Differences Between Human and Machine Intelligence, Agent and Environment, Search, Uninformed Search Algorithms, Informed Search Algorithms: Pure Heuristic Search, Best-First Search Algorithm (Greedy Search).

Knowledge Representation: Introduction, Knowledge Representation, Knowledge-Based Agent, Types of Knowledge.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (1.1-1.5), Chapter 3 (3.1-3.7.2), Chapter 4 (4.1-4.4)

Number of Hours: 08

Module-2

Introduction to Prompt Engineering, Introduction to Prompt Engineering, The Evolution of Prompt Engineering, Types of Prompts, How Does Prompt Engineering Work?, Comprehending Prompt Engineering's Function in Communication, The Advantages of Prompt Engineering, The Future of LLM Communication.

Prompt Engineering Techniques for ChatGPT, Introduction to Prompt Engineering Techniques, Instructions Prompt Technique, Zero, One, and Few Shot Prompting, Self-Consistency Prompt.

Prompts for Creative Thinking: Introduction, Unlocking Imagination and Innovation.

Prompts for Effective Writing: Introduction, Igniting the Writing Process with Prompts.

Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 3, 4 & 5 Number of Hours: 08

Module-3

Machine Learning: Techniques in AI, Machine Learning Model, Regression Analysis in Machine Learning, Classification Techniques, Clustering Techniques, Naïve Bayes Classification, Neural Network, Support Vector Machine (SVM).

Textbook 1: Chapter 2 (2.1-2.8) Number of Hours: 08

Module-4

Trends in AI: AI and Ethical Concerns, AI as a Service (AIaaS), Recent trends in AI, Expert System, Internet of Things, Artificial Intelligence of Things (AIoT).

Textbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.1, 8.2, 8.4), Chapter 9 (9.1- 9.3) Number of Hours: 08

Module-5

Robotics, Robotics-an Application of AI, Drones Using AI, No Code AI, Low Code AI.

Textbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.3), Chapter 1 (1.7, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11)

Industrial Applications of AI: Application of AI in Healthcare, Application of AI in Finance, Application of AI in Retail, Application of AI in Agriculture, Application of AI in Education, Application of AI in Transportation, AI in Experimentation and Multi-disciplinary research.

Textbook 3: Chapter 3, Chapter 5 (5.1)

Number of Hours: 08

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Textbooks:

1. Reema Thareja, Artificial Intelligence: Beyond Classical AI, Pearson Education, 2023.
2. Ajantha Devi Vairamani and Anand Nayyar, Prompt Engineering: Empowering Communication, 1st Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2024. (DOI: https://doi.org/10.1201/9781032692319).
3. Saptarsi Goswami, Amit Kumar Das and Amlan Chakrabarti, "AI for Everyone – A Beginner's Handbook for Artificial Intelligence", Pearson, 2024.

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach* (4th Edition), Pearson Education, 2023.
2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, and Shivashankar B. Nair, *Artificial Intelligence*, McGraw Hill Education.
3. Tom Taulli, *Prompt Engineering for Generative AI: ChatGPT, LLMs, and Beyond*, Apress, Springer Nature.
4. Nilakshi Jain, Artificial Intelligence: Making A System Intelligent, First Edition, Wiley.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Elements of AI – *https://www.elementsofai.com*
2. CS50's Introduction to Artificial Intelligence with Python – Harvard *https://cs50.harvard.edu/ai/*
3. Google Machine Learning Crash Course – *https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course*
4. Learn Prompting (Open-Source Guide) – *https://learnprompting.org*
5. Google AI – Learn with Google AI *https://ai.google/education/*
6. Coursera – Machine Learning by Andrew Ng (Stanford University) *https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning*
7. OpenAI Prompt Engineering Guide (for ChatGPT) *https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/gpt-best-practices*
8. Prompt Engineering for Developers – DeepLearning.AI + OpenAI *https://www.deeplearning.ai/short-courses/chatgpt-prompt-engineering-for-developers/*
9. Ethics in AI – Google Responsible AI Practices *https://ai.google/responsibilities/responsible-ai-practices/*
10. Google Teachable Machine (Train AI models visually without code) https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching

- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Tool Demonstration

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course outcomes and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: Practical Assignment on Creating Effective Prompts (Marks- 25)

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Students must demonstrate the solutions to the course instructor and submit the record containing prompt creation (procedure), prompt execution and results with observations.
2. Course instructor must evaluate the student performance as per the rubrics.

Sl. No	Activity on Creating Effective Prompts
Note: To conduct the activity students can use any of the AI tools such as ChatGPT.	
1	**Basic Prompt writing:** Create two different prompts to ask an AI about the topic "Electricity." The first prompt should be vague, and the second prompt should be clear and specific. Compare the responses you get and describe which prompt gave a better answer and why.
2	**Zero-Shot Prompting**: Create a prompt that asks an AI to explain Ohm's Law without giving any example or background. Evaluate how well the AI explains the concept based on your prompt alone.
3	**One-Shot and Few-Shot Prompting:** Provide the AI with a single example of how to calculate the resistance in a simple circuit. Then write your own prompt asking the AI to solve a similar resistance calculation. After that, add two more examples to your prompt and observe any changes in the AI's response quality.
4	**Chain-of-Thought Prompting:** Develop a prompt that guides the AI step-by-step through calculating current flow in a circuit using Ohm's Law with resistors in series. Then, ask a final question for the AI to solve. Analyze how breaking down the reasoning steps impacts the accuracy of the answer.
5	**Prompt Refinement:** Start with an ambiguous prompt related to the "Water Cycle." Test the AI's response, note the confusion or errors, and then refine your prompt to make it clearer and more specific. Repeat this process twice and record how the AI's responses improve with each refinement. **Role-Based Prompting:** Create three prompts asking the AI to explain "Newton's Laws of Motion," each with a different role instruction: (a) as an expert engineer, (b) as a high school teacher, (c) as a beginner. Compare the tone, detail, and style of the responses.
6	**Creative Engineering Problem Prompts:** Craft a prompt that asks the AI to brainstorm ideas for designing a low-cost water purification system suitable for rural areas. Encourage creativity by adding phrases like **"limited resources"** and **"sustainability"**.

7	**Ethical Prompt Design Discussion:** Identify a biased prompt related to job descriptions (e.g. language with respect to a gender). Rewrite the prompt to remove bias and create a neutral, inclusive version. Explain why this revision is more ethical.
8	**Simulated Customer Support Chatbot:** Develop a prompt that instructs the AI to play the role of a technical support agent helping a customer troubleshoot a failure in an electronic circuit. Include instructions to keep the tone friendly and professional and to ask diagnostic questions.
9	**Multi-Language Prompting:** Develop a prompt that asks the AI to translate a simple engineering glossary (5 technical terms) from English to your native language. Then modify the prompt to request additional explanations of these terms in the translated language.
10	Review a curated set of different prompt types (e.g., for summarization, information extraction, paraphrasing, question answering) from a "Prompt Gallery." For each prompt type, match it with a real-world task (e.g., summarizing a lecture note, extracting names from a project report). Test at least three prompt templates on an AI tool or by role-play (students simulate being the AI), with varied wording. Record the outcomes and discuss which prompt (or template) was most effective for each task, and explain why you think it worked best. Reflect on how changing small parts of a prompt can alter model response quality, completeness, or accuracy.
11	Choose a real engineering challenge or societal problem relevant to your field (e.g., "Reducing plastic waste in campus cafeterias" or "Optimizing solar panel placement on campus rooftops"). Draft an initial prompt that asks an AI to propose practical solutions. Share the AI's (or peer's) answer in small groups and identify aspects that are missing, vague, or not actionable. Refine your prompt based on feedback (e.g., specify constraints, ask for step-by-step solutions, or require a list of pros and cons). Repeat the process one more time, refining again for further clarity or specificity. Document the entire prompt-refinement process and share the best solution generated, along with a brief analysis of how prompt improvements led to better responses.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Creating Effective Prompts):

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Appropriate Use of Prompting Technique [CO4] [PO1, PO5]	Demonstrates precise and creative application of the intended prompting technique (e.g., zero-shot, few-shot, role-based) with full alignment to objectives.	Correctly applies the prompting technique with minor gaps or missed opportunities.	Uses the prompting technique, but with partial understanding or inconsistent application.	Limited understanding of the technique; incorrect or weak application.	No evidence of correct prompting technique use.
Analysis & Comparison of Responses [CO1] [PO2, PO4]	Provides thorough, insightful, and well-supported analysis of AI responses, comparisons highlight key strengths and weaknesses.	Provides clear analysis with relevant comparisons, though slightly less detailed.	Provides basic analysis with limited insight, comparisons are present but shallow.	Minimal analysis, comparisons are weak or incomplete.	No meaningful analysis or comparison.
Creativity & Problem-Solving [CO3, CO5] [PO3, PO11]	Demonstrates outstanding creativity and innovation in crafting prompts, especially for problem-solving or design tasks.	Demonstrates creativity and some innovation; solutions are practical.	Shows moderate creativity; prompts are functional but not innovative.	Minimal creativity; prompts are repetitive or unimaginative.	No creativity or problem-solving is evident.
Ethical Awareness & Inclusivity [CO-5] [PO7]	Identifies biases clearly and revises prompts to be fully ethical, inclusive, and culturally sensitive.	Identifies some biases and revises prompts to improve inclusivity.	Attempts bias identification, but revisions are incomplete or partly effective.	Minimal effort is made to address bias; inclusivity not fully considered.	No consideration of bias or ethics is used in prompts.
Clarity & Specificity of Prompts, Documentation & Reflection [CO1, CO4] [PO8, PO9, PO11]	Prompts are self-explanatory, specific, and well-structured for the intended activity; no ambiguity is present. Documentation is complete, well-organized, and includes deep reflection on improvements across iterations.	Prompts are clear and mostly specific; minor ambiguity is present. Documentation is complete with some reflection on prompt refinement.	Prompts are somewhat clear but could be more specific; moderate ambiguity. Documentation is present but lacks detail or depth in reflection.	Prompts are vague and lack clarity; high ambiguity. Incomplete documentation, reflection is minimal.	Prompts are unclear, incomplete, or irrelevant to the activity. No documentation or reflection provided as per schedule

Applied Chemistry for Smart Systems		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BCHES102/202**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	64	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Descriptive		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the structure, synthesis, and applications of functional materials in memory and display devices.

CO2: Analyze quantum materials, conducting polymers, and their roles in energy and electronic systems.

CO3: Evaluate next-generation energy systems, fuel cells, and green hydrogen technologies.

CO4: Apply concepts of sensors, corrosion control, and green materials in sustainable electronics and e-waste management.

Module-1 Functional Materials for Memory and Display Systems

Memory Devices: Introduction, organic semiconductors; types of organic semiconductors used in memory devices, p-type semiconductor-pentacene and n-type semiconductor-perfluoropentacene. Differences between organic and inorganic memory devices. Construction, working and advantages of pentacene semiconductor chip.

Resistive RAM (ReRAM) Materials: Introduction, synthesis of TiO_2-RAM nanomaterial by sol-gel method, properties and applications.

Display Systems: Introduction, liquid crystals (LCs)-classification, properties and its applications. Construction, working principle and applications of Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs), Organic Light Emitting Diodes (OLEDs), Active-Matrix Organic Light Emitting Diodes (AMOLEDs) and Quantum Light Emitting Diodes (QLEDs).

Number of Hours**: 08**

Module-2 Quantum Materials and Polymers

Quantum Dots: Introduction, size dependent properties-quantum confinement effect, surface-to-volume ratio & band gap. Synthesis of Cd-Se Quantum dots by wet chemical method and its applications. Construction, working principle and applications of quantum dot sensitized solar cells (QDSSCs).

Polymer: Introduction, number average and weight average molecular weight of the polymers and numerical problems. Structure-properties relationship of polymers (Crystallinity, Strength, Elasticity and chemical resistivity]. Synthesis and properties of nylon-6,6 and its advantages in 3D printing applications. Synthesis and properties of chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC), and polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA) and their uses in device applications.

Conducting polymers- Introduction, synthesis of polyaniline, conduction mechanism and its engineering applications.

Number of Hours**: 08**

Module-3 Sustainable Energy Systems

Energy Systems: Introduction, basic overview of Nerns't equation, construction and working of concentration cell and numerical problems. Batteries-classification of batteries, construction, working and applications of Li-Ion battery.

Next-Generation Energy Devices: Introduction, construction and working of sodium ion battery for EV applications. Construction and working of ultra-small asymmetric super capacitor and its applications in IoT/wearable devices.

Sustainable Energy Devices: Introduction, fuel cells, difference between fuel cell and battery. Construction, working principle, applications and limitations of solid-oxide fuel cell (SOFCs) and solar photovoltaic cell (PV cell). Production of green hydrogen by photocatalytic water splitting by TiO_2 catalyst and its advantages.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-4 Sensors and Corrosion Science

Sensors: Introduction, terminologies-Transducer, Actuators and Sensors. Conductometric sensor-principle, construction and its application in the estimation of acid mixture. Colorimetric sensor-principle, instrumentation and its application in the estimation of copper in PCB. Electrochemical gas sensors- principle, construction and its application in the detection of NOx and SOx in air sample. Biosensor-principle, construction and working for the detection of glucose in biofluids.

Corrosion: Introduction, electrochemical theory of corrosion, types of corrosion-differential metal and differential aeration corrosion-waterline and pitting corrosion. Corrosion control-galvanization and anodization. Vapour corrosion inhibitors for protecting computer circuit boards, corrosion penetration rate (CPR)-definition and numerical problems.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-5 Green Materials and E-Waste Management

Green Chemistry: Introduction, properties and applications of green solvents for server heat management. Synthesis and properties of glycerol trioleate ester and its uses in IT infrastructure applications. Green synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles and its uses in magnetic Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) and Internet of Nano Things (IONT) system applications.

Biomaterials: Introduction, synthesis and properties of polylactic Acid (PLA) and polyethylene glycol (PEG) and its uses in touch screen applications. Synthesis and properties of Alginate Hydrogel and its uses in Brain-Computer Interfaces (BCIs) applications.

E-waste: Introduction, sources, composition of e-waste, effects of e-waste on environment and human health, Artificial intelligence in e-waste management, extraction of gold from e-waste by bioleaching method.

Number of Hours: **08**

PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Estimation of total hardness of water by EDTA method.
2. Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD) of industrial effluent sample.
3. Estimation of iron in TMT bar by diphenyl amine indicator method.
4. Determination of total alkalinity of given water sample.
5. Determination of acid value of solder flux using KOH
6. Estimation of acid mixture using conductometric sensor (Conductometry).
7. Estimation of iron in rust sample using potentiometric sensor (Potentiometry).
8. Determination of pKa of cooling fluids using pH sensor (Glass electrode).
9. Estimation of copper present in e-waste using optical sensor (Colorimetry).
10. Determination of viscosity coefficient of liquid coolant sample.
11. Interpretation of pka values of a cooling fluid using origin software.

12. Chemical structure drawing using software: Chem Draw/ Chem Sketch.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Text books:

1. Engineering Chemistry, Suba Ramesh, Vairam, Ananda Murthy, 2011, Wiley India, ISBN: 9788126519880.
2. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, R.V. Gadag and Nityananda Shetty, I. K. International Publishing house. 2nd Edition, 2016.
3. Engineering Chemistry: Jain & Jain, Publisher: Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, ISBN: 978-935316118.

Reference Books / Manuals:

1. Semiconducting Materials and Devices-Deepak Verma, ISBN: 978 9394777712,
2. Organic Thin Film Transistor Applications: Materials to Circuits-Brajesh K. Kaushik et al. ISBN 10: 9781498736534
3. High Quality Liquid Crystal Displays and Smart Devices – Ishihara, Kobayashi & Ukai (2019, IET), ISBN: 9781785619397
4. Quantum Dots and Polymer Nanocomposites: Synthesis, Chemistry, and Applications-yotishkumar Parameswaranpillai, Poushali Das, Sayan Ganguly, Publisher: CRC Press, 2022, ISBN 13: 978 1032210148
5. Green Carbon Quantum Dots: Environmental Applications; Vijay Kumar, Pardeep Singh, Devendra Kumar Singh (India), Springer Nature Singapore, Oct 2024, ISBN 13: 978 9819762026.
6. Conducting Polymers, Fundamentals and Applications: Including Carbon Nanotubes and Graphene: Prasanna Chandrasekhar (IIT Delhi alumnus), Springer, 2019 (2nd ed.), ISBN 13: 978 3030098858.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1.https://youtu.be/1TGTVQbMlIc
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IzWONUYlQ5E&t=56s
3. https://youtu.be/3j0jLuOs0v4
4. https://youtu.be/CeZxn8CyM6Q
5. https://youtu.be/om0gppRTKoU
6. https://youtu.be/_ubwkG7uCFA
7. https://youtu.be/0Eokkhdppg E?si=L6Znx5yXYjI9EVlw
8. https://youtu.be/hT2yCPnNEoI
9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EE35ICGthR8
10. https://www.youtube.com/live/CMyIb58vd4Q
11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YsZcSnqV9lg
12. https://youtu.be/xrsK9FUdvRE?si=prlzf7fRocxxygJr
13. https://youtu.be/OEDapr-9lNE?si=CYdVhq3d5ffzdXUC
14. https://youtu.be/QNKPaZkWC9Q?si=PyI4sQUL75340I9i
15. https://youtu.be/0Citdpy92EE
16. https://youtu.be/zaNdJ9I21YA
17. https://youtu.be/YAW7nMf8j0A
18. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FXGNQqdRBzc
19. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KvmqgAYO0MI
20. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SvlrAFDHOLc
21. https://youtu.be/kUCVBhSka2Q

22. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ic5TEuKxj8M
23. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ATn92XwdgC4
24. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ldlniZfA2X4
25. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C0K1XRT1myg
26. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iVcSgej7-K8

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Self-Learning using AI Tools
2. Activity Based Learning
3. Models and Working Models
4. Simulations and Interactive Simulations
5. Experiential Learning
6. Flipped Class Learning
7. Hybrid Learning
8. ICT Based Learning

Assessment Structure (IPCC): (Circular**-**Ref.: VTU/BGM/IPCC 2025/3748, DATED: 24TH Oct 2025)

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE Theory component will be **25 marks** and CIE Practical component will be **25 marks**.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for **25 marks**. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for **15 marks** through rubrics and for lab Internal Assessment will be conducted for **10 marks** through rubrics.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 25 marks**, i.e., **10 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 40% of 25marks**, i.e., **10marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure **a minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

A student is deemed to have **completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6,	Demonstrates an in-depth understanding of corrosion mechanisms and	Shows clear understanding of corrosion processes and applies relevant	Provides a general understanding of corrosion mechanisms	Displays minimal understanding of corrosion and surface coatings; application is	Fails to demonstrate understanding of corrosion or surface coating

PO11)	expertly applies appropriate surface coating techniques for effective material protection.	surface coating methods with reasonable effectiveness for material protection.	and applies basic surface coating techniques with limited accuracy.	unclear or inappropriate for material protection.	techniques; no evidence of application in engineering systems.
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates a thorough analysis of sustainable chemistry principles and critically evaluates various green energy fuels with strong justification.	Clearly analyses key sustainable chemistry concepts and evaluates green energy fuels with appropriate relevance	Shows a basic understanding of sustainable chemistry and provides a general evaluation of green fuels, but lacks depth.	Demonstrates minimal understanding of sustainable chemistry; evaluation of green fuels is weak.	Fails to analyse sustainable chemistry principles or evaluate green energy fuels.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Thoroughly examines the synthesis methods and critically evaluates the applications of nanomaterials in advanced energy storage technologies.	Clearly examines common synthesis techniques and explains relevant applications of nanomaterials in energy storage technologies.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of nanomaterial synthesis and mentions general applications in energy storage.	Provides minimal explanation of synthesis, applications and shows limited understanding of nanomaterials in energy storage.	Fails to examine synthesis and application of nanomaterials.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Effectively applies appropriate functional materials in diverse engineering applications with clear justification.	Correctly applies functional materials in relevant engineering contexts and shows reasonable understanding of their impact.	Shows basic application of functional materials with limited understanding.	Applies functional materials inaccurately and limited connection to performance.	Fails to apply functional materials appropriately and no understanding of their use in engineering.

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates an in-depth understanding of corrosion mechanisms and expertly applies appropriate surface coating techniques for effective material protection.	Shows clear understanding of corrosion processes and applies relevant surface coating methods with reasonable effectiveness for material protection.	Provides a general understanding of corrosion mechanisms and applies basic surface coating techniques with limited accuracy.	Displays minimal understanding of corrosion and surface coatings; application is unclear or inappropriate for material protection.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of corrosion or surface coating techniques; no evidence of application in engineering systems.

Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates a thorough analysis of sustainable chemistry principles and critically evaluates various green energy fuels with strong justification.	Clearly analyses key sustainable chemistry concepts and evaluates green energy fuels with appropriate relevance	Shows a basic understanding of sustainable chemistry and provides a general evaluation of green fuels, but lacks depth.	Demonstrates minimal understanding of sustainable chemistry; evaluation of green fuels is weak.	Fails to analyse sustainable chemistry principles or evaluate green energy fuels.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Thoroughly examines the synthesis methods and critically evaluates the applications of nanomaterials in advanced energy storage technologies.	Clearly examines common synthesis techniques and explains relevant applications of nanomaterials in energy storage technologies.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of nanomaterial synthesis and mentions general applications in energy storage.	Provides minimal explanation of synthesis, applications and shows limited understanding of nanomaterials in energy storage.	Fails to examine synthesis and application of nanomaterials.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Effectively applies appropriate functional materials in diverse engineering applications with clear justification.	Correctly applies functional materials in relevant engineering contexts and shows reasonable understanding of their impact.	Shows basic application of functional materials with limited understanding.	Applies functional materials inaccurately and limited connection to performance.	Fails to apply functional materials appropriately and no understanding of their use in engineering.

Rubrics for SEE / CIE Test:

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	**Superior**	**Good**	**Fair**	**Needs Improvement**	**Unacceptable**
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates an in-depth understanding of corrosion mechanisms and expertly applies appropriate surface coating techniques for effective material protection.	Shows clear understanding of corrosion processes and applies relevant surface coating methods with reasonable effectiveness for material protection.	Provides a general understanding of corrosion mechanisms and applies basic surface coating techniques with limited accuracy.	Displays minimal understanding of corrosion and surface coatings; application is unclear or inappropriate for material protection.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of corrosion or surface coating techniques; no evidence of application in engineering systems.
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates a thorough analysis of sustainable chemistry principles and	Clearly analyses key sustainable chemistry concepts and evaluates green energy fuels	Shows a basic understanding of sustainable chemistry and provides a general	Demonstrates minimal understanding of sustainable chemistry; evaluation of	Fails to analyse sustainable chemistry principles or evaluate green energy fuels.

	critically evaluates various green energy fuels with strong justification.	with appropriate relevance	evaluation of green fuels, but lacks depth.	green fuels is weak.	
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Thoroughly examines the synthesis methods and critically evaluates the applications of nanomaterials in advanced energy storage technologies.	Clearly examines common synthesis techniques and explains relevant applications of nanomaterials in energy storage technologies.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of nanomaterial synthesis and mentions general applications in energy storage.	Provides minimal explanation of synthesis, applications and shows limited understanding of nanomaterials in energy storage.	Fails to examine synthesis and application of nanomaterials.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Effectively applies appropriate functional materials in diverse engineering applications with clear justification.	Correctly applies functional materials in relevant engineering contexts and shows reasonable understanding of their impact.	Shows basic application of functional materials with limited understanding.	Applies functional materials inaccurately and limited connection to performance.	Fails to apply functional materials appropriately and no understanding of their use in engineering.

Suggested rubrics for Practical continuous assessment:

Performance Indicators	**Excellent**	**Very Good**	**Good**	**Satisfactory**
Fundamental Knowledge (4) (PO1)	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the course (4)	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to course (3)	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge(2)	Student has not understood the concepts clearly (1)
Design Of Experiment (5) (PO2 and PO3)	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason (5)	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best (4)	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits (3)	Student is capable of explaining the design (1-2)
Implementation (8) (PO3 andPO8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm considering optimal solution. (7-8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm and should be capable of explaining it (5-6)	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation. (3-4)	Student is capable of implementing the design. (1-2)
Result andAnalysis (5) (PO4)	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis. (5)	Student will be able to run the program for all the cases. (4)	Student will be able to run the code for few cases and analyze the output (3)	Student will be able to run the program but not able to analyze the output (1-2)
Demonstration	The lab record is well-	The lab record is	The lab record lacks	The lab record is

(8) (PO9)	organized, with clear sections (e.g., Introduction, Method, Results, Conclusion). Transitions between sections are smooth. (7-8)	organized, with clear sections, but some sections are not well-defined. (5-6)	clear organization or structure. Some sections are unclear or incomplete. (3-4)	poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections. (1-2)

Note: Can add Engineering and IT tool usage based on the nature of the course

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Communication Skills		**Semester**	**I / II**
Course Code	**1BENG106/206**	**CIE Marks**	**50**
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	**1:0:0**	**SEE Marks**	**50**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**15 hours +15 hours**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**01**	**Exam Hours**	**01**
Examination type (CIE+SEE)			

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** Build essential verbal, non-verbal, and phonetic communication skills for clarity and effectiveness.
- **CO2:** Use interpersonal skills in group discussions, presentations, and professional interactions.
- **CO3:** Apply formal writing, email etiquette, and creative content development for employability.
- **CO4:** Communicate effectively in digital platforms, following netiquette and academic integrity.
- **CO5:** Prepare job applications, resumes, and perform confidently in interviews.

UNIT 1 COMMUNICATION SKILLS (3 Hours)

Glimpses of Essential English for Engineers (General Overview). Communication Skills: Process, Verbal and Non-Verbal, Proxemics, Chronemics and Barriers. **Writing**: Word Classification – Parts of Speech, Sentence structures. **Speaking & Listening:** Listening to English Pronunciation – English Phonemes – Intelligible Accent – Speech Organs- Syllable Structures, Intonation, and Practice.

Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	ALL 44 sounds of English in 75 minutes - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QxQUapA-2w4&t=51s. AI-based grammar and writing tools (e.g., Grammarly, ChatGPT, Quillbot) to analyze and classify parts of speech. AI-based pronunciation tools (Google Speech-to-Text) for real-time feedback
Reading Material for Dramatized Reading	**"The Chimney Sweeper" by William Blake** **"All the world is Stage"** by William Shakespeare Martin Luther King Jr's "I Have a Dream" Speech
Assessment Techniques and Tools	**Role Play**: Formal/informal scenarios, **Group Discussion (GD), Case Studies Analysis**: Identify barriers and suggest solutions, **Mini-Presentation**: Focused on proxemics.

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	Observation Rubric (for body language, tone, time cues), (Sample Rubric, please refer the annexure), Video Recording + Self-evaluation Sheet.

UNIT 2 INTERPERSONAL SKILLS (3 Hours)

Speaking: Role Play Exercises Based on Workplace Contexts, Introducing Oneself - PEP Talks- Personal Empowerment, Participating in Group Discussion and Debates, Giving Technical Presentation. **Reading:** Reading the Interview of an Achiever (Skimming and Scanning) (Case Studies). **Writing:** Writing a Short Biography of an Achiever Based on given reflections, **Grammar:** Sentence patterns. **Vocabulary** Development: Idioms and Phrases.

Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	Google Meet / Zoom + AI Transcription- Practice group discussions with live transcription. Grammarly - Highlights grammar issues with explanations. **Oxford Learner's Dictionaries** (https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/) - Includes etymology, pronunciation, synonyms/antonyms.
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Group discussion performance (listening, turn-taking, clarity) Technical presentations (confidence, structure, clarity) Role plays (relevance, tone, spontaneity) Case Studies Oral communication rubric (clarity, relevance, tone, confidence, non-verbal cues), **Activity**: Read a short **interview of an achiever** (e.g., A. P. J. Abdul Kalam, Sudha Murthy) **LMS (Learning Management Systems)**: Moodle or Google Classroom for submissions and reflections. **Video Submissions**: Students submit videos of role plays or presentations for asynchronous review.

UNIT 3 ENGLISH FOR EMPLOYABILTY (3 Hours)

Writing: Formal Letter writing (Enquiry, Order, and Complaint). Tenses – Reported Speech-Voice - Email Etiquettes, Structure, Writing and Responding to Emails. Paragraph Writing (Descriptive, Argumentative, Expository, Short Story, and Narrative), Blog Writing. **Reading**: Proof Reading (Spelling, Punctuation, Grammar). Error Identification Exercises. **Speaking:** Questions & Requests (non-Wh questions and Question tags).

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	Grammarly – Check grammar, tone, spelling Canva – Free templates to create posters, ads, infographics Adobe Express – Visual storytelling and ad design

Assessment Techniques and Tools	**Paragraph Writing -** Descriptive, Argumentative, Expository, Short Story, Narrative - Paragraph rubric (structure, logic, vocabulary, grammar) Writing - **Tool**: Digital submission + rubric for content originality, reader engagement, clarity. **Creating Advertisements** - tool: Creative rubric (message, design, language, call to action) **Speaking Skills -** Oral assessment rubric (intonation, clarity, accuracy) Email simulator (Google Forms/Canvas/Docs template)

UNIT 4 ENGLISH IN DIGITAL WORLD (3 Hours)

Writing: Framing of search terms / keywords in search engines/ Commands for search on open AIs - Tools to support synchronous communication such as webinar platforms, and asynchronous communication such as forums and social media - Online communication - Types – pros and cons of online communication. Acceptable online roles and behaviours – Netiquettes - Etiquettes of social media. Problems and opportunities in handling digital resources -Tools to check grammar. **Writing:** Citing information accurately from source material - Plagiarism – Infringement, Importance of academic integrity.

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	Google Meet - Integrated with Gmail, free for students Google Classroom - Forum, assignments, comments
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Write a short essay (150–200 words) on the **problems and opportunities.** Evaluation rubric (structure, coherence, grammar). Grammar assessment rubric (before vs after comparison, understanding of corrections).

UNIT 5 APPLYING FOR JOBS (3 Hours)

Listening: TED Talks. **Speaking:** Mock Interview, Telephone Interviews. **Reading:** Reading a Job Interview- language used in formal professional settings, formal vs. informal tone, non-verbal communication cues, Statement of Purpose, Company Profile and Completing Comprehension Exercises **Writing:** Job Applications and Resumes **Grammar:** Conditional Clauses, Modal verbs **Vocabulary Development:** Technical Vocabulary, Purpose Statement.

Pedagogy Language Lab	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Listening to professional talks, analyzing tone and structure - https://www.ted.com/talks

	Non-verbal cues in professional reading - https://www.youtube.com/c/Mindsight Grammar AI practice - https://quillbot.com/grammar-check TED Talk worksheet - Listening rubric (comprehension, inference, note-taking), Reading comprehension tests, Resume & Application rubric (content, layout, tone, language), Grammar MCQs / Editing worksheet, Scenario-based MCQs or roleplay, Vocabulary worksheet

Extra Reading

The following reading works to be part of the Formative Assessments

1. Kumar, A. R. (2008). *English for engineers and technologists*. Orient BlackSwan.
2. Raman, M., & Sharma, S. (2015). *Technical communication: Principles and practice* (3rd ed.). Oxford University Press.
3. Lakshminarayanan, K. R. (2006). *English for technical communication*. Scitech Publications.
4. Mohan, K., & Banerji, M. (2000). *Developing communication skills*. Macmillan India.
5. Floyd, K., & Cardon, P. W. (2019). *Business and professional communication* (3rd ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
6. Yadav, D. P. (2022). *A course in English pronunciation*. Notion Publications.

Learning Resources:

- Oxford Advance Learners Dictionary
- Cambridge English Skills Real Listening and Speaking by Miles Craven
- Communicative English for Professionals by Nitin Bhatnagar and Mamta Bhatnagar

Other Digital Resources

- Google Docs + Voice Typing - https://docs.google.com
- LearnEnglish – https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/
- TakeIELTS - https://www.britishcouncil.in/exam/ielts
- British Council Apps - **bbcLearnEnglishonline Grammar**
  LearnEnglish Podcasts
  IELTS Word Power
  Bbclearningenglishgrammer online
  Sounds Right (Phonemic Chart)

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CURRICULUM DESIGN

Pronunciation Phonology in the upper secondary English curriculum includes: diphthongs, consonants, consonant clusters, word stress, strong and weak forms of pronunciation, ellipsis, assimilation, linking, sentence stress, rhythm and intonation.

Vocabulary. Ther target vocabulary of around 600-800 vocabulary items at level 3. Upon completion of the unit, students must know around 2,500 vocabulary items.

Grammar Communicative competences at level 3 including relative clauses, conditional sentences (type 1 and 2), compound and complex sentences, simple present, present continuous, present perfect, past simple, past continuous, past perfect, future simple, future continuous, near future, conjunctions, modal verbs, phrasal verbs, passive voice, etc.

SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Themes	Topics	Communicative Competences	Linguistic Knowledge
Our Academic Journey Our Technical Society Our Built and Natural Environment Our Future Innovations	Transition from school to engineering college Choosing an engineering discipline Student life and academic challenges Role of engineers in society Ethics in engineering Impact of technology on social structures Interdisciplinary collaboration Artificial intelligence and automation Emerging technologies in engineering Lifelong learning and professional development Entrepreneurship and start-ups in engineering The future of work in the tech-driven world	**Listening** Understand and identify the main points of dialogues, monologues of 330-350 words on familiar topics regularly encountered in life, work, school, etc., within the scope of the curriculum. Follow simple instructions such as recipes, how to use common utensils, etc. Listen and guess meanings (through the expressions and feelings of the speakers) in familiar monologues and conversations in everyday life Understand the main points of news programs, broadcasts, interviews, etc., on familiar topics which are clearly delivered in simple language, and with illustrative images.	**Pronunciation** Diphthongs Words with stress (specials cases) – Words without stress Sentence stress, assimilation, linking vowels with vowels Question intonation (consolidation and extension) Homophones **Vocabulary** Words related to themes and topics of higher proficiency. **Grammar** Present perfect (consolidation and extension) Past simple and past continuous Types on sentences: simple, compound and complex

Speaking

- Pronounce clearly and relatively accurately
- Words with or without stress, sentence stress, assimilation, and liaison.
- Speak and interact with fellow speakers about familiar topics, express personal views and exchange information about the topics covered in the curriculum.

Reading

- Read and comprehend the main points, specific contents of a text of 380-400 words on current and familiar topics.
- Read and understand the argument flow of texts, identify main conclusions in texts using clear language.
- Read to find and summarize short texts of everyday use such as simple letters, brochures, using words and structures from the original texts.

Writing

- Write simple connected and coherent texts of 280-300 words; write short reports based on suggestions, providing factual information and reasons for the recommendations made in the reports; collect short information from several sources and summarize it.
- Complete (write/fill) administrative forms such as resumes, letter of application for employment, etc.
- Write composition texts

Upon successful completion of the upper secondary English curriculum, students will be able to:

- Use English as a communication tool through the four skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing to meet basic and practical communication needs on familiar topics related to college, recreational activities, career, etc.
- Continue to formulate and develop basic knowledge of English, including pronunciation, vocabulary and grammar; and through English, have more extensive understanding of the landscape, people and culture of English-speaking countries and other countries in the world.
- Use English to improve the quality of learning other subjects in the general education curriculum.
- Use English for further education or immediate employment upon completion level 6.
- Use a variety of learning strategies to manage learning time, apply information technology in learning and self-learning, consolidate self-learning and self-assessment

methodology and take responsibility for learning outcomes, and form lifelong learning habits.

Mapping Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes*											
	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**	**PO11**	**PO12**
1									1	3		2
2										3		2
3										3		2
4									1	3		2
5									1	3		2

Course Assessment and Evaluation:

		What	**To Whom**	**When/ Where (Frequency in the course)**	**Max Marks**	**Evidence Collected**	**Contributing to Course Outcomes**
Direct Assessment **Indirect assessment Methods**	**C I E**	Internal assessment tests	Students	Two Tests (Average of the two will be computed)	30	Blue books/Answer Scripts	1 to 5
		Creative writing	Students	Assignment-1 (10) Assignment-2 (10)	20	Quiz Projects Presentations Assignment Questions and Answers	1 to 5
			Students	-----	-----	-----	------
				------	------	----	----
	S E E		Students	End of course (Answering 50 MCQ questions)	50	Answer scripts Feedback Forms	1 to 5
		End of course Survey		End of course	-	Questionnaire	-

Questions for CIE and SEE will be designed to evaluate the various educational components (Bloom's taxonomy) such as:

CIE Evaluation:

SL. No	Bloom's Category	Test 1	Test 2
1	Remember	34%	34%
2	Understand	55%	20%
3	Apply	00%	23%
4	Analyse	11%	00%
5	Evaluate	00%	00%
6	Create	00%	23%

SEE Evaluation:

SL. No	Bloom's Category	SEE	
1	Remember	25%	25%
2	Understand	25%	25%

Course Assessment Methods:

- Continuous Assessment of Skills: Assignments/Quiz/Presentations/Projects
- Written Tests
- End Semester Examination

Sample Rubric for Presentation

Criteria	Excellent (2)	Good (1)	Needs Work (0)
Self-awareness	✓	✓	✓
Goal clarity	✓	✓	✓
Communication & delivery	✓	✓	✓
Insight into opportunities	✓	✓	✓
Realistic challenges	✓	✓	✓

Rubrics

Grammar & Writing Rubric (for Essays/Reports/Emails)

Criteria	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Satisfactory (3)	Needs Improvement (1-2)
Clarity and Structure	Well-organized, coherent, clear transitions	Organized with minor lapses in clarity	Understandable but lacks coherence	Difficult to follow, lacks structure
Language Use	Professional, precise, varied vocabulary	Clear, mostly appropriate language	Some awkward phrasing or repetitive vocabulary	Frequent errors, unclear language
Grammar and Punctuation	Virtually no errors	Few minor errors	Several errors affecting readability	Multiple errors impacting readability
Relevance & Depth	Thorough, detailed analysis	Solid analysis with minor gaps	Basic analysis, lacks depth	

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Model Question Paper

Course & Branch	**BE**	**Semester:**	I
Subject	**Communication Skills**	**Max. Marks:**	**50**
Subject Code	**1BENG106**	**Duration:**	1 Hours

Instructions to Candidates

1. **This question paper consists of Multiple-Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying a total of 50 marks.**
2. **All questions are compulsory.**
3. **Each question carries 1 mark.** The question paper contains **50 MCQs × 1 mark = 50 marks.**
4. **Read each question carefully** before selecting the most appropriate answer.
5. **Each question has four alternatives (A, B, C, and D).** Only **one option is correct**.
6. **Choose the correct answer and mark it clearly**:
   - In OMR-based exams: darken the appropriate bubble completely.
   - In written exams: write only the option letter (A/B/C/D) or the full answer as instructed.
7. **No marks will be awarded for partially correct answers.**
8. **There is no negative marking** for incorrect answers.

Multiple Choice Questions		CO's	LO	Marks	Duration
Q No.	**Choose the correct option for the following.**	**1-5**	**Lo1**	**50X1=50**	**1 Hour**
Unit 1					
1	**An engineer explaining a project to a client adjusts language and tone based on the listener. This reflects which element of communication?** a) Noise b) Context c) Feedback d) Encoding				
2	Folding arms, avoiding eye contact, and leaning back during a meeting mainly relate to: a) Verbal communication b) Written communication c) Non-verbal communication d) Formal communication				
3	**Standing too close to a colleague during a discussion may create discomfort due to poor use of:** a) Chronemics b) Proxemics c) Kinesics d) Paralanguage				
4	**Arriving late to a professional meeting shows lack of awareness of:** a) Proxemics b) Chronemics c) Phonemics d) Semantics				

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5	**A message becomes unclear due to poor pronunciation and background noise. This is an example of:** a) Feedback b) Channel c) Barrier to communication d) Encoding
6	**Choosing the correct form of a word such as *noun* or *verb* while writing a report relates to:** a) Sentence stress b) Parts of speech c) Intonation d) Voice
7	**"The report was submitted on time" is an example of:** a) Simple sentence b) Active voice c) Passive voice d) Compound sentence
8	**Misunderstanding between *record* (noun) and *record* (verb) mainly occurs due to change in:** a) Intonation b) Stress c) Syllable structure d) Tone
9	**Stress placed incorrectly on technical words may affect**: a) Grammar accuracy b) Speech intelligibility c) Writing style d) Vocabulary range
10	**Rising and falling voice patterns while speaking mainly refer to:** a) Accent b) Intonation c) Rhythm d) Pitch
	Unit 2
11	**Introducing yourself confidently during campus recruitment reflects skill in:** a) Reading b) Writing c) Speaking d) Proofreading
12	**A role-play where an employee handles a dissatisfied client mainly develops**: a) Memorization b) Interpersonal communication c) Grammar accuracy d) Vocabulary recall
13	**Participating in a group discussion requires mainly:** a) Speaking continuously b) Listening and responding logically c) Dominating others d) Memorizing facts
14	**While delivering a PEP Talk, the speaker focuses on motivation and confidence. This supports:** a) Personal empowerment b) Technical accuracy c) Grammar correction d) Pronunciation drills
15	**Skimming an interview article helps a reader to:** a) Understand every detail b) Identify main ideas quickly c) Analyze grammar d) Learn vocabulary
16	**Scanning a case study is useful mainly to:** a) Read emotionally b) Locate specific information c) Enjoy narration d) Improve pronunciation
17	**Writing a short biography of an achiever mainly develops**: a) Creative writing b) Reflective and structured writing c) Technical documentation d) Email drafting
18	**"He has completed the project successfully" represents which sentence pattern?** a) S + V b) S + V + O c) S + V + O + C d) S + V + Adj

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19	**Understanding idioms like *"break the ice"* helps in:** a) Literal translation b) Vocabulary development c) Grammar correction d) Pronunciation practice
20	**Using appropriate idioms during presentations improves:** a) Accent b) Fluency and natural expression c) Speed of speech d) Formal tone
	Unit 3
21	**Writing a formal enquiry letter requires primarily:** a) Informal tone b) Polite and structured language c) Emotional expressions d) Slang
22	**Reporting someone's words indirectly involves:** a) Active voice b) Passive voice c) Reported speech d) Conditional clauses
23	**The issue has been resolved by the team" is an example of:** a) Active voice b) Passive voice c) Simple present d) Future tense
24	**Writing a professional email requires clarity in:** a) Font size only b) Subject, tone, and structure c) Length only d) Emotional language
25	**Replying late to professional emails mainly affects:** a) Grammar b) Digital etiquette c) Vocabulary d) Accent
26	**Writing a paragraph that argues for renewable energy is an example of:** a) Narrative writing b) Descriptive writing c) Argumentative writing d) Story writing
27	**Blog writing mainly encourages:** a) Rigid structure b) Personal voice with clarity c) Formal reporting d) Technical documentation
28	**Proofreading helps to identify errors in:** a) Content only b) Spelling, punctuation, and grammar c) Tone only d) Formatting only
29	**Identifying incorrect verb tense in a sentence relates to:** a) Editing b) Error identification c) Summarising d) Skimming
30	**Using question tags like *"isn't it?"* helps in:** a) Giving commands b) Confirming information politely c) Avoiding interaction d) Giving instructions
	Unit 4
31	**Framing effective search keywords improves**: a) Typing speed b) Accuracy of search results c) Grammar skills d) Pronunciation
32	**Using quotation marks in online search mainly helps to:** a) Increase speed b) Narrow search results c) Add emotion d) Avoid plagiarism
33	**Webinars mainly support which type of communication?** a) Asynchronous b) Synchronous c) Written d) One-way

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34	**Discussion forums are examples of**: a) Synchronous communication b) Asynchronous communication c) Face-to-face communication d) Formal interviews
35	**Posting respectful comments online reflects:** a) Digital literacy b) Netiquette c) Coding skills d) Technical writing
36	**Excessive informal language on professional platforms may affect:** a) Speed b) Online reputation c) Grammar accuracy d) File size
37	**Tools like Grammarly primarily help in**: a) Content creation b) Grammar and clarity checking c) Voice modulation d) Plagiarism creation
38	**Using others' ideas without citation is called:** a) Referencing b) Paraphrasing c) Plagiarism d) Quoting
39	**Academic integrity mainly promotes**: a) Speed of writing b) Ethical use of information c) Creative freedom d) Informal tone
40	**Proper citation helps to:** a) Increase word count b) Avoid infringement c) Improve pronunciation d) Add complexity
	Unit 5
41	**Listening to TED Talks mainly improves:** a) Grammar accuracy b) Listening comprehension and ideas c) Writing speed d) Vocabulary memorization
42	**Maintaining eye contact during interviews reflects:** a) Nervousness b) Non-verbal confidence c) Aggression d) Informality
43	**Telephone interviews mainly assess:** a) Body language b) Pronunciation and clarity c) Writing skills d) Dressing style
44	**Formal professional language is best used when:** a) Talking with friends b) Writing job applications c) Posting on social media d) Casual texting
45	**A Statement of Purpose mainly highlights:** a) Personal background only b) Career goals and motivation c) Technical errors d) Informal achievements
46	**Reading a company profile before interviews help to:** a) Increase confidence b) Answer questions relevantly c) Improve accent d) Memorize facts
47	**A well-structured resume mainly improves:** a) Pronunciation b) First impression c) Writing speed d) Grammar rules
48	**Conditional clauses are commonly used when discussing:** a) Past facts b) Possibilities and outcomes c) Commands d) Descriptions

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49	**Modal verbs like *should* and *must* express:** a) Time b) Obligation and advice c) Condition d) Voice
50	**Using appropriate technical vocabulary in interviews reflects:** a) Memorization b) Professional competence c) Informality d) Emotional appeal

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BUILDING SCIENCE AND MECHANICS		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BESC104A/204A**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Explain the fundamental concepts of building science, disciplines of civil engineering, construction materials, and structural elements of buildings.
CO2: Evaluate the sustainability aspects of the built environment through appropriate selection of green materials and interpretation of rating systems.
CO3: Apply the principles of force systems and equilibrium to determine support reactions.
CO4: Locate the centroid of simple and composite plane areas using first principles.

Module-1

Introduction to building science:

Importance and Scope of various fields of Civil Engineering: Surveying, Structural Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering, Water Resources Engineering, Transportation Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Construction Planning and Project Management.

Basic Materials of Construction: Types and Uses of Bricks, Stones, Cement, Structural Steel, Wood and Concrete.

Structural Elements of a Building: Concept of Foundation, Plinth, Lintel, Chejja, Masonry wall, Column, Beam, Slab, Flooring and Staircase.

Number of Hours:08

Module-2

Sustainable Built Environment:

Emerging materials: Types and Uses of Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) blocks, Bamboo, Recycled plastics, Material selection criteria, Durability, Sustainability, Smart City concept.

Green Building : Green building materials and rating systems IGBC, LEED, GRIHA (Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment) for new buildings – Purpose - Key highlights - Point System with Differential weightage.

Number of Hours:08

Module-3

Force Systems: Concept of idealization, System of forces, Principles of transmissibility of a force, Resolution and composition of forces, Law of Parallelogram of forces, Concurrent and non-concurrent coplanar force systems, Moment of forces, Couple, Varignon's theorem: Numerical examples.

Number of Hours:08

Module-4

Equilibrium and Support Reactions

Free body diagram, equations of equilibrium, Lami's Theorem, Equilibrium of Coplanar Concurrent and Non -concurrent force systems: Numerical examples.

Types of loadings, beams and supports, Concept of Statically determinate and indeterminate structures (Definitions with examples only), Support reactions: Numerical examples on Statically determinate beams.

Number of Hours:08

Module-5 (08 Hours)

Centroid of Plane areas: Introduction, Locating the centroid of rectangle, triangle, circle, semicircle and quadrant of a circle using method of integration, centroid of composite areas and simple built up sections: Numerical examples.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals)

Text books:

1. Rangwala, Building Construction,33rd Edition, 2016, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., **ISBN-10 :** 9385039040, **ISBN-13 :** 978-9385039041
2. Bansal R. K., Rakesh Ranjan Beohar and Ahmad Ali Khan, Basic Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics, 3rd Edition, 2015, Laxmi Publications, ISBN: 9789380856674.
3. Kolhapure B K, Elements of Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics, 11th Edition, 2018, Eastern Book Promoters Belgaum [EBPB], ISBN: 5551234003896

Reference Books:

1. Beer F.P. and Johnston E. R., Mechanics for Engineers: Statics and Dynamics, 4th Edition, 1987, McGraw Hill, ISBN: **9780070045842**
2. Meriam J. L. and Kraige L. G, Engineering Mechanics-Statics, Vol I–6th Edition,2008, Wiley publication.
3. Irving H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics-Statics and Dynamics, 4th Edition, 2002, Prentice-Hall of India(PHI).
4. Hibbler R. C., Engineering Mechanics: Principles of Statics and Dynamics, 2017, Pearson Press, New Delhi.
5. Timoshenko S, Young D. H., Rao J. V., Sukumar Patil, Engineering Mechanics, 5th Edition, 2017,McGraw Hill Publisher, ISBN: **9781259062667**
6. Bhavikatti S S, Engineering Mechanics, 4th Edition, 2018, New Age International Publications.
7. Reddy Vijaykumar K and Suresh Kumar K, Engineering Mechanics, 3rd Edition 2013, BS Publications.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nGfVTNfNwnk&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nkg7VNW9UCc&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT&index=2
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ljDIIMvxeg&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT&index=5
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3YBXteL-qY4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z95UW4wwzSc&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT&index=10
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ksmsp9OzAsI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x1ef048b3CE
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l_Nck-X49qc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R8wKV0UQtlo
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0RZHHgL8m_A
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bls5KnQOWkY

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zrc_gB1YYS0
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hn_iozUo9m4

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods)

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Flipped class
2. Chalk and talk
3. NPTEL and other videos for theory topics
4. Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
5. ICT-Enabled Teaching
6. Individual teachers can device innovative pedagogy to improve teaching-learning

Assessment Structure: (Both CIE and SEE)

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE):

CCE will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- __)

Learning Activity -2 (optional):: (Marks- __

Rubrics for Learning Activity(Based on the nature of the learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity) :

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator-1(CO/PO Mapping)					
Performance Indicator-1(CO/PO Mapping)					
…					
Performance Indicator-n(CO/PO Mapping)					

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggest Innovative Deliver Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

Indian Constitution and Engineering Ethics

Course Code	**1BICO107/207**	**CIE Marks**	**100**
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	**1:0:0**	**SEE Marks**	**---**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**01Hours/Week**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**00**	**Exam Hours**	**-**

Course objectives: This course will enable the students

1. To know about the basic structure of the Indian Constitution.
2. To know the Fundamental Rights (FRs), DPSP's, and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution.
3. To know about our Union Government, political structure & codes, and procedures.
4. To know the State Executive & Elections system of India.
5. To learn the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution.

Teaching-Learning Process

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching –Learning more effective: Teachers shall adopt suitable pedagogy for effective teaching - learning process. The pedagogy shall involve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern technological tools.

(i) Direct instructional method (Low/Old Technology), (ii) Flipped classrooms (High/advanced Technological tools), (iii) Blended learning (Combination of both), (iv) Enquiry and evaluation based learning, (v) Personalized learning, (vi) Problems based learning through discussion.

Apart from conventional lecture methods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adapted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students In theoretical applied and practical skills.

Module - 1

Introduction to Indian Constitution: The Necessity of the Constitution, The Societies before and after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution, The Making of the Constitution, The Role of the Constituent Assembly. The Preamble of Indian Constitution & Key concepts of the Preamble. Salient features of India Constitution.

Module - 2

FR's, FD's and DPSP's: Fundamental Rights and its Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP) and its present relevance in our society with examples. Fundamental Duties and its Scope and significance in Nation building.

Module - 3

Union Executive : Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime Minister, Union Cabinet, Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important Parliamentary Terminologies. Supreme Court of India, Judicial Reviews and Judicial Activism.

Module - 4

State Executive & Elections, Amendments and Emergency Provisions: State Executive, Election Commission, Elections & Electoral Process. Amendment to Constitution (How and Why) and Important Constitutional Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.

Module-5

Professional Ethics: Ethics & Values. Types of Ethics. Scope & Aims of Professional & Engineering Ethics. Positive and Negative Faces of Engineering Ethics. Clash of Ethics, Conflicts of Interest. The impediments to Responsibility. Trust & Reliability in Engineering, IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights), Risks, Safety and liability in Engineering.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set) :

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

CO1	Analyse the basic structure of Indian Constitution.
CO2	Remember their Fundamental Rights, DPSP's and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution.
CO3	know about our Union Government, political structure & codes, procedures.
CO4	Understand our State Executive & Elections system of India.
CO5	Remember the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution.

Assessment Structure:
The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

1. To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
2. To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

3. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- ___)

Learning Activity -2 (optional): (Marks- ___)

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

1. **"Constitution of India" (for Competitive Exams)** - Published by Naidhruva Edutech Learning Solutions, Bengaluru. – 2022.
2. "**Engineering Ethics**", M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan, V.S.Senthilkumar, Prentice –Hall, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. **"Samvidhana Odu" - for Students & Youths by Justice HN Nagamohan Dhas, Sahayana, kerekon.**
2. **"Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights"** by Shubham Singles, Charles E. Haries, and et al: published by Cengage Learning India, Latest Edition – 2019.
3. "**Introduction to the Constitution of India**", (Students Edition.) by Durga Das Basu (**DD Basu**): Prentice –Hall, 2008.
4. **"The Constitution of India"** by Merunandan K B: published by Merugu Publication, Second Edition, Bengaluru.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO/PO Mapping)					
Performance Indicator-2 (CO/PO Mapping)					
...					
Performance Indicator-n (CO/PO Mapping)					

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

"Jnana Sangama" Macche Belagavi - 590018

Innovation & Design Thinking Lab		Semester	1
Course Code:	**1BIDTL158**	**CIE Marks**	**50**
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	**0:0:2**	**SEE Marks**	**50**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**2**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**1**	**Exam Hours**	
Examination type (SEE)	**Practical/Presentation/Seminar**		

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set) -

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Empathize with community problems and define meaningful challenges.
2. Apply design thinking principles and multidisciplinary skills to develop user-centric solutions.
3. Build and test basic prototypes using tools available in the Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Makers Space.
4. Pitch socially relevant ideas with scalable models.
5. Collaborate effectively in diverse teams.

Week 1, 2 & 3: Orientation and Team Formation

Week -1&2: Introduction to Social Entrepreneurship**,** Innovation and Design Thinking

Group discussion on What is **Innovation** vs **Invention**. Why **Design Thinking** is important. Brief about **5 stages**: Empathize – Define – Ideate – Prototype – Test.

Week -3: Innovation warm-up activities, forming interdisciplinary teams, Instructions about Next week activities

Week 4–5: Empathy and Field Exploration

Week-4&5: Field (any public places of student's interest Eg- Village, Government Office, Industry. R&D institute, NGO etc) visits, stakeholder interviews and interaction. Recording all interaction through handwritten in activity book prescribed by the University.

Week 6, 7 and 8: Problem Definition

Week-6: Documentation, categorization and Group discussion on interactions and problems/challenges.

Week-7&8: Problem framing using "How Might We" approach, Identification of social problems and user insights through affinity Clustering and Problem Tree. Mention of clearly defined challenge statements.

Week 9, 10 &11: Ideation Sprint

Week-9&10: Presentation by teams on Defined Problems, Brainstorming interactions and Mind Mapping.

Week-10: Idea Filtering - Shortlist of creative, eco -friendly and feasible ideas. Selection of one Suitable IDEA for next process, Designing/Structuring of Prototype model.

Week 12, 13 &14: Rapid Prototyping using Atal Idea Lab/Makers Space
Week-12&13: Building low-fidelity and working models using tools like Arduino, 3D printers,: Digital fabrication, electronics kits and recycled materials **Week-14:** User testing, Feedback collection, Iteration - Observation Notes, Feedback Forms (Designing a business model for impact and scalability, if possible) Preparation of Draft of social venture plan
Week 15 &16: Final Demo and Social Pitch
Innovation showcase, Poster display, Project pitching to jury ***Presentation of the project with impact with assessment, prototype, and sustainability plan***
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods) **1.Activity Based Learning** **2.Group discussion, Presentations.** **3. one faculty member shall be assigned to group of 60 students or one division.** **4. Each group shall contain Min. 4 and Max. 6 students.** **5. Nature of the group shall be multidisciplinary. (Group shall be formed by selecting students from all branches)**
Assessment Structure: The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage. • To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**. • To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) –

CIE Marks allocation Parameters for Social Entrepreneurship, Innovation & Design Thinking using Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Maker Space

CIE Parameters (50 Marks)

Sl. No.	CIE Component/Week	Marks	Description
1	Orientation Activities & Communication Skills	5	Participation in Week 1–3 orientation, communication and teamwork skill-building exercises.
2	Empathy & Field Exploration Documentation	10	Quality and completeness of field visit reflections, stakeholder interviews, and activity book.
3	Problem Definition and Framing	10	Clarity of challenge statements, use of "How Might We", Affinity Mapping, Problem Trees.
4	Ideation & Mind Mapping	10	Participation in brainstorming, mind mapping, idea filtering sessions.
5	Prototype Development & Iteration	10	Quality and creativity of prototype/model, user testing, feedback collection, iterations.
6	Teamwork, Journal, and Engagement	5	Peer and mentor evaluation of participation, teamwork, journal updates.
7	Total CIE marks	50	Final CIE marks to be considered

***Minimum to Qualify for SEE: 20 out of 50 in CIE**

Semester End Examination (SEE) –

SEE to be conducted in batches where the students will exhibit their projects along with the presentation and Viva -voce. – 100 Marks

"SEE shall be conducted by one Internal and one External Examiner"

Sl. No.	Evaluation Parameter	Marks	Details
1	Prototype / Solution Demonstration	30	Working functionality, creativity, use of lab tools, relevance to the problem.
2	Final Presentation / Social Pitch	20	Clarity, storytelling, problem-solution fit, communication, visual aids.
3	Business Model or Sustainability Plan	10	Feasibility, cost-effectiveness, scalability, and alignment with SDGs.
4	Viva Voce	20	Individual understanding, contribution, tools used, learning outcomes.
5	Documentation Report / Portfolio	20	Project report, reflection, team activity log, stakeholder input summaries.

Submission Requirements:

- Handwritten activity book with CIE marks and Final project report (Typed or Handwritten).
- Final presentation ppt/pdf (hard and soft copy).
- Prototype or working model [physical or conceptual (shall be drawn/sketched clearly on card sheet paper)].
- Peer/team feedback and reflection entries (if applicable).

CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA		Semester	1
Course Code	**1BMATS101**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hours Theory + 20Hours Tutorial	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3 hrs
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course Outcomes

CO1: Apply the concepts of multivariable calculus and vector calculus to compute derivatives, optimize functions, and analyze vector fields for applications in computer science engineering.

CO2: Solve system of linear equations and determine eigenvalues and eigenvectors using direct and iterative methods.

CO3: Apply the concepts of vector spaces and linear transformations to problems in computer science engineering.

CO4: Demonstrate the applications of computer science and allied engineering Science using modern ICT tools.

Module-1: Calculus (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Partial differentiation, total derivative, differentiation of composite functions, Jacobian, Statement of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion for two variables. Maxima and minima for the function of two variables.

Textbook-1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.1- 5.11

Module-2: Vector Calculus (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Scalar and vector fields, Gradient, directional derivatives, divergence and curl - physical interpretation, solenoidal vector fields, irrotational vector fields and scalar potential.

Introduction to polar coordinates and polar curves.

Curvilinear coordinates: Scale factors, base vectors, Cylindrical polar coordinates, Spherical polar coordinates, transformation between cartesian and curvilinear systems, orthogonality.

Module-3: System of Linear Equations, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Elementary row transformation of a matrix, Echelon form, rank of a matrix. Consistency and solution of system of linear equations: Gauss elimination method, Gauss Jordan method. Applications: Traffic flow.

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, diagonalization of the matrix, modal matrix.

Textbook-1: Chapter 2: Sections 2.7-2.16, Chapter 28: Sections 28.6 and 28.7

Textbook-2: Chapter-7

Module-4: Vector Space (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Vector spaces: definition and examples, subspace: definition and examples. Linear Combinations, linear span, linearly independent and dependent sets, basis and dimension, row space and column space of a matrix, Coordinates vector, inner products and orthogonality.

Textbook-3: Chapter 4: Sections 4.1 to 4.9 and 4.11

Module-5: Linear Transformation (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Definition and examples, algebra of linear transformations, matrix of a linear transformation. Singular, non-singular linear transformations and invertible linear transformations. Rank and nullity of linear transformations, Rank-Nullity theorem.

Textbook-3: Chapter 5: Sections 5.3- 5.7 Chapter 6: Sections-6.1-6.2

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/Reference Book):

Textbooks:

1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Ed., 2021.
2. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley&Sons,10th Ed.,2018.
3. Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lipson, Linear Algebra, Schaum's outlines series, 4th Ed., 2008.

Reference books:

1. B.V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed., 2017
2. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Cengage Publications, 4th Ed., 2022.
3. N. P Bali and Manish Goyal, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 10th Ed., 2022.
4. James Stewart, Calculus, Cengage Publications, 7thEd., 2019.
5. David Poole, Linear Algebra, a modern introduction, Cengage publishers, 4th Ed., 2014.
6. David C Lay, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Pearson Publishers, 4th Ed., 2018.
7. Gareth Williams, Linear Algebra with applications, Jones Bartlett Publishers Inc., 6th Ed., 2017.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106135
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111105160
- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/
- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-02sc-multivariable-calculus-fall-2010/

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied mathematical skills.

2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
6. Show short-related video lectures in the following ways:
   - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
   - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
   - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
   - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
   - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

The CIE Theory component consists of average of TWO IA tests for 25 marks and Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA) for 25 marks.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted with a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity-1: Tutorial: Practicing problems (Two objective type assessments for 7.5 marks each (Total 15 marks).

Learning Activity-2: Choose either lab activity or seminar for 10 marks

- **Lab activity:** Execute the following lab exercises with the aid of any modern technological tool (Matlab/ Mathematica/ Scilab/ Python/ Maxima, etc).
- **Seminars:** The students has to present applications of mathematics related to syllabus as a group maximum of four members.

List of Lab Activities:

1) Finding partial derivatives and Jacobian,
2) Expansion of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series,
3) Finding Gradient, divergence and curl,
4) Finding rank, reduced echelon form, solving system of linear equations using Gauss elimination method,
5) Solving system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidel method,
6) Determine Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors,
7) Linearly Independence and Dependence sets,
8) Basis and dimension,
9) Linear transformation-range space and null space,
10) Verification of the rank nullity theorem.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

ACTIVITY-1	**Superior (13-15)**	**Good (10-12)**	**Fair (7-9)**	**Needs Improvement (4-6)**	**Unacceptable (0-3)**
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO-1/PO -1, PO-12 Mapping)	**Demonstrates complete understanding of the topic**	**Shows good understanding with minor errors**	**some key points are missing**	**Shows little understanding**	**Very poor performance**
Performance Indicator-2 (CO-2, CO-3 /PO-1, PO-12, Mapping)	**creatively to solve problems**	**Participates regularly but may need occasional prompting**	**Demonstrates partial understanding**	**major misconceptions present**	**Inadequate performance**
ACTIVITY-2	**9-10**	**7-8**	**5-6**	**3-4**	**1-2**
Performance Indicator-3 (CO-3/PO-5, PO-12, Mapping)	**perform tasks independently**	**Applies knowledge correctly**	**limited creativity.**	**Unable to apply knowledge appropriately.**	**Identical performance**

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation

- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

PYTHON PROGRAMMING		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BPLC105B/205B**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	40 + 24 (Practical)	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Develop scripts using primitive language constructs of python.
CO2: Identify the methods to manipulate primitive python data structures.
CO3: Make use of Python standard libraries for programming.
CO4: Build scripts for performing file operations.
CO5: Illustrate the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.

Module-1

The way of the program: The Python programming language, what is a program? What is debugging? Syntax errors, Runtime errors, Semantic errors, Experimental debugging.

Variables, Expressions and Statements: Values and data types, Variables, Variable names and keywords, Statements, Evaluating expressions, Operators and operands, Type converter functions, Order of operations, Operations on strings, Input, Composition, The modulus operator.

Iteration: Assignment, Updating variables, the for loop, the while statement, The Collatz 3n + 1 sequence, tables, two-dimensional tables, break statement, continue statement, paired data, Nested Loops for Nested Data.

Functions: Functions with arguments and return values.

Chapters: 1.1-1.7, 2.1-2.12, 3.3, 4.4, 4.5

Number of Hours:8

Module-2

Strings: Working with strings as single things, working with the parts of a string, Length, Traversal and the for loop, Slices, String comparison, Strings are immutable, the in and not in operators, A find function, Looping and counting, Optional parameters, The built-in find method, The split method, Cleaning up your strings, The string format method.

Tuples: Tuples are used for grouping data, Tuple assignment, Tuples as return values, Composability of Data Structures.

Lists: List values, accessing elements, List length, List membership, List operations, List slices, Lists are mutable, List deletion, Objects and references, Aliasing, cloning lists, Lists and for loops, List parameters, List methods, Pure functions and modifiers, Functions that produce lists, Strings and lists, list and range, Nested lists, Matrices.

Chapter: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3

Number of Hours: 8

Module-3

Dictionaries: Dictionary operations, dictionary methods, aliasing and copying.

Numpy: About, Shape, Slicing, masking, Broadcasting, dtype.

Files: About files, writing our first file, reading a file line-at-a-time, turning a file into a list of lines, Reading the whole file at once, working with binary files, Directories, fetching something from the Web.

Chapter: 5.4, 6.1-6.5, 7.1-7.8

Number of Hours:8

Module-4

Modules: Random numbers, the time module, the math module, creating your own modules, Namespaces, Scope and lookup rules, Attributes and the dot Operator, Three import statement variants.
Mutable versus immutable and aliasing
Object oriented programming: Classes and Objects — The Basics, Attributes, Adding methods to our class, Instances as arguments and parameters, Converting an instance to a string, Instances as return values.

Chapter: 8.1-8.8, 9.1, 11.1

Number of Hours: 8

Module-5

Object oriented programming: Objects are mutable, Sameness, Copying.
Inheritance: Pure functions ,Modifiers, Generalization, Operator Overloading, Polymorphism.
Exceptions: Catching Exceptions, Raising your own exceptions.

Chapter: 11.2.2-11.2.4, 11.3.2-11.3.9, 12.1, 12.2

Number of Hours:8

PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC

PART – A: FIXED SET OF EXPERIMENTS

1. a. Develop a python program to read 2 numbers from the keyboard and perform the basic arithmetic operations based on the choice. (1-Add, 2-Subtract, 3-Multiply, 4-Divide).
   b. Develop a program to read the name and year of birth of a person. Display whether the person is a senior citizen or not.
2. a. Develop a program to generate Fibonacci sequence of length (N). Read N from the console.
   b. Write a python program to create a list and perform the following operations
   - Inserting an element
   - Removing an element
   - Appending an element
   - Displaying the length of the list
   - Popping an element
   - Clearing the list
3. a. Read N numbers from the console and create a list. Develop a program to print mean, variance and standard deviation with suitable messages.
   b. Read a multi-digit number (as chars) from the console. Develop a program to print the frequency of each digit with a suitable message.
4. Develop a program to print 10 most frequently appearing words in a text file. [Hint: Use a dictionary with distinct words and their frequency of occurrences. Sort the dictionary in the reverse order of frequency and display the dictionary slice of the first 10 items.
5. Develop a program to read 6 subject marks from the keyboard for a student. Generate a report that displays the marks from the highest to the lowest score attained by the student. [Read the marks into a 1-Dimesional array and sort using the Bubble Sort technique].
6. Develop a program to sort the contents of a text file and write the sorted contents into a separate text file. [Hint: Use string methods strip(), len(), list methods sort(), append(), and file methods open(), readlines(), and write()].

7. Develop a function named DivExp which takes TWO parameters a, b, and returns a value c (c=a/b). Write a suitable assertion for a>0 in the function DivExp and raise an exception for when b=0. Develop a suitable program that reads two console values and calls the function DivExp.
8. Define a function that takes TWO objects representing complex numbers and returns a new complex number with the sum of two complex numbers. Define a suitable class 'Complex' to represent the complex number. Develop a program to read N (N >=2) complex numbers and to compute the addition of N complex numbers.
9. Text Analysis Tool: Build a tool that analyses a paragraph: frequency of each word, longest word, number of sentences, etc.
10. Develop Data Summary Generator: Read a CSV file (like COVID data or weather stats), convert to dictionary form, and allow the user to run summary queries: max, min, average by column.
11. Develop Student Grade Tracker: Accept multiple students' names and marks. Store them in a list of tuples or dictionaries. Display summary reports (average, topper, etc.).
12. Develop a program to display contents of a folder recursively (Directory) having sub-folders and files (name and type).

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Text books:

1. Peter Wentworth, Jeffrey Elkner, Allen B. Downey and Chris Meyers- How to think like a computer scientist: learning with python 3. Green Tea Press, Wellesley, Massachusetts,2020 https://media.readthedocs.org/pdf/howtothink/latest/howtothink.pdf

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Al Sweigart," Automate the Boring Stuff with Python, 2nd Edition: Practical Programming for Total Beginners",2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2022. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
2. Kyla McMullen, Elizabeth Matthews and June Jamrich Parsons, Programming with Python, Cengage, 2023.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.learnbyexample.org/python/

https://www.learnpython.org/

https://pythontutor.com/visualize.html#mode=edit

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Chalk and talk
2. PPT presentation
3. Demonstration
4. Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
5. Case-Based Teaching

Assessment Structure (IPCC): (Circular**-**Ref.: VTU/BGM/IPCC 2025/3748, DATED: 24TH Oct 2025)

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE Theory component will be **25 marks** and CIE Practical component will be **25 marks**.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for **25 marks**. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for **15 marks** through rubrics and for lab Internal Assessment will be conducted for **10 marks** through rubrics.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 25 marks**, i.e., **10 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 40% of 25marks**, i.e., **10marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure **a minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

A student is deemed to have **completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Identification of real-life problem and its relevance [CO1] [PO2]	Clearly defined and contextually relevant problem; innovative approach	Relevant and well-described problem	Partially relevant with limited context	Vague or not fully relevant problem	No identifiable or valid problem
Use of primitive constructs (variables, loops, functions, conditionals) [CO1] [PO1]	All constructs used correctly with proper logic and flow	Most constructs used properly	Basic constructs applied with some errors	Minimal construct usage with logical flaws	Incorrect or missing constructs
Manipulation of Python data structures (lists, tuples, dictionaries, sets) [CO2] [PO1]	Effective and optimized usage of Data Structures	Mostly appropriate usage	Some usage with basic understanding	Incorrect or limited use	Not used or misused entirely
Use of standard libraries and file operations (if applicable) [CO3, CO4] [PO5]	Libraries and file operations used correctly and meaningfully	Minor issues in usage	Limited or partially correct use	Attempted but faulty implementation	Not attempted or irrelevant
Code structure, modularity, and documentation [CO4] [PO9, PO11]	Modular, structured code with comments and output samples	Structured code with basic documentation	Limited comments or unclear structure	Poor documentation and readability	No documentation, disorganized code

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge: Understanding the problem statement [CO1-5] [PO1, PO2]	The student has in depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem. Student is able to completely understand the problem definition.	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem. Student is able to understand the problem definition.	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge and the problem definition.	Student has not understood the concepts partially. Student is able to partially understand the problem definition	Student has not understood the concepts and the problem definition clearly.
Design of algorithm/flow chart and program [CO1-5] [PO2, PO3]	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason.	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best.	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits.	Student is capable of explaining the design.	Student is capable of explaining the design partially.
Implementation (Program coding) with suitable tools [CO1-5] [PO5, PO8]	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure considering optimal solution/optimal efficiency.	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure and should be capable of explaining it.	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation.	Student is capable of implementing the design.	Student is capable of implementing the design with errors.
Program debugging and testing with suitable tools [CO1-5] [PO5, PO8]	Student is capable to compile and debug the program with no errors (syntax, semantic and logical).	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with full understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with partial understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with no understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with assistance.
Results & interpretation /analysis [CO1-5] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis.	Student is able to run the program for all the cases.	Student is able to run the code for few cases and analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to verify the correctness of the result.
Demonstration and documentation [CO1-4] [PO8, PO9, PO11]	Demonstration and lab record is well-organized, with clear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is organized, with clear sections, but some	Demonstration and lab record lacks clear organization or structure. Some sections are	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing sections. Record

	The record is well structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	sections are not well-defined. The record is structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	unclear or incomplete. The record is partially structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	The record is not properly structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	not submitted on time. The record is not structured with minimum formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).

Rubrics for CIE Test:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Fair (3)	Marginal (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO1]	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem & course	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student has average knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge	Student has not understood the concepts clearly
Understanding of problem definition (1) [CO1, CO2] [PO2]	Student is able to completely understand the problem definition	Student is able to understand the problem definition but not clearly	Student has a basic understanding of the problem definition that is partial or superficial	Student is able to Shows minimal or unclear understanding of the problem definition	Student is not able to understand the problem definition
Design and Implementation (3) [CO1, CO2] [PO3]	Student is capable of design and implementing with best suitable construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing with some construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing the core part of the construct for the given problem definition	Student is partially capable of design and implementing with some algorithm for the given problem definition	Student is not capable of design and implementing
Result & Analysis (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various data inputs and compare the result with proper inference.	Student will be able to run the program on various data inputs and fair knowledge in comparing the result with proper inference	Student will be able to run the code for few data/datasets and analyze the output.	Student will be able to run the code for few data inputs but not analyze the output.	Student will be not able to run the program and not able to analyze the result.
Communication (Viva voce) (2) [CO3] [PO8, PO9]	Good Verbal & nonverbal communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Good verbal Communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with imprecise and incorrect terminologies/ answers	Poor Communication (Minimal interaction/answers)

Introduction to AI and Applications		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BAIA103/203**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Explain the concepts and types of artificial intelligence.
CO2: Illustrate basic machine learning methods for regression, classification and clustering.
CO3: Identify real-world applications across different disciplines.
CO4: Make use of prompt engineering techniques to interact with generative AI tools.
CO5: Outline recent trends in artificial intelligence and machine learning.

Module-1

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Artificial Intelligence, How Does AI Work?, Advantages and Disadvantages of Artificial Intelligence, History of Artificial Intelligence, Types of Artificial Intelligence, Weak AI, Strong AI, Reactive Machines, Limited Memory, Theory of Mind, Self-Awareness, Is Artificial Intelligence Same as Augmented Intelligence and Cognitive Computing, Machine Learning and Deep Learning.

Machine Intelligence: Defining Intelligence, Components of Intelligence, Differences Between Human and Machine Intelligence, Agent and Environment, Search, Uninformed Search Algorithms, Informed Search Algorithms: Pure Heuristic Search, Best-First Search Algorithm (Greedy Search).

Knowledge Representation: Introduction, Knowledge Representation, Knowledge-Based Agent, Types of Knowledge.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (1.1-1.5), Chapter 3 (3.1-3.7.2), Chapter 4 (4.1-4.4)

Number of Hours: 08

Module-2

Introduction to Prompt Engineering, Introduction to Prompt Engineering, The Evolution of Prompt Engineering, Types of Prompts, How Does Prompt Engineering Work?, Comprehending Prompt Engineering's Function in Communication, The Advantages of Prompt Engineering, The Future of LLM Communication.

Prompt Engineering Techniques for ChatGPT, Introduction to Prompt Engineering Techniques, Instructions Prompt Technique, Zero, One, and Few Shot Prompting, Self-Consistency Prompt.

Prompts for Creative Thinking: Introduction, Unlocking Imagination and Innovation.

Prompts for Effective Writing: Introduction, Igniting the Writing Process with Prompts.

Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 3, 4 & 5 Number of Hours: 08

Module-3

Machine Learning: Techniques in AI, Machine Learning Model, Regression Analysis in Machine Learning, Classification Techniques, Clustering Techniques, Naïve Bayes Classification, Neural Network, Support Vector Machine (SVM).

Textbook 1: Chapter 2 (2.1-2.8) Number of Hours: 08

Module-4

Trends in AI: AI and Ethical Concerns, AI as a Service (AIaaS), Recent trends in AI, Expert System, Internet of Things, Artificial Intelligence of Things (AIoT).

Textbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.1, 8.2, 8.4), Chapter 9 (9.1- 9.3) Number of Hours: 08

Module-5

Robotics, Robotics-an Application of AI, Drones Using AI, No Code AI, Low Code AI.

Textbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.3), Chapter 1 (1.7, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11)

Industrial Applications of AI: Application of AI in Healthcare, Application of AI in Finance, Application of AI in Retail, Application of AI in Agriculture, Application of AI in Education, Application of AI in Transportation, AI in Experimentation and Multi-disciplinary research.

Textbook 3: Chapter 3, Chapter 5 (5.1)

Number of Hours: 08

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Textbooks:

1. Reema Thareja, Artificial Intelligence: Beyond Classical AI, Pearson Education, 2023.
2. Ajantha Devi Vairamani and Anand Nayyar, Prompt Engineering: Empowering Communication, 1st Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2024. (DOI: https://doi.org/10.1201/9781032692319).
3. Saptarsi Goswami, Amit Kumar Das and Amlan Chakrabarti, "AI for Everyone – A Beginner's Handbook for Artificial Intelligence", Pearson, 2024.

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach* (4th Edition), Pearson Education, 2023.
2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, and Shivashankar B. Nair, *Artificial Intelligence*, McGraw Hill Education.
3. Tom Taulli, *Prompt Engineering for Generative AI: ChatGPT, LLMs, and Beyond*, Apress, Springer Nature.
4. Nilakshi Jain, Artificial Intelligence: Making A System Intelligent, First Edition, Wiley.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Elements of AI – *https://www.elementsofai.com*
2. CS50's Introduction to Artificial Intelligence with Python – Harvard *https://cs50.harvard.edu/ai/*
3. Google Machine Learning Crash Course – *https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course*
4. Learn Prompting (Open-Source Guide) – *https://learnprompting.org*
5. Google AI – Learn with Google AI *https://ai.google/education/*
6. Coursera – Machine Learning by Andrew Ng (Stanford University) *https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning*
7. OpenAI Prompt Engineering Guide (for ChatGPT) *https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/gpt-best-practices*
8. Prompt Engineering for Developers – DeepLearning.AI + OpenAI *https://www.deeplearning.ai/short-courses/chatgpt-prompt-engineering-for-developers/*
9. Ethics in AI – Google Responsible AI Practices *https://ai.google/responsibilities/responsible-ai-practices/*
10. Google Teachable Machine (Train AI models visually without code) https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching

- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Tool Demonstration

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course outcomes and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: Practical Assignment on Creating Effective Prompts (Marks- 25)

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Students must demonstrate the solutions to the course instructor and submit the record containing prompt creation (procedure), prompt execution and results with observations.
2. Course instructor must evaluate the student performance as per the rubrics.

Sl. No	Activity on Creating Effective Prompts
Note: To conduct the activity students can use any of the AI tools such as ChatGPT.	
1	**Basic Prompt writing:** Create two different prompts to ask an AI about the topic "Electricity." The first prompt should be vague, and the second prompt should be clear and specific. Compare the responses you get and describe which prompt gave a better answer and why.
2	**Zero-Shot Prompting**: Create a prompt that asks an AI to explain Ohm's Law without giving any example or background. Evaluate how well the AI explains the concept based on your prompt alone.
3	**One-Shot and Few-Shot Prompting:** Provide the AI with a single example of how to calculate the resistance in a simple circuit. Then write your own prompt asking the AI to solve a similar resistance calculation. After that, add two more examples to your prompt and observe any changes in the AI's response quality.
4	**Chain-of-Thought Prompting:** Develop a prompt that guides the AI step-by-step through calculating current flow in a circuit using Ohm's Law with resistors in series. Then, ask a final question for the AI to solve. Analyze how breaking down the reasoning steps impacts the accuracy of the answer.
5	**Prompt Refinement:** Start with an ambiguous prompt related to the "Water Cycle." Test the AI's response, note the confusion or errors, and then refine your prompt to make it clearer and more specific. Repeat this process twice and record how the AI's responses improve with each refinement. **Role-Based Prompting:** Create three prompts asking the AI to explain "Newton's Laws of Motion," each with a different role instruction: (a) as an expert engineer, (b) as a high school teacher, (c) as a beginner. Compare the tone, detail, and style of the responses.
6	**Creative Engineering Problem Prompts:** Craft a prompt that asks the AI to brainstorm ideas for designing a low-cost water purification system suitable for rural areas. Encourage creativity by adding phrases like **"limited resources"** and **"sustainability"**.

7	**Ethical Prompt Design Discussion:** Identify a biased prompt related to job descriptions (e.g. language with respect to a gender). Rewrite the prompt to remove bias and create a neutral, inclusive version. Explain why this revision is more ethical.
8	**Simulated Customer Support Chatbot:** Develop a prompt that instructs the AI to play the role of a technical support agent helping a customer troubleshoot a failure in an electronic circuit. Include instructions to keep the tone friendly and professional and to ask diagnostic questions.
9	**Multi-Language Prompting:** Develop a prompt that asks the AI to translate a simple engineering glossary (5 technical terms) from English to your native language. Then modify the prompt to request additional explanations of these terms in the translated language.
10	Review a curated set of different prompt types (e.g., for summarization, information extraction, paraphrasing, question answering) from a "Prompt Gallery." For each prompt type, match it with a real-world task (e.g., summarizing a lecture note, extracting names from a project report). Test at least three prompt templates on an AI tool or by role-play (students simulate being the AI), with varied wording. Record the outcomes and discuss which prompt (or template) was most effective for each task, and explain why you think it worked best. Reflect on how changing small parts of a prompt can alter model response quality, completeness, or accuracy.
11	Choose a real engineering challenge or societal problem relevant to your field (e.g., "Reducing plastic waste in campus cafeterias" or "Optimizing solar panel placement on campus rooftops"). Draft an initial prompt that asks an AI to propose practical solutions. Share the AI's (or peer's) answer in small groups and identify aspects that are missing, vague, or not actionable. Refine your prompt based on feedback (e.g., specify constraints, ask for step-by-step solutions, or require a list of pros and cons). Repeat the process one more time, refining again for further clarity or specificity. Document the entire prompt-refinement process and share the best solution generated, along with a brief analysis of how prompt improvements led to better responses.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Creating Effective Prompts):

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Appropriate Use of Prompting Technique [CO4] [PO1, PO5]	Demonstrates precise and creative application of the intended prompting technique (e.g., zero-shot, few-shot, role-based) with full alignment to objectives.	Correctly applies the prompting technique with minor gaps or missed opportunities.	Uses the prompting technique, but with partial understanding or inconsistent application.	Limited understanding of the technique; incorrect or weak application.	No evidence of correct prompting technique use.
Analysis & Comparison of Responses [CO1] [PO2, PO4]	Provides thorough, insightful, and well-supported analysis of AI responses, comparisons highlight key strengths and weaknesses.	Provides clear analysis with relevant comparisons, though slightly less detailed.	Provides basic analysis with limited insight, comparisons are present but shallow.	Minimal analysis, comparisons are weak or incomplete.	No meaningful analysis or comparison.
Creativity & Problem-Solving [CO3, CO5] [PO3, PO11]	Demonstrates outstanding creativity and innovation in crafting prompts, especially for problem-solving or design tasks.	Demonstrates creativity and some innovation; solutions are practical.	Shows moderate creativity; prompts are functional but not innovative.	Minimal creativity; prompts are repetitive or unimaginative.	No creativity or problem-solving is evident.
Ethical Awareness & Inclusivity [CO-5] [PO7]	Identifies biases clearly and revises prompts to be fully ethical, inclusive, and culturally sensitive.	Identifies some biases and revises prompts to improve inclusivity.	Attempts bias identification, but revisions are incomplete or partly effective.	Minimal effort is made to address bias; inclusivity not fully considered.	No consideration of bias or ethics is used in prompts.
Clarity & Specificity of Prompts, Documentation & Reflection [CO1, CO4] [PO8, PO9, PO11]	Prompts are self-explanatory, specific, and well-structured for the intended activity; no ambiguity is present. Documentation is complete, well-organized, and includes deep reflection on improvements across iterations.	Prompts are clear and mostly specific; minor ambiguity is present. Documentation is complete with some reflection on prompt refinement.	Prompts are somewhat clear but could be more specific; moderate ambiguity. Documentation is present but lacks detail or depth in reflection.	Prompts are vague and lack clarity; high ambiguity. Incomplete documentation, reflection is minimal.	Prompts are unclear, incomplete, or irrelevant to the activity. No documentation or reflection provided as per schedule

Applied Chemistry for Smart Systems		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BCHES102/202**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	64	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Descriptive		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the structure, synthesis, and applications of functional materials in memory and display devices.

CO2: Analyze quantum materials, conducting polymers, and their roles in energy and electronic systems.

CO3: Evaluate next-generation energy systems, fuel cells, and green hydrogen technologies.

CO4: Apply concepts of sensors, corrosion control, and green materials in sustainable electronics and e-waste management.

Module-1 Functional Materials for Memory and Display Systems

Memory Devices: Introduction, organic semiconductors; types of organic semiconductors used in memory devices, p-type semiconductor-pentacene and n-type semiconductor-perfluoropentacene. Differences between organic and inorganic memory devices. Construction, working and advantages of pentacene semiconductor chip.

Resistive RAM (ReRAM) Materials: Introduction, synthesis of TiO_2-RAM nanomaterial by sol-gel method, properties and applications.

Display Systems: Introduction, liquid crystals (LCs)-classification, properties and its applications. Construction, working principle and applications of Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs), Organic Light Emitting Diodes (OLEDs), Active-Matrix Organic Light Emitting Diodes (AMOLEDs) and Quantum Light Emitting Diodes (QLEDs).

Number of Hours**: 08**

Module-2 Quantum Materials and Polymers

Quantum Dots: Introduction, size dependent properties-quantum confinement effect, surface-to-volume ratio & band gap. Synthesis of Cd-Se Quantum dots by wet chemical method and its applications. Construction, working principle and applications of quantum dot sensitized solar cells (QDSSCs).

Polymer: Introduction, number average and weight average molecular weight of the polymers and numerical problems. Structure-properties relationship of polymers (Crystallinity, Strength, Elasticity and chemical resistivity]. Synthesis and properties of nylon-6,6 and its advantages in 3D printing applications. Synthesis and properties of chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC), and polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA) and their uses in device applications.

Conducting polymers- Introduction, synthesis of polyaniline, conduction mechanism and its engineering applications.

Number of Hours**: 08**

Module-3 Sustainable Energy Systems

Energy Systems: Introduction, basic overview of Nerns't equation, construction and working of concentration cell and numerical problems. Batteries-classification of batteries, construction, working and applications of Li-Ion battery.

Next-Generation Energy Devices: Introduction, construction and working of sodium ion battery for EV applications. Construction and working of ultra-small asymmetric super capacitor and its applications in IoT/wearable devices.

Sustainable Energy Devices: Introduction, fuel cells, difference between fuel cell and battery. Construction, working principle, applications and limitations of solid-oxide fuel cell (SOFCs) and solar photovoltaic cell (PV cell). Production of green hydrogen by photocatalytic water splitting by TiO_2 catalyst and its advantages.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-4 Sensors and Corrosion Science

Sensors: Introduction, terminologies-Transducer, Actuators and Sensors. Conductometric sensor-principle, construction and its application in the estimation of acid mixture. Colorimetric sensor-principle, instrumentation and its application in the estimation of copper in PCB. Electrochemical gas sensors- principle, construction and its application in the detection of NOx and SOx in air sample. Biosensor-principle, construction and working for the detection of glucose in biofluids.

Corrosion: Introduction, electrochemical theory of corrosion, types of corrosion-differential metal and differential aeration corrosion-waterline and pitting corrosion. Corrosion control-galvanization and anodization. Vapour corrosion inhibitors for protecting computer circuit boards, corrosion penetration rate (CPR)-definition and numerical problems.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-5 Green Materials and E-Waste Management

Green Chemistry: Introduction, properties and applications of green solvents for server heat management. Synthesis and properties of glycerol trioleate ester and its uses in IT infrastructure applications. Green synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles and its uses in magnetic Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) and Internet of Nano Things (IONT) system applications.

Biomaterials: Introduction, synthesis and properties of polylactic Acid (PLA) and polyethylene glycol (PEG) and its uses in touch screen applications. Synthesis and properties of Alginate Hydrogel and its uses in Brain-Computer Interfaces (BCIs) applications.

E-waste: Introduction, sources, composition of e-waste, effects of e-waste on environment and human health, Artificial intelligence in e-waste management, extraction of gold from e-waste by bioleaching method.

Number of Hours: **08**

PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Estimation of total hardness of water by EDTA method.
2. Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD) of industrial effluent sample.
3. Estimation of iron in TMT bar by diphenyl amine indicator method.
4. Determination of total alkalinity of given water sample.
5. Determination of acid value of solder flux using KOH
6. Estimation of acid mixture using conductometric sensor (Conductometry).
7. Estimation of iron in rust sample using potentiometric sensor (Potentiometry).
8. Determination of pKa of cooling fluids using pH sensor (Glass electrode).
9. Estimation of copper present in e-waste using optical sensor (Colorimetry).
10. Determination of viscosity coefficient of liquid coolant sample.
11. Interpretation of pka values of a cooling fluid using origin software.

12. Chemical structure drawing using software: Chem Draw/ Chem Sketch.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Text books:

1. Engineering Chemistry, Suba Ramesh, Vairam, Ananda Murthy, 2011, Wiley India, ISBN: 9788126519880.
2. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, R.V. Gadag and Nityananda Shetty, I. K. International Publishing house. 2nd Edition, 2016.
3. Engineering Chemistry: Jain & Jain, Publisher: Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, ISBN: 978-935316118.

Reference Books / Manuals:

1. Semiconducting Materials and Devices-Deepak Verma, ISBN: 978 9394777712,
2. Organic Thin Film Transistor Applications: Materials to Circuits-Brajesh K. Kaushik et al. ISBN 10: 9781498736534
3. High Quality Liquid Crystal Displays and Smart Devices – Ishihara, Kobayashi & Ukai (2019, IET), ISBN: 9781785619397
4. Quantum Dots and Polymer Nanocomposites: Synthesis, Chemistry, and Applications-yotishkumar Parameswaranpillai, Poushali Das, Sayan Ganguly, Publisher: CRC Press, 2022, ISBN 13: 978 1032210148
5. Green Carbon Quantum Dots: Environmental Applications; Vijay Kumar, Pardeep Singh, Devendra Kumar Singh (India), Springer Nature Singapore, Oct 2024, ISBN 13: 978 9819762026.
6. Conducting Polymers, Fundamentals and Applications: Including Carbon Nanotubes and Graphene: Prasanna Chandrasekhar (IIT Delhi alumnus), Springer, 2019 (2nd ed.), ISBN 13: 978 3030098858.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1.https://youtu.be/1TGTVQbMlIc
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IzWONUYlQ5E&t=56s
3. https://youtu.be/3j0jLuOs0v4
4. https://youtu.be/CeZxn8CyM6Q
5. https://youtu.be/om0gppRTKoU
6. https://youtu.be/_ubwkG7uCFA
7. https://youtu.be/0Eokkhdppg E?si=L6Znx5yXYjI9EVlw
8. https://youtu.be/hT2yCPnNEoI
9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EE35ICGthR8
10. https://www.youtube.com/live/CMyIb58vd4Q
11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YsZcSnqV9lg
12. https://youtu.be/xrsK9FUdvRE?si=prlzf7fRocxxygJr
13. https://youtu.be/OEDapr-9lNE?si=CYdVhq3d5ffzdXUC
14. https://youtu.be/QNKPaZkWC9Q?si=PyI4sQUL75340I9i
15. https://youtu.be/0Citdpy92EE
16. https://youtu.be/zaNdJ9I21YA
17. https://youtu.be/YAW7nMf8j0A
18. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FXGNQqdRBzc
19. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KvmqgAYO0MI
20. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SvlrAFDHOLc
21. https://youtu.be/kUCVBhSka2Q

22. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ic5TEuKxj8M
23. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ATn92XwdgC4
24. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ldlniZfA2X4
25. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C0K1XRT1myg
26. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iVcSgej7-K8

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Self-Learning using AI Tools
2. Activity Based Learning
3. Models and Working Models
4. Simulations and Interactive Simulations
5. Experiential Learning
6. Flipped Class Learning
7. Hybrid Learning
8. ICT Based Learning

Assessment Structure (IPCC): (Circular**-**Ref.: VTU/BGM/IPCC 2025/3748, DATED: 24TH Oct 2025)

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE Theory component will be **25 marks** and CIE Practical component will be **25 marks**.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for **25 marks**. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for **15 marks** through rubrics and for lab Internal Assessment will be conducted for **10 marks** through rubrics.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 25 marks**, i.e., **10 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 40% of 25marks**, i.e., **10marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure **a minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

A student is deemed to have **completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6,	Demonstrates an in-depth understanding of corrosion mechanisms and	Shows clear understanding of corrosion processes and applies relevant	Provides a general understanding of corrosion mechanisms	Displays minimal understanding of corrosion and surface coatings; application is	Fails to demonstrate understanding of corrosion or surface coating

PO11)	expertly applies appropriate surface coating techniques for effective material protection.	surface coating methods with reasonable effectiveness for material protection.	and applies basic surface coating techniques with limited accuracy.	unclear or inappropriate for material protection.	techniques; no evidence of application in engineering systems.
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates a thorough analysis of sustainable chemistry principles and critically evaluates various green energy fuels with strong justification.	Clearly analyses key sustainable chemistry concepts and evaluates green energy fuels with appropriate relevance	Shows a basic understanding of sustainable chemistry and provides a general evaluation of green fuels, but lacks depth.	Demonstrates minimal understanding of sustainable chemistry; evaluation of green fuels is weak.	Fails to analyse sustainable chemistry principles or evaluate green energy fuels.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Thoroughly examines the synthesis methods and critically evaluates the applications of nanomaterials in advanced energy storage technologies.	Clearly examines common synthesis techniques and explains relevant applications of nanomaterials in energy storage technologies.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of nanomaterial synthesis and mentions general applications in energy storage.	Provides minimal explanation of synthesis, applications and shows limited understanding of nanomaterials in energy storage.	Fails to examine synthesis and application of nanomaterials.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Effectively applies appropriate functional materials in diverse engineering applications with clear justification.	Correctly applies functional materials in relevant engineering contexts and shows reasonable understanding of their impact.	Shows basic application of functional materials with limited understanding.	Applies functional materials inaccurately and limited connection to performance.	Fails to apply functional materials appropriately and no understanding of their use in engineering.

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates an in-depth understanding of corrosion mechanisms and expertly applies appropriate surface coating techniques for effective material protection.	Shows clear understanding of corrosion processes and applies relevant surface coating methods with reasonable effectiveness for material protection.	Provides a general understanding of corrosion mechanisms and applies basic surface coating techniques with limited accuracy.	Displays minimal understanding of corrosion and surface coatings; application is unclear or inappropriate for material protection.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of corrosion or surface coating techniques; no evidence of application in engineering systems.

Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates a thorough analysis of sustainable chemistry principles and critically evaluates various green energy fuels with strong justification.	Clearly analyses key sustainable chemistry concepts and evaluates green energy fuels with appropriate relevance	Shows a basic understanding of sustainable chemistry and provides a general evaluation of green fuels, but lacks depth.	Demonstrates minimal understanding of sustainable chemistry; evaluation of green fuels is weak.	Fails to analyse sustainable chemistry principles or evaluate green energy fuels.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Thoroughly examines the synthesis methods and critically evaluates the applications of nanomaterials in advanced energy storage technologies.	Clearly examines common synthesis techniques and explains relevant applications of nanomaterials in energy storage technologies.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of nanomaterial synthesis and mentions general applications in energy storage.	Provides minimal explanation of synthesis, applications and shows limited understanding of nanomaterials in energy storage.	Fails to examine synthesis and application of nanomaterials.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Effectively applies appropriate functional materials in diverse engineering applications with clear justification.	Correctly applies functional materials in relevant engineering contexts and shows reasonable understanding of their impact.	Shows basic application of functional materials with limited understanding.	Applies functional materials inaccurately and limited connection to performance.	Fails to apply functional materials appropriately and no understanding of their use in engineering.

Rubrics for SEE / CIE Test:

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	**Superior**	**Good**	**Fair**	**Needs Improvement**	**Unacceptable**
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates an in-depth understanding of corrosion mechanisms and expertly applies appropriate surface coating techniques for effective material protection.	Shows clear understanding of corrosion processes and applies relevant surface coating methods with reasonable effectiveness for material protection.	Provides a general understanding of corrosion mechanisms and applies basic surface coating techniques with limited accuracy.	Displays minimal understanding of corrosion and surface coatings; application is unclear or inappropriate for material protection.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of corrosion or surface coating techniques; no evidence of application in engineering systems.
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Demonstrates a thorough analysis of sustainable chemistry principles and	Clearly analyses key sustainable chemistry concepts and evaluates green energy fuels	Shows a basic understanding of sustainable chemistry and provides a general	Demonstrates minimal understanding of sustainable chemistry; evaluation of	Fails to analyse sustainable chemistry principles or evaluate green energy fuels.

	critically evaluates various green energy fuels with strong justification.	with appropriate relevance	evaluation of green fuels, but lacks depth.	green fuels is weak.	
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Thoroughly examines the synthesis methods and critically evaluates the applications of nanomaterials in advanced energy storage technologies.	Clearly examines common synthesis techniques and explains relevant applications of nanomaterials in energy storage technologies.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of nanomaterial synthesis and mentions general applications in energy storage.	Provides minimal explanation of synthesis, applications and shows limited understanding of nanomaterials in energy storage.	Fails to examine synthesis and application of nanomaterials.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO11)	Effectively applies appropriate functional materials in diverse engineering applications with clear justification.	Correctly applies functional materials in relevant engineering contexts and shows reasonable understanding of their impact.	Shows basic application of functional materials with limited understanding.	Applies functional materials inaccurately and limited connection to performance.	Fails to apply functional materials appropriately and no understanding of their use in engineering.

Suggested rubrics for Practical continuous assessment:

Performance Indicators	**Excellent**	**Very Good**	**Good**	**Satisfactory**
Fundamental Knowledge (4) (PO1)	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the course (4)	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to course (3)	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge(2)	Student has not understood the concepts clearly (1)
Design Of Experiment (5) (PO2 and PO3)	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason (5)	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best (4)	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits (3)	Student is capable of explaining the design (1-2)
Implementation (8) (PO3 andPO8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm considering optimal solution. (7-8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm and should be capable of explaining it (5-6)	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation. (3-4)	Student is capable of implementing the design. (1-2)
Result andAnalysis (5) (PO4)	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis. (5)	Student will be able to run the program for all the cases. (4)	Student will be able to run the code for few cases and analyze the output (3)	Student will be able to run the program but not able to analyze the output (1-2)
Demonstration	The lab record is well-	The lab record is	The lab record lacks	The lab record is

(8) (PO9)	organized, with clear sections (e.g., Introduction, Method, Results, Conclusion). Transitions between sections are smooth. (7-8)	organized, with clear sections, but some sections are not well-defined. (5-6)	clear organization or structure. Some sections are unclear or incomplete. (3-4)	poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections. (1-2)

Note: Can add Engineering and IT tool usage based on the nature of the course

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Communication Skills		**Semester**	**I / II**
Course Code	**1BENG106/206**	**CIE Marks**	**50**
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	**1:0:0**	**SEE Marks**	**50**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**15 hours +15 hours**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**01**	**Exam Hours**	**01**
Examination type (CIE+SEE)			

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** Build essential verbal, non-verbal, and phonetic communication skills for clarity and effectiveness.
- **CO2:** Use interpersonal skills in group discussions, presentations, and professional interactions.
- **CO3:** Apply formal writing, email etiquette, and creative content development for employability.
- **CO4:** Communicate effectively in digital platforms, following netiquette and academic integrity.
- **CO5:** Prepare job applications, resumes, and perform confidently in interviews.

UNIT 1 COMMUNICATION SKILLS (3 Hours)

Glimpses of Essential English for Engineers (General Overview). Communication Skills: Process, Verbal and Non-Verbal, Proxemics, Chronemics and Barriers. **Writing**: Word Classification – Parts of Speech, Sentence structures. **Speaking & Listening:** Listening to English Pronunciation – English Phonemes – Intelligible Accent – Speech Organs- Syllable Structures, Intonation, and Practice.

Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	ALL 44 sounds of English in 75 minutes - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QxQUapA-2w4&t=51s. AI-based grammar and writing tools (e.g., Grammarly, ChatGPT, Quillbot) to analyze and classify parts of speech. AI-based pronunciation tools (Google Speech-to-Text) for real-time feedback
Reading Material for Dramatized Reading	**"The Chimney Sweeper" by William Blake** **"All the world is Stage"** by William Shakespeare Martin Luther King Jr's "I Have a Dream" Speech
Assessment Techniques and Tools	**Role Play**: Formal/informal scenarios, **Group Discussion (GD), Case Studies Analysis**: Identify barriers and suggest solutions, **Mini-Presentation**: Focused on proxemics.

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	Observation Rubric (for body language, tone, time cues), (Sample Rubric, please refer the annexure), Video Recording + Self-evaluation Sheet.

UNIT 2 INTERPERSONAL SKILLS (3 Hours)

Speaking: Role Play Exercises Based on Workplace Contexts, Introducing Oneself - PEP Talks- Personal Empowerment, Participating in Group Discussion and Debates, Giving Technical Presentation. **Reading:** Reading the Interview of an Achiever (Skimming and Scanning) (Case Studies). **Writing:** Writing a Short Biography of an Achiever Based on given reflections, **Grammar:** Sentence patterns. **Vocabulary** Development: Idioms and Phrases.

Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	Google Meet / Zoom + AI Transcription- Practice group discussions with live transcription. Grammarly - Highlights grammar issues with explanations. **Oxford Learner's Dictionaries** (https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/) - Includes etymology, pronunciation, synonyms/antonyms.
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Group discussion performance (listening, turn-taking, clarity) Technical presentations (confidence, structure, clarity) Role plays (relevance, tone, spontaneity) Case Studies Oral communication rubric (clarity, relevance, tone, confidence, non-verbal cues), **Activity**: Read a short **interview of an achiever** (e.g., A. P. J. Abdul Kalam, Sudha Murthy) **LMS (Learning Management Systems)**: Moodle or Google Classroom for submissions and reflections. **Video Submissions**: Students submit videos of role plays or presentations for asynchronous review.

UNIT 3 ENGLISH FOR EMPLOYABILTY (3 Hours)

Writing: Formal Letter writing (Enquiry, Order, and Complaint). Tenses – Reported Speech-Voice - Email Etiquettes, Structure, Writing and Responding to Emails. Paragraph Writing (Descriptive, Argumentative, Expository, Short Story, and Narrative), Blog Writing. **Reading**: Proof Reading (Spelling, Punctuation, Grammar). Error Identification Exercises. **Speaking:** Questions & Requests (non-Wh questions and Question tags).

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	Grammarly – Check grammar, tone, spelling Canva – Free templates to create posters, ads, infographics Adobe Express – Visual storytelling and ad design

Assessment Techniques and Tools	**Paragraph Writing -** Descriptive, Argumentative, Expository, Short Story, Narrative - Paragraph rubric (structure, logic, vocabulary, grammar) Writing - **Tool**: Digital submission + rubric for content originality, reader engagement, clarity. **Creating Advertisements** - tool: Creative rubric (message, design, language, call to action) **Speaking Skills -** Oral assessment rubric (intonation, clarity, accuracy) Email simulator (Google Forms/Canvas/Docs template)

UNIT 4 ENGLISH IN DIGITAL WORLD (3 Hours)

Writing: Framing of search terms / keywords in search engines/ Commands for search on open AIs - Tools to support synchronous communication such as webinar platforms, and asynchronous communication such as forums and social media - Online communication - Types – pros and cons of online communication. Acceptable online roles and behaviours – Netiquettes - Etiquettes of social media. Problems and opportunities in handling digital resources -Tools to check grammar. **Writing:** Citing information accurately from source material - Plagiarism – Infringement, Importance of academic integrity.

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Digital Tools	Google Meet - Integrated with Gmail, free for students Google Classroom - Forum, assignments, comments
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Write a short essay (150–200 words) on the **problems and opportunities.** Evaluation rubric (structure, coherence, grammar). Grammar assessment rubric (before vs after comparison, understanding of corrections).

UNIT 5 APPLYING FOR JOBS (3 Hours)

Listening: TED Talks. **Speaking:** Mock Interview, Telephone Interviews. **Reading:** Reading a Job Interview- language used in formal professional settings, formal vs. informal tone, non-verbal communication cues, Statement of Purpose, Company Profile and Completing Comprehension Exercises **Writing:** Job Applications and Resumes **Grammar:** Conditional Clauses, Modal verbs **Vocabulary Development:** Technical Vocabulary, Purpose Statement.

Pedagogy Language Lab	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning)
Language Lab	**Quiklrn.com**
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Listening to professional talks, analyzing tone and structure - https://www.ted.com/talks

	Non-verbal cues in professional reading - https://www.youtube.com/c/Mindsight Grammar AI practice - https://quillbot.com/grammar-check TED Talk worksheet - Listening rubric (comprehension, inference, note-taking), Reading comprehension tests, Resume & Application rubric (content, layout, tone, language), Grammar MCQs / Editing worksheet, Scenario-based MCQs or roleplay, Vocabulary worksheet

Extra Reading

The following reading works to be part of the Formative Assessments

1. Kumar, A. R. (2008). *English for engineers and technologists*. Orient BlackSwan.
2. Raman, M., & Sharma, S. (2015). *Technical communication: Principles and practice* (3rd ed.). Oxford University Press.
3. Lakshminarayanan, K. R. (2006). *English for technical communication*. Scitech Publications.
4. Mohan, K., & Banerji, M. (2000). *Developing communication skills*. Macmillan India.
5. Floyd, K., & Cardon, P. W. (2019). *Business and professional communication* (3rd ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
6. Yadav, D. P. (2022). *A course in English pronunciation*. Notion Publications.

Learning Resources:

- Oxford Advance Learners Dictionary
- Cambridge English Skills Real Listening and Speaking by Miles Craven
- Communicative English for Professionals by Nitin Bhatnagar and Mamta Bhatnagar

Other Digital Resources

- Google Docs + Voice Typing - https://docs.google.com
- LearnEnglish – https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/
- TakeIELTS - https://www.britishcouncil.in/exam/ielts
- British Council Apps - **bbcLearnEnglishonline Grammar**
  LearnEnglish Podcasts
  IELTS Word Power
  Bbclearningenglishgrammer online
  Sounds Right (Phonemic Chart)

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CURRICULUM DESIGN

Pronunciation Phonology in the upper secondary English curriculum includes: diphthongs, consonants, consonant clusters, word stress, strong and weak forms of pronunciation, ellipsis, assimilation, linking, sentence stress, rhythm and intonation.

Vocabulary. Ther target vocabulary of around 600-800 vocabulary items at level 3. Upon completion of the unit, students must know around 2,500 vocabulary items.

Grammar Communicative competences at level 3 including relative clauses, conditional sentences (type 1 and 2), compound and complex sentences, simple present, present continuous, present perfect, past simple, past continuous, past perfect, future simple, future continuous, near future, conjunctions, modal verbs, phrasal verbs, passive voice, etc.

SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Themes	Topics	Communicative Competences	Linguistic Knowledge
Our Academic Journey Our Technical Society Our Built and Natural Environment Our Future Innovations	Transition from school to engineering college Choosing an engineering discipline Student life and academic challenges Role of engineers in society Ethics in engineering Impact of technology on social structures Interdisciplinary collaboration Artificial intelligence and automation Emerging technologies in engineering Lifelong learning and professional development Entrepreneurship and start-ups in engineering The future of work in the tech-driven world	**Listening** Understand and identify the main points of dialogues, monologues of 330-350 words on familiar topics regularly encountered in life, work, school, etc., within the scope of the curriculum. Follow simple instructions such as recipes, how to use common utensils, etc. Listen and guess meanings (through the expressions and feelings of the speakers) in familiar monologues and conversations in everyday life Understand the main points of news programs, broadcasts, interviews, etc., on familiar topics which are clearly delivered in simple language, and with illustrative images.	**Pronunciation** Diphthongs Words with stress (specials cases) – Words without stress Sentence stress, assimilation, linking vowels with vowels Question intonation (consolidation and extension) Homophones **Vocabulary** Words related to themes and topics of higher proficiency. **Grammar** Present perfect (consolidation and extension) Past simple and past continuous Types on sentences: simple, compound and complex

Speaking

- Pronounce clearly and relatively accurately
- Words with or without stress, sentence stress, assimilation, and liaison.
- Speak and interact with fellow speakers about familiar topics, express personal views and exchange information about the topics covered in the curriculum.

Reading

- Read and comprehend the main points, specific contents of a text of 380-400 words on current and familiar topics.
- Read and understand the argument flow of texts, identify main conclusions in texts using clear language.
- Read to find and summarize short texts of everyday use such as simple letters, brochures, using words and structures from the original texts.

Writing

- Write simple connected and coherent texts of 280-300 words; write short reports based on suggestions, providing factual information and reasons for the recommendations made in the reports; collect short information from several sources and summarize it.
- Complete (write/fill) administrative forms such as resumes, letter of application for employment, etc.
- Write composition texts

Upon successful completion of the upper secondary English curriculum, students will be able to:

- Use English as a communication tool through the four skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing to meet basic and practical communication needs on familiar topics related to college, recreational activities, career, etc.
- Continue to formulate and develop basic knowledge of English, including pronunciation, vocabulary and grammar; and through English, have more extensive understanding of the landscape, people and culture of English-speaking countries and other countries in the world.
- Use English to improve the quality of learning other subjects in the general education curriculum.
- Use English for further education or immediate employment upon completion level 6.
- Use a variety of learning strategies to manage learning time, apply information technology in learning and self-learning, consolidate self-learning and self-assessment

methodology and take responsibility for learning outcomes, and form lifelong learning habits.

Mapping Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes*											
	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**	**PO11**	**PO12**
1									1	3		2
2										3		2
3										3		2
4									1	3		2
5									1	3		2

Course Assessment and Evaluation:

		What	**To Whom**	**When/ Where (Frequency in the course)**	**Max Marks**	**Evidence Collected**	**Contributing to Course Outcomes**
Direct Assessment **Indirect assessment Methods**	**C I E**	Internal assessment tests	Students	Two Tests (Average of the two will be computed)	30	Blue books/Answer Scripts	1 to 5
		Creative writing	Students	Assignment-1 (10) Assignment-2 (10)	20	Quiz Projects Presentations Assignment Questions and Answers	1 to 5
			Students	-----	-----	-----	------
				------	------	----	----
	S E E		Students	End of course (Answering 50 MCQ questions)	50	Answer scripts Feedback Forms	1 to 5
		End of course Survey		End of course	-	Questionnaire	-

Questions for CIE and SEE will be designed to evaluate the various educational components (Bloom's taxonomy) such as:

CIE Evaluation:

SL. No	Bloom's Category	Test 1	Test 2
1	Remember	34%	34%
2	Understand	55%	20%
3	Apply	00%	23%
4	Analyse	11%	00%
5	Evaluate	00%	00%
6	Create	00%	23%

SEE Evaluation:

SL. No	Bloom's Category	SEE	
1	Remember	25%	25%
2	Understand	25%	25%

Course Assessment Methods:

- Continuous Assessment of Skills: Assignments/Quiz/Presentations/Projects
- Written Tests
- End Semester Examination

Sample Rubric for Presentation

Criteria	Excellent (2)	Good (1)	Needs Work (0)
Self-awareness	✓	✓	✓
Goal clarity	✓	✓	✓
Communication & delivery	✓	✓	✓
Insight into opportunities	✓	✓	✓
Realistic challenges	✓	✓	✓

Rubrics

Grammar & Writing Rubric (for Essays/Reports/Emails)

Criteria	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Satisfactory (3)	Needs Improvement (1-2)
Clarity and Structure	Well-organized, coherent, clear transitions	Organized with minor lapses in clarity	Understandable but lacks coherence	Difficult to follow, lacks structure
Language Use	Professional, precise, varied vocabulary	Clear, mostly appropriate language	Some awkward phrasing or repetitive vocabulary	Frequent errors, unclear language
Grammar and Punctuation	Virtually no errors	Few minor errors	Several errors affecting readability	Multiple errors impacting readability
Relevance & Depth	Thorough, detailed analysis	Solid analysis with minor gaps	Basic analysis, lacks depth	

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Model Question Paper

Course & Branch	**BE**	**Semester:**	I
Subject	**Communication Skills**	**Max. Marks:**	**50**
Subject Code	**1BENG106**	**Duration:**	1 Hours

Instructions to Candidates

1. **This question paper consists of Multiple-Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying a total of 50 marks.**
2. **All questions are compulsory.**
3. **Each question carries 1 mark.** The question paper contains **50 MCQs × 1 mark = 50 marks.**
4. **Read each question carefully** before selecting the most appropriate answer.
5. **Each question has four alternatives (A, B, C, and D).** Only **one option is correct**.
6. **Choose the correct answer and mark it clearly**:
   - In OMR-based exams: darken the appropriate bubble completely.
   - In written exams: write only the option letter (A/B/C/D) or the full answer as instructed.
7. **No marks will be awarded for partially correct answers.**
8. **There is no negative marking** for incorrect answers.

Multiple Choice Questions		CO's	LO	Marks	Duration
Q No.	**Choose the correct option for the following.**	**1-5**	**Lo1**	**50X1=50**	**1 Hour**
Unit 1					
1	**An engineer explaining a project to a client adjusts language and tone based on the listener. This reflects which element of communication?** a) Noise b) Context c) Feedback d) Encoding				
2	Folding arms, avoiding eye contact, and leaning back during a meeting mainly relate to: a) Verbal communication b) Written communication c) Non-verbal communication d) Formal communication				
3	**Standing too close to a colleague during a discussion may create discomfort due to poor use of:** a) Chronemics b) Proxemics c) Kinesics d) Paralanguage				
4	**Arriving late to a professional meeting shows lack of awareness of:** a) Proxemics b) Chronemics c) Phonemics d) Semantics				

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5	**A message becomes unclear due to poor pronunciation and background noise. This is an example of:** a) Feedback b) Channel c) Barrier to communication d) Encoding
6	**Choosing the correct form of a word such as *noun* or *verb* while writing a report relates to:** a) Sentence stress b) Parts of speech c) Intonation d) Voice
7	**"The report was submitted on time" is an example of:** a) Simple sentence b) Active voice c) Passive voice d) Compound sentence
8	**Misunderstanding between *record* (noun) and *record* (verb) mainly occurs due to change in:** a) Intonation b) Stress c) Syllable structure d) Tone
9	**Stress placed incorrectly on technical words may affect**: a) Grammar accuracy b) Speech intelligibility c) Writing style d) Vocabulary range
10	**Rising and falling voice patterns while speaking mainly refer to:** a) Accent b) Intonation c) Rhythm d) Pitch
	Unit 2
11	**Introducing yourself confidently during campus recruitment reflects skill in:** a) Reading b) Writing c) Speaking d) Proofreading
12	**A role-play where an employee handles a dissatisfied client mainly develops**: a) Memorization b) Interpersonal communication c) Grammar accuracy d) Vocabulary recall
13	**Participating in a group discussion requires mainly:** a) Speaking continuously b) Listening and responding logically c) Dominating others d) Memorizing facts
14	**While delivering a PEP Talk, the speaker focuses on motivation and confidence. This supports:** a) Personal empowerment b) Technical accuracy c) Grammar correction d) Pronunciation drills
15	**Skimming an interview article helps a reader to:** a) Understand every detail b) Identify main ideas quickly c) Analyze grammar d) Learn vocabulary
16	**Scanning a case study is useful mainly to:** a) Read emotionally b) Locate specific information c) Enjoy narration d) Improve pronunciation
17	**Writing a short biography of an achiever mainly develops**: a) Creative writing b) Reflective and structured writing c) Technical documentation d) Email drafting
18	**"He has completed the project successfully" represents which sentence pattern?** a) S + V b) S + V + O c) S + V + O + C d) S + V + Adj

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19	**Understanding idioms like *"break the ice"* helps in:** a) Literal translation b) Vocabulary development c) Grammar correction d) Pronunciation practice
20	**Using appropriate idioms during presentations improves:** a) Accent b) Fluency and natural expression c) Speed of speech d) Formal tone
	Unit 3
21	**Writing a formal enquiry letter requires primarily:** a) Informal tone b) Polite and structured language c) Emotional expressions d) Slang
22	**Reporting someone's words indirectly involves:** a) Active voice b) Passive voice c) Reported speech d) Conditional clauses
23	**The issue has been resolved by the team" is an example of:** a) Active voice b) Passive voice c) Simple present d) Future tense
24	**Writing a professional email requires clarity in:** a) Font size only b) Subject, tone, and structure c) Length only d) Emotional language
25	**Replying late to professional emails mainly affects:** a) Grammar b) Digital etiquette c) Vocabulary d) Accent
26	**Writing a paragraph that argues for renewable energy is an example of:** a) Narrative writing b) Descriptive writing c) Argumentative writing d) Story writing
27	**Blog writing mainly encourages:** a) Rigid structure b) Personal voice with clarity c) Formal reporting d) Technical documentation
28	**Proofreading helps to identify errors in:** a) Content only b) Spelling, punctuation, and grammar c) Tone only d) Formatting only
29	**Identifying incorrect verb tense in a sentence relates to:** a) Editing b) Error identification c) Summarising d) Skimming
30	**Using question tags like *"isn't it?"* helps in:** a) Giving commands b) Confirming information politely c) Avoiding interaction d) Giving instructions
	Unit 4
31	**Framing effective search keywords improves**: a) Typing speed b) Accuracy of search results c) Grammar skills d) Pronunciation
32	**Using quotation marks in online search mainly helps to:** a) Increase speed b) Narrow search results c) Add emotion d) Avoid plagiarism
33	**Webinars mainly support which type of communication?** a) Asynchronous b) Synchronous c) Written d) One-way

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34	**Discussion forums are examples of**: a) Synchronous communication b) Asynchronous communication c) Face-to-face communication d) Formal interviews
35	**Posting respectful comments online reflects:** a) Digital literacy b) Netiquette c) Coding skills d) Technical writing
36	**Excessive informal language on professional platforms may affect:** a) Speed b) Online reputation c) Grammar accuracy d) File size
37	**Tools like Grammarly primarily help in**: a) Content creation b) Grammar and clarity checking c) Voice modulation d) Plagiarism creation
38	**Using others' ideas without citation is called:** a) Referencing b) Paraphrasing c) Plagiarism d) Quoting
39	**Academic integrity mainly promotes**: a) Speed of writing b) Ethical use of information c) Creative freedom d) Informal tone
40	**Proper citation helps to:** a) Increase word count b) Avoid infringement c) Improve pronunciation d) Add complexity
	Unit 5
41	**Listening to TED Talks mainly improves:** a) Grammar accuracy b) Listening comprehension and ideas c) Writing speed d) Vocabulary memorization
42	**Maintaining eye contact during interviews reflects:** a) Nervousness b) Non-verbal confidence c) Aggression d) Informality
43	**Telephone interviews mainly assess:** a) Body language b) Pronunciation and clarity c) Writing skills d) Dressing style
44	**Formal professional language is best used when:** a) Talking with friends b) Writing job applications c) Posting on social media d) Casual texting
45	**A Statement of Purpose mainly highlights:** a) Personal background only b) Career goals and motivation c) Technical errors d) Informal achievements
46	**Reading a company profile before interviews help to:** a) Increase confidence b) Answer questions relevantly c) Improve accent d) Memorize facts
47	**A well-structured resume mainly improves:** a) Pronunciation b) First impression c) Writing speed d) Grammar rules
48	**Conditional clauses are commonly used when discussing:** a) Past facts b) Possibilities and outcomes c) Commands d) Descriptions

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49	**Modal verbs like *should* and *must* express:** a) Time b) Obligation and advice c) Condition d) Voice
50	**Using appropriate technical vocabulary in interviews reflects:** a) Memorization b) Professional competence c) Informality d) Emotional appeal

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BUILDING SCIENCE AND MECHANICS		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BESC104A/204A**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Explain the fundamental concepts of building science, disciplines of civil engineering, construction materials, and structural elements of buildings.
CO2: Evaluate the sustainability aspects of the built environment through appropriate selection of green materials and interpretation of rating systems.
CO3: Apply the principles of force systems and equilibrium to determine support reactions.
CO4: Locate the centroid of simple and composite plane areas using first principles.

Module-1

Introduction to building science:

Importance and Scope of various fields of Civil Engineering: Surveying, Structural Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering, Water Resources Engineering, Transportation Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Construction Planning and Project Management.

Basic Materials of Construction: Types and Uses of Bricks, Stones, Cement, Structural Steel, Wood and Concrete.

Structural Elements of a Building: Concept of Foundation, Plinth, Lintel, Chejja, Masonry wall, Column, Beam, Slab, Flooring and Staircase.

Number of Hours:08

Module-2

Sustainable Built Environment:

Emerging materials: Types and Uses of Autoclaved Aerated Concrete (AAC) blocks, Bamboo, Recycled plastics, Material selection criteria, Durability, Sustainability, Smart City concept.

Green Building : Green building materials and rating systems IGBC, LEED, GRIHA (Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment) for new buildings – Purpose - Key highlights - Point System with Differential weightage.

Number of Hours:08

Module-3

Force Systems: Concept of idealization, System of forces, Principles of transmissibility of a force, Resolution and composition of forces, Law of Parallelogram of forces, Concurrent and non-concurrent coplanar force systems, Moment of forces, Couple, Varignon's theorem: Numerical examples.

Number of Hours:08

Module-4

Equilibrium and Support Reactions

Free body diagram, equations of equilibrium, Lami's Theorem, Equilibrium of Coplanar Concurrent and Non -concurrent force systems: Numerical examples.

Types of loadings, beams and supports, Concept of Statically determinate and indeterminate structures (Definitions with examples only), Support reactions: Numerical examples on Statically determinate beams.

Number of Hours:08

Module-5 (08 Hours)

Centroid of Plane areas: Introduction, Locating the centroid of rectangle, triangle, circle, semicircle and quadrant of a circle using method of integration, centroid of composite areas and simple built up sections: Numerical examples.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals)

Text books:

1. Rangwala, Building Construction,33rd Edition, 2016, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., **ISBN-10 :** 9385039040, **ISBN-13 :** 978-9385039041
2. Bansal R. K., Rakesh Ranjan Beohar and Ahmad Ali Khan, Basic Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics, 3rd Edition, 2015, Laxmi Publications, ISBN: 9789380856674.
3. Kolhapure B K, Elements of Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics, 11th Edition, 2018, Eastern Book Promoters Belgaum [EBPB], ISBN: 5551234003896

Reference Books:

1. Beer F.P. and Johnston E. R., Mechanics for Engineers: Statics and Dynamics, 4th Edition, 1987, McGraw Hill, ISBN: **9780070045842**
2. Meriam J. L. and Kraige L. G, Engineering Mechanics-Statics, Vol I–6th Edition,2008, Wiley publication.
3. Irving H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics-Statics and Dynamics, 4th Edition, 2002, Prentice-Hall of India(PHI).
4. Hibbler R. C., Engineering Mechanics: Principles of Statics and Dynamics, 2017, Pearson Press, New Delhi.
5. Timoshenko S, Young D. H., Rao J. V., Sukumar Patil, Engineering Mechanics, 5th Edition, 2017,McGraw Hill Publisher, ISBN: **9781259062667**
6. Bhavikatti S S, Engineering Mechanics, 4th Edition, 2018, New Age International Publications.
7. Reddy Vijaykumar K and Suresh Kumar K, Engineering Mechanics, 3rd Edition 2013, BS Publications.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nGfVTNfNwnk&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nkg7VNW9UCc&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT&index=2
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ljDIIMvxeg&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT&index=5
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3YBXteL-qY4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z95UW4wwzSc&list=PLOSWwFV98rfKXq2KBphJz95rao7q8PpwT&index=10
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ksmsp9OzAsI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x1ef048b3CE
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l_Nck-X49qc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R8wKV0UQtlo
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0RZHHgL8m_A
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bls5KnQOWkY

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zrc_gB1YYS0
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hn_iozUo9m4

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods)

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Flipped class
2. Chalk and talk
3. NPTEL and other videos for theory topics
4. Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
5. ICT-Enabled Teaching
6. Individual teachers can device innovative pedagogy to improve teaching-learning

Assessment Structure: (Both CIE and SEE)

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE):

CCE will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- __)

Learning Activity -2 (optional):: (Marks- __

Rubrics for Learning Activity(Based on the nature of the learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity) :

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator-1(CO/PO Mapping)					
Performance Indicator-1(CO/PO Mapping)					
…					
Performance Indicator-n(CO/PO Mapping)					

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggest Innovative Deliver Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

Indian Constitution and Engineering Ethics

Course Code	**1BICO107/207**	**CIE Marks**	**100**
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	**1:0:0**	**SEE Marks**	**---**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**01Hours/Week**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**00**	**Exam Hours**	**-**

Course objectives: This course will enable the students

1. To know about the basic structure of the Indian Constitution.
2. To know the Fundamental Rights (FRs), DPSP's, and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution.
3. To know about our Union Government, political structure & codes, and procedures.
4. To know the State Executive & Elections system of India.
5. To learn the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution.

Teaching-Learning Process

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching –Learning more effective: Teachers shall adopt suitable pedagogy for effective teaching - learning process. The pedagogy shall involve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern technological tools.

(i) Direct instructional method (Low/Old Technology), (ii) Flipped classrooms (High/advanced Technological tools), (iii) Blended learning (Combination of both), (iv) Enquiry and evaluation based learning, (v) Personalized learning, (vi) Problems based learning through discussion.

Apart from conventional lecture methods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adapted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students In theoretical applied and practical skills.

Module - 1

Introduction to Indian Constitution: The Necessity of the Constitution, The Societies before and after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution, The Making of the Constitution, The Role of the Constituent Assembly. The Preamble of Indian Constitution & Key concepts of the Preamble. Salient features of India Constitution.

Module - 2

FR's, FD's and DPSP's: Fundamental Rights and its Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP) and its present relevance in our society with examples. Fundamental Duties and its Scope and significance in Nation building.

Module - 3

Union Executive : Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime Minister, Union Cabinet, Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important Parliamentary Terminologies. Supreme Court of India, Judicial Reviews and Judicial Activism.

Module - 4

State Executive & Elections, Amendments and Emergency Provisions: State Executive, Election Commission, Elections & Electoral Process. Amendment to Constitution (How and Why) and Important Constitutional Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.

Module-5

Professional Ethics: Ethics & Values. Types of Ethics. Scope & Aims of Professional & Engineering Ethics. Positive and Negative Faces of Engineering Ethics. Clash of Ethics, Conflicts of Interest. The impediments to Responsibility. Trust & Reliability in Engineering, IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights), Risks, Safety and liability in Engineering.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set) :

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

CO1	Analyse the basic structure of Indian Constitution.
CO2	Remember their Fundamental Rights, DPSP's and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution.
CO3	know about our Union Government, political structure & codes, procedures.
CO4	Understand our State Executive & Elections system of India.
CO5	Remember the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution.

Assessment Structure:
The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

1. To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
2. To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

3. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- ___)

Learning Activity -2 (optional): (Marks- ___)

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

1. **"Constitution of India" (for Competitive Exams)** - Published by Naidhruva Edutech Learning Solutions, Bengaluru. – 2022.
2. "**Engineering Ethics**", M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan, V.S.Senthilkumar, Prentice –Hall, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. **"Samvidhana Odu" - for Students & Youths by Justice HN Nagamohan Dhas, Sahayana, kerekon.**
2. **"Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights"** by Shubham Singles, Charles E. Haries, and et al: published by Cengage Learning India, Latest Edition – 2019.
3. "**Introduction to the Constitution of India**", (Students Edition.) by Durga Das Basu (**DD Basu**): Prentice –Hall, 2008.
4. **"The Constitution of India"** by Merunandan K B: published by Merugu Publication, Second Edition, Bengaluru.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO/PO Mapping)					
Performance Indicator-2 (CO/PO Mapping)					
...					
Performance Indicator-n (CO/PO Mapping)					

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

"Jnana Sangama" Macche Belagavi - 590018

Innovation & Design Thinking Lab		Semester	1
Course Code:	**1BIDTL158**	**CIE Marks**	**50**
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	**0:0:2**	**SEE Marks**	**50**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**2**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**1**	**Exam Hours**	
Examination type (SEE)	**Practical/Presentation/Seminar**		

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set) -

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Empathize with community problems and define meaningful challenges.
2. Apply design thinking principles and multidisciplinary skills to develop user-centric solutions.
3. Build and test basic prototypes using tools available in the Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Makers Space.
4. Pitch socially relevant ideas with scalable models.
5. Collaborate effectively in diverse teams.

Week 1, 2 & 3: Orientation and Team Formation

Week -1&2: Introduction to Social Entrepreneurship**,** Innovation and Design Thinking

Group discussion on What is **Innovation** vs **Invention**. Why **Design Thinking** is important. Brief about **5 stages**: Empathize – Define – Ideate – Prototype – Test.

Week -3: Innovation warm-up activities, forming interdisciplinary teams, Instructions about Next week activities

Week 4–5: Empathy and Field Exploration

Week-4&5: Field (any public places of student's interest Eg- Village, Government Office, Industry. R&D institute, NGO etc) visits, stakeholder interviews and interaction. Recording all interaction through handwritten in activity book prescribed by the University.

Week 6, 7 and 8: Problem Definition

Week-6: Documentation, categorization and Group discussion on interactions and problems/challenges.

Week-7&8: Problem framing using "How Might We" approach, Identification of social problems and user insights through affinity Clustering and Problem Tree. Mention of clearly defined challenge statements.

Week 9, 10 &11: Ideation Sprint

Week-9&10: Presentation by teams on Defined Problems, Brainstorming interactions and Mind Mapping.

Week-10: Idea Filtering - Shortlist of creative, eco -friendly and feasible ideas. Selection of one Suitable IDEA for next process, Designing/Structuring of Prototype model.

Week 12, 13 &14: Rapid Prototyping using Atal Idea Lab/Makers Space
Week-12&13: Building low-fidelity and working models using tools like Arduino, 3D printers,: Digital fabrication, electronics kits and recycled materials **Week-14:** User testing, Feedback collection, Iteration - Observation Notes, Feedback Forms (Designing a business model for impact and scalability, if possible) Preparation of Draft of social venture plan
Week 15 &16: Final Demo and Social Pitch
Innovation showcase, Poster display, Project pitching to jury ***Presentation of the project with impact with assessment, prototype, and sustainability plan***
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods) **1.Activity Based Learning** **2.Group discussion, Presentations.** **3. one faculty member shall be assigned to group of 60 students or one division.** **4. Each group shall contain Min. 4 and Max. 6 students.** **5. Nature of the group shall be multidisciplinary. (Group shall be formed by selecting students from all branches)**
Assessment Structure: The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage. • To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**. • To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) –

CIE Marks allocation Parameters for Social Entrepreneurship, Innovation & Design Thinking using Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Maker Space

CIE Parameters (50 Marks)

Sl. No.	CIE Component/Week	Marks	Description
1	Orientation Activities & Communication Skills	5	Participation in Week 1–3 orientation, communication and teamwork skill-building exercises.
2	Empathy & Field Exploration Documentation	10	Quality and completeness of field visit reflections, stakeholder interviews, and activity book.
3	Problem Definition and Framing	10	Clarity of challenge statements, use of "How Might We", Affinity Mapping, Problem Trees.
4	Ideation & Mind Mapping	10	Participation in brainstorming, mind mapping, idea filtering sessions.
5	Prototype Development & Iteration	10	Quality and creativity of prototype/model, user testing, feedback collection, iterations.
6	Teamwork, Journal, and Engagement	5	Peer and mentor evaluation of participation, teamwork, journal updates.
7	Total CIE marks	50	Final CIE marks to be considered

***Minimum to Qualify for SEE: 20 out of 50 in CIE**

Semester End Examination (SEE) –

SEE to be conducted in batches where the students will exhibit their projects along with the presentation and Viva -voce. – 100 Marks

"SEE shall be conducted by one Internal and one External Examiner"

Sl. No.	Evaluation Parameter	Marks	Details
1	Prototype / Solution Demonstration	30	Working functionality, creativity, use of lab tools, relevance to the problem.
2	Final Presentation / Social Pitch	20	Clarity, storytelling, problem-solution fit, communication, visual aids.
3	Business Model or Sustainability Plan	10	Feasibility, cost-effectiveness, scalability, and alignment with SDGs.
4	Viva Voce	20	Individual understanding, contribution, tools used, learning outcomes.
5	Documentation Report / Portfolio	20	Project report, reflection, team activity log, stakeholder input summaries.

Submission Requirements:

- Handwritten activity book with CIE marks and Final project report (Typed or Handwritten).
- Final presentation ppt/pdf (hard and soft copy).
- Prototype or working model [physical or conceptual (shall be drawn/sketched clearly on card sheet paper)].
- Peer/team feedback and reflection entries (if applicable).

CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA		Semester	1
Course Code	**1BMATS101**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hours Theory + 20Hours Tutorial	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3 hrs
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course Outcomes

CO1: Apply the concepts of multivariable calculus and vector calculus to compute derivatives, optimize functions, and analyze vector fields for applications in computer science engineering.

CO2: Solve system of linear equations and determine eigenvalues and eigenvectors using direct and iterative methods.

CO3: Apply the concepts of vector spaces and linear transformations to problems in computer science engineering.

CO4: Demonstrate the applications of computer science and allied engineering Science using modern ICT tools.

Module-1: Calculus (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Partial differentiation, total derivative, differentiation of composite functions, Jacobian, Statement of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion for two variables. Maxima and minima for the function of two variables.

Textbook-1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.1- 5.11

Module-2: Vector Calculus (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Scalar and vector fields, Gradient, directional derivatives, divergence and curl - physical interpretation, solenoidal vector fields, irrotational vector fields and scalar potential.

Introduction to polar coordinates and polar curves.

Curvilinear coordinates: Scale factors, base vectors, Cylindrical polar coordinates, Spherical polar coordinates, transformation between cartesian and curvilinear systems, orthogonality.

Module-3: System of Linear Equations, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Elementary row transformation of a matrix, Echelon form, rank of a matrix. Consistency and solution of system of linear equations: Gauss elimination method, Gauss Jordan method. Applications: Traffic flow.

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, diagonalization of the matrix, modal matrix.

Textbook-1: Chapter 2: Sections 2.7-2.16, Chapter 28: Sections 28.6 and 28.7

Textbook-2: Chapter-7

Module-4: Vector Space (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Vector spaces: definition and examples, subspace: definition and examples. Linear Combinations, linear span, linearly independent and dependent sets, basis and dimension, row space and column space of a matrix, Coordinates vector, inner products and orthogonality.

Textbook-3: Chapter 4: Sections 4.1 to 4.9 and 4.11

Module-5: Linear Transformation (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Definition and examples, algebra of linear transformations, matrix of a linear transformation. Singular, non-singular linear transformations and invertible linear transformations. Rank and nullity of linear transformations, Rank-Nullity theorem.

Textbook-3: Chapter 5: Sections 5.3- 5.7 Chapter 6: Sections-6.1-6.2

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/Reference Book):

Textbooks:

1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Ed., 2021.
2. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley&Sons,10th Ed.,2018.
3. Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lipson, Linear Algebra, Schaum's outlines series, 4th Ed., 2008.

Reference books:

1. B.V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed., 2017
2. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Cengage Publications, 4th Ed., 2022.
3. N. P Bali and Manish Goyal, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 10th Ed., 2022.
4. James Stewart, Calculus, Cengage Publications, 7thEd., 2019.
5. David Poole, Linear Algebra, a modern introduction, Cengage publishers, 4th Ed., 2014.
6. David C Lay, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Pearson Publishers, 4th Ed., 2018.
7. Gareth Williams, Linear Algebra with applications, Jones Bartlett Publishers Inc., 6th Ed., 2017.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106135
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111105160
- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/
- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-02sc-multivariable-calculus-fall-2010/

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied mathematical skills.

2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
6. Show short-related video lectures in the following ways:
   - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
   - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
   - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
   - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
   - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

The CIE Theory component consists of average of TWO IA tests for 25 marks and Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA) for 25 marks.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted with a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity-1: Tutorial: Practicing problems (Two objective type assessments for 7.5 marks each (Total 15 marks).

Learning Activity-2: Choose either lab activity or seminar for 10 marks

- **Lab activity:** Execute the following lab exercises with the aid of any modern technological tool (Matlab/ Mathematica/ Scilab/ Python/ Maxima, etc).
- **Seminars:** The students has to present applications of mathematics related to syllabus as a group maximum of four members.

List of Lab Activities:

1) Finding partial derivatives and Jacobian,
2) Expansion of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series,
3) Finding Gradient, divergence and curl,
4) Finding rank, reduced echelon form, solving system of linear equations using Gauss elimination method,
5) Solving system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidel method,
6) Determine Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors,
7) Linearly Independence and Dependence sets,
8) Basis and dimension,
9) Linear transformation-range space and null space,
10) Verification of the rank nullity theorem.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

ACTIVITY-1	**Superior (13-15)**	**Good (10-12)**	**Fair (7-9)**	**Needs Improvement (4-6)**	**Unacceptable (0-3)**
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO-1/PO -1, PO-12 Mapping)	**Demonstrates complete understanding of the topic**	**Shows good understanding with minor errors**	**some key points are missing**	**Shows little understanding**	**Very poor performance**
Performance Indicator-2 (CO-2, CO-3 /PO-1, PO-12, Mapping)	**creatively to solve problems**	**Participates regularly but may need occasional prompting**	**Demonstrates partial understanding**	**major misconceptions present**	**Inadequate performance**
ACTIVITY-2	**9-10**	**7-8**	**5-6**	**3-4**	**1-2**
Performance Indicator-3 (CO-3/PO-5, PO-12, Mapping)	**perform tasks independently**	**Applies knowledge correctly**	**limited creativity.**	**Unable to apply knowledge appropriately.**	**Identical performance**

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation

- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

PYTHON PROGRAMMING		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BPLC105B/205B**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	40 + 24 (Practical)	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Develop scripts using primitive language constructs of python.
CO2: Identify the methods to manipulate primitive python data structures.
CO3: Make use of Python standard libraries for programming.
CO4: Build scripts for performing file operations.
CO5: Illustrate the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.

Module-1

The way of the program: The Python programming language, what is a program? What is debugging? Syntax errors, Runtime errors, Semantic errors, Experimental debugging.

Variables, Expressions and Statements: Values and data types, Variables, Variable names and keywords, Statements, Evaluating expressions, Operators and operands, Type converter functions, Order of operations, Operations on strings, Input, Composition, The modulus operator.

Iteration: Assignment, Updating variables, the for loop, the while statement, The Collatz 3n + 1 sequence, tables, two-dimensional tables, break statement, continue statement, paired data, Nested Loops for Nested Data.

Functions: Functions with arguments and return values.

Chapters: 1.1-1.7, 2.1-2.12, 3.3, 4.4, 4.5

Number of Hours:8

Module-2

Strings: Working with strings as single things, working with the parts of a string, Length, Traversal and the for loop, Slices, String comparison, Strings are immutable, the in and not in operators, A find function, Looping and counting, Optional parameters, The built-in find method, The split method, Cleaning up your strings, The string format method.

Tuples: Tuples are used for grouping data, Tuple assignment, Tuples as return values, Composability of Data Structures.

Lists: List values, accessing elements, List length, List membership, List operations, List slices, Lists are mutable, List deletion, Objects and references, Aliasing, cloning lists, Lists and for loops, List parameters, List methods, Pure functions and modifiers, Functions that produce lists, Strings and lists, list and range, Nested lists, Matrices.

Chapter: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3

Number of Hours: 8

Module-3

Dictionaries: Dictionary operations, dictionary methods, aliasing and copying.

Numpy: About, Shape, Slicing, masking, Broadcasting, dtype.

Files: About files, writing our first file, reading a file line-at-a-time, turning a file into a list of lines, Reading the whole file at once, working with binary files, Directories, fetching something from the Web.

Chapter: 5.4, 6.1-6.5, 7.1-7.8

Number of Hours:8

Module-4

Modules: Random numbers, the time module, the math module, creating your own modules, Namespaces, Scope and lookup rules, Attributes and the dot Operator, Three import statement variants.
Mutable versus immutable and aliasing
Object oriented programming: Classes and Objects — The Basics, Attributes, Adding methods to our class, Instances as arguments and parameters, Converting an instance to a string, Instances as return values.

Chapter: 8.1-8.8, 9.1, 11.1

Number of Hours: 8

Module-5

Object oriented programming: Objects are mutable, Sameness, Copying.
Inheritance: Pure functions ,Modifiers, Generalization, Operator Overloading, Polymorphism.
Exceptions: Catching Exceptions, Raising your own exceptions.

Chapter: 11.2.2-11.2.4, 11.3.2-11.3.9, 12.1, 12.2

Number of Hours:8

PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC

PART – A: FIXED SET OF EXPERIMENTS

1. a. Develop a python program to read 2 numbers from the keyboard and perform the basic arithmetic operations based on the choice. (1-Add, 2-Subtract, 3-Multiply, 4-Divide).
   b. Develop a program to read the name and year of birth of a person. Display whether the person is a senior citizen or not.
2. a. Develop a program to generate Fibonacci sequence of length (N). Read N from the console.
   b. Write a python program to create a list and perform the following operations
   - Inserting an element
   - Removing an element
   - Appending an element
   - Displaying the length of the list
   - Popping an element
   - Clearing the list
3. a. Read N numbers from the console and create a list. Develop a program to print mean, variance and standard deviation with suitable messages.
   b. Read a multi-digit number (as chars) from the console. Develop a program to print the frequency of each digit with a suitable message.
4. Develop a program to print 10 most frequently appearing words in a text file. [Hint: Use a dictionary with distinct words and their frequency of occurrences. Sort the dictionary in the reverse order of frequency and display the dictionary slice of the first 10 items.
5. Develop a program to read 6 subject marks from the keyboard for a student. Generate a report that displays the marks from the highest to the lowest score attained by the student. [Read the marks into a 1-Dimesional array and sort using the Bubble Sort technique].
6. Develop a program to sort the contents of a text file and write the sorted contents into a separate text file. [Hint: Use string methods strip(), len(), list methods sort(), append(), and file methods open(), readlines(), and write()].

7. Develop a function named DivExp which takes TWO parameters a, b, and returns a value c (c=a/b). Write a suitable assertion for a>0 in the function DivExp and raise an exception for when b=0. Develop a suitable program that reads two console values and calls the function DivExp.
8. Define a function that takes TWO objects representing complex numbers and returns a new complex number with the sum of two complex numbers. Define a suitable class 'Complex' to represent the complex number. Develop a program to read N (N >=2) complex numbers and to compute the addition of N complex numbers.
9. Text Analysis Tool: Build a tool that analyses a paragraph: frequency of each word, longest word, number of sentences, etc.
10. Develop Data Summary Generator: Read a CSV file (like COVID data or weather stats), convert to dictionary form, and allow the user to run summary queries: max, min, average by column.
11. Develop Student Grade Tracker: Accept multiple students' names and marks. Store them in a list of tuples or dictionaries. Display summary reports (average, topper, etc.).
12. Develop a program to display contents of a folder recursively (Directory) having sub-folders and files (name and type).

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Text books:

1. Peter Wentworth, Jeffrey Elkner, Allen B. Downey and Chris Meyers- How to think like a computer scientist: learning with python 3. Green Tea Press, Wellesley, Massachusetts,2020 https://media.readthedocs.org/pdf/howtothink/latest/howtothink.pdf

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Al Sweigart," Automate the Boring Stuff with Python, 2nd Edition: Practical Programming for Total Beginners",2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2022. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
2. Kyla McMullen, Elizabeth Matthews and June Jamrich Parsons, Programming with Python, Cengage, 2023.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.learnbyexample.org/python/

https://www.learnpython.org/

https://pythontutor.com/visualize.html#mode=edit

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Chalk and talk
2. PPT presentation
3. Demonstration
4. Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
5. Case-Based Teaching

Assessment Structure (IPCC): (Circular**-**Ref.: VTU/BGM/IPCC 2025/3748, DATED: 24TH Oct 2025)

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE Theory component will be **25 marks** and CIE Practical component will be **25 marks**.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for **25 marks**. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for **15 marks** through rubrics and for lab Internal Assessment will be conducted for **10 marks** through rubrics.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 25 marks**, i.e., **10 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 40% of 25marks**, i.e., **10marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure **a minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

A student is deemed to have **completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Identification of real-life problem and its relevance [CO1] [PO2]	Clearly defined and contextually relevant problem; innovative approach	Relevant and well-described problem	Partially relevant with limited context	Vague or not fully relevant problem	No identifiable or valid problem
Use of primitive constructs (variables, loops, functions, conditionals) [CO1] [PO1]	All constructs used correctly with proper logic and flow	Most constructs used properly	Basic constructs applied with some errors	Minimal construct usage with logical flaws	Incorrect or missing constructs
Manipulation of Python data structures (lists, tuples, dictionaries, sets) [CO2] [PO1]	Effective and optimized usage of Data Structures	Mostly appropriate usage	Some usage with basic understanding	Incorrect or limited use	Not used or misused entirely
Use of standard libraries and file operations (if applicable) [CO3, CO4] [PO5]	Libraries and file operations used correctly and meaningfully	Minor issues in usage	Limited or partially correct use	Attempted but faulty implementation	Not attempted or irrelevant
Code structure, modularity, and documentation [CO4] [PO9, PO11]	Modular, structured code with comments and output samples	Structured code with basic documentation	Limited comments or unclear structure	Poor documentation and readability	No documentation, disorganized code

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge: Understanding the problem statement [CO1-5] [PO1, PO2]	The student has in depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem. Student is able to completely understand the problem definition.	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem. Student is able to understand the problem definition.	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge and the problem definition.	Student has not understood the concepts partially. Student is able to partially understand the problem definition	Student has not understood the concepts and the problem definition clearly.
Design of algorithm/flow chart and program [CO1-5] [PO2, PO3]	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason.	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best.	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits.	Student is capable of explaining the design.	Student is capable of explaining the design partially.
Implementation (Program coding) with suitable tools [CO1-5] [PO5, PO8]	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure considering optimal solution/optimal efficiency.	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure and should be capable of explaining it.	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation.	Student is capable of implementing the design.	Student is capable of implementing the design with errors.
Program debugging and testing with suitable tools [CO1-5] [PO5, PO8]	Student is capable to compile and debug the program with no errors (syntax, semantic and logical).	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with full understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with partial understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with no understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with assistance.
Results & interpretation /analysis [CO1-5] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis.	Student is able to run the program for all the cases.	Student is able to run the code for few cases and analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to verify the correctness of the result.
Demonstration and documentation [CO1-4] [PO8, PO9, PO11]	Demonstration and lab record is well-organized, with clear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is organized, with clear sections, but some	Demonstration and lab record lacks clear organization or structure. Some sections are	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing sections. Record

	The record is well structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	sections are not well-defined. The record is structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	unclear or incomplete. The record is partially structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	The record is not properly structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	not submitted on time. The record is not structured with minimum formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).

Rubrics for CIE Test:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Fair (3)	Marginal (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO1]	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem & course	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student has average knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge	Student has not understood the concepts clearly
Understanding of problem definition (1) [CO1, CO2] [PO2]	Student is able to completely understand the problem definition	Student is able to understand the problem definition but not clearly	Student has a basic understanding of the problem definition that is partial or superficial	Student is able to Shows minimal or unclear understanding of the problem definition	Student is not able to understand the problem definition
Design and Implementation (3) [CO1, CO2] [PO3]	Student is capable of design and implementing with best suitable construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing with some construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing the core part of the construct for the given problem definition	Student is partially capable of design and implementing with some algorithm for the given problem definition	Student is not capable of design and implementing
Result & Analysis (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various data inputs and compare the result with proper inference.	Student will be able to run the program on various data inputs and fair knowledge in comparing the result with proper inference	Student will be able to run the code for few data/datasets and analyze the output.	Student will be able to run the code for few data inputs but not analyze the output.	Student will be not able to run the program and not able to analyze the result.
Communication (Viva voce) (2) [CO3] [PO8, PO9]	Good Verbal & nonverbal communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Good verbal Communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with imprecise and incorrect terminologies/ answers	Poor Communication (Minimal interaction/answers)

Computer Aided Engineering Drawing for CS Stream		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCEDS103/203	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2 :0 :2 : 0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (Conducted in batches similar to practical's)		

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1. Generate orthographic projections of points, lines, planes, and solids manually and with computer-aided tools.

CO 2. Develop the lateral surfaces of solids for real-world applications.

CO 3. Draw isometric views and convert isometric drawings to orthographic views.

CO 4. Create 3D models of embedded, networking, and IoT devices.

Module-1

Introduction:

Significance of Engineering drawing, BIS Conventions of Engineering Drawing, Free hand sketching of engineering drawing, Scales.

Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting software, Co-ordinate system and reference planes HP, VP, RPP & LPP of 2D/3D environment. Selection of drawing sheet size and scale. Commands and creation of Lines, coordinate points, axes, polylines, square, rectangle, polygons, splines, circles, ellipse, text, move, copy, off-set, mirror, rotate, trim, extend, break, chamfer, fillet and curves.

Orthographic Projections of Points, Lines and Planes:

Introduction to Orthographic projections, Orthographic projections of points in 1st and 3rd quadrants.

Orthographic projections of lines (Placed in First quadrant only as per BIS)

Orthographic projections of planes: triangular, square, rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal and circular lamina (Placed in First quadrant only using change of position method).

Number of Hours: 08

Module-2

Orthographic Projection of Solids:

Orthographic projection of right regular solids (Resting on HP only and inclined to both the planes); Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones.

Number of Hours: 08

Module-3

Section of Solids:

Introduction, Section planes, Sectional views: apparent shapes and true shapes, Sections of right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders and cones resting with their base on HP. (Concepts only and No Problems for practice)

Development of Lateral Surfaces of Solids:

Development of lateral surfaces of right regular Prisms, Pyramids, Cylinders & Cones and their frustums and truncations. Problems on applications of development of lateral surfaces like funnels and trays.

Number of Hours: 08

Module-4

Isometric Views:

Introduction to Isometric views, Isometric projections, Isometric scale.
Isometric view of hexahedron (cube), right regular prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres, Isometric view of combination of two simple solids, step block.

Conversion of simple isometric drawings into orthographic views: Problems on conversion of Isometric view of simple objects / engineering components into orthographic views.

Number of Hours: 08

Module-5

Computer Network Drawing (For CIE Only):

2D Network drawing with wired and wireless, Network topology - wired and wireless.
3D Modeling: Raspberry Pi / Arduino boards, Router & switches, IoT devices - Concept of converting to 3D printing format (stl)
Concept of Industrial drawing

Number of Hours: 08

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Textbooks:

1. K. R. Gopalakrishna, & Sudhir Gopalakrishna: A Textbook of Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, 39th Edition, Subash Stores, Bangalore, 2017
2. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing: Plane and Solid Geometry, 53rd Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2023.

Reference books:

1. S. N. Lal and T. Madhusudhan, Engineering Visualisation, engage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.; First Edition, 2022
2. P.J. Shah, Computer Aided Engineering Drawing, S. Chand Publishing, 2021
3. M. B. Shah & B.C. Rana., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, Revised Edition, 2009
4. Frederick E. Giesecke, et al., Technical Drawing with Engineering Graphics, Prentice Hall, 2016

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104172
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112102304
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105294
- https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=3d%20modeling&utm
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zbqrNg4C98U

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

- Flipped Classroom
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):
CIE shall be evaluated for 50 marks as detailed below:

The final CIE (50) = Class work marks (30) + Test marks (20)

- Class work marks should comprise of continuous evaluation of Drawing work of students as and when the Modules are covered based on the weightage as shown in the following table.

Module	**Max. Marks Weightage**	**Evaluation Weightage in marks**	
		Computer display and print out (a)	**Sketching (b)**
Module 1	20	15	05
Module 2	20	15	05
Module 3	20	15	05
Module 4	20	15	05
Module 5	20	15	05
Total	**100**	**75**	**25**
Consideration of Class work		Total of [(a) + (b)] = 100 **Scaled down to 30 Marks**	

- At least one **Test** covering all the modules is to be conducted for 100 marks and evaluation to be based as per SEE pattern, and the obtained marks is to be scaled down to **20 Marks.**

Semester End Examination (SEE):

- SEE shall be conducted in batches similar to practical's and evaluated for maximum of 100 Marks. Obtained marks shall be accounted for SEE final marks, reducing it by 50%.
- Two full questions shall be set from Modules 1, 2, 3 and 4. Students need to answer one full question from each module.
- Two full questions set from each Module shall cover the entire topic of the respective module.
- Question papers shall be provided by the University for each batch as per schedule.
- SEE shall be conducted by one Internal and one External Examiner.
- Evaluation shall be carried out jointly by both the examiners.
- The student may be awarded full marks, if he/she completes a solution on computer display without sketch.

- The weightage and distribution of marks for each Module is as shown in the following table:

Module	**Max. Marks Weightage**	**Evaluation Weightage in marks**	
		Computer display and print out (a)	**Sketching (b)**
Module 1	20	15	05
Module 2	30	25	05
Module 3	25	20	05
Module 4	25	20	05
Total	**100**	**80**	**20**
Consideration of SEE Marks		**Total of (a + b) ÷ 2 = Final SEE marks**	

Programming in C		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BEIT105/205**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Demonstrate fundamental concepts and language constructs of C programming.
CO2: Make use of control structures and arrays to solve basic computational problems.
CO3: Develop modular programs using user-defined functions for complex computational problems.
CO4: Construct user defined datatypes using structures, unions and enumerations to model simple real-world scenarios.
CO5: Choose suitable datatypes and language constructs to solve a given computational or real-world problem

Module-1

Introduction to Computing: Computer languages, Creating and Running Programs, System Development.

Overview of C: A Brief History of C, C Is a Middle-Level Language, C Is a Structured Language, C Is a Programmer's Language, Compilers Vs. Interpreters, The Form of a C Program, The Library and Linking, Separate Compilation, Compiling a C Program, C's Memory Map.

Expressions: The Basic Data Types, Modifying the Basic Types, Identifier Names, Variables, The Four C Scopes, Type Qualifiers, Storage Class Specifiers, Variable Initializations, Constants, Operators, Expressions.

Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.3, 1.4, 1.5; Textbook 1: Chapter 1, 2

Number of Hours: 08

Module-2

Console I/O: Reading and Writing Characters, Reading and Writing Strings, Formatted Console I/O, printf(), scanf().

Statements: True and False in C, Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements, Expression Statements, Block Statements.

Textbook 1: Chapter 8, 3

Number of Hours: 08

Module-3

Arrays and Strings: Single-Dimension Arrays, Generating a Pointer to an Array, Passing Single-Dimension Arrays to Functions, Strings, Two-Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Array Initialization, Variable - Length Arrays.

Pointers: What Are Pointers?, Pointer Variables, The Pointer Operators, Pointer Expressions, Pointers and Arrays, Multiple Indirection, Initializing Pointers.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4, 5

Number of Hours: 08

Module-4

Functions: The General Form of a Function, Understanding the Scope of a Function, Function Arguments, argc and argv—Arguments to main(), The return Statement, What Does main() Return?, Recursion, Function Prototypes, Declaring Variable Length Parameter Declarations, The inline Keyword.

Pointers (Contd…): Pointers to Functions, C's Dynamic Allocation Functions.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5, Chapter 6

Number of Hours:08

Module-5

Structures, Unions, Enumerations, and typedef: Structures, Arrays of Structures, Passing Structure to Functions, Structure Pointers, Arrays and Structures within Structures, Unions, Bit-Fields, Enumerations, Using sizeof to Ensure Portability, typedef.

Textbook 1: Chapter 7

Number of Hours:08

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Schildt, Herbert. "C the complete reference", 4th Edition, Mc GrawHill.
2. Hassan Afyouni, Behrouz A. Forouzan. "A Structured Programming Approach in C", 4th Edition, Cengage.

Reference books:

1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The 'C' Programming Language, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
2. Reema Thareja, Programming in C, 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2023.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/BS/15PCD23.html
2. Introduction to Programming in C [https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_cs02/preview]
3. C for Everyone: Programming Fundamentals [https://www.coursera.org/learn/c-for-everyone]
4. Computer Programming Virtual Lab [https://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/pointers/]
5. C Programming: The ultimate way to learn the fundamentals of the C language [https://www.pdfdrive.com/c-programming-the-ultimate-way-to-learn-the-fundamentals-of-the-c-language-e187584209.html]
6. C Programming: The Complete Reference [https://viden.io/knowledge/programming-in-c-language/attachment/28313/c-the-complete-reference-herbert-schildt-4th-edition-pdf/preview]
7. https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_013843237039374336345 17_shared/overview
8. C programming Tutorial: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/c/c-programming-language/.

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Flipped Classroom
2. Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
3. Case-Based Teaching
4. Simulation and Virtual Labs
5. ICT-Enabled Teaching

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course outcomes and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: Programming Assignment (Marks- 25)

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Course instructor will refer to HackerRank/HackerEarth/LeetCode or any other platform to derive the questions for problem-solving.
2. Course Instructor must identify programming problems from these sections: Statements (control), Arrays, Strings, Structures & Unions and Functions.
3. Courser instructor will assign THREE questions from each section to the students for design of algorithm, program and coding/execution.
4. Students must demonstrate the solutions to the course instructor and submit the record containing algorithm, program, debugging/execution and results with observations.
5. Course instructor must evaluate the student performance as per the rubrics.

Rubrics for Learning Activity-1 (Programming Assignment):

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Clarity & Simplicity of algorithm/program [CO1] [PO9]	Algorithm/Programs are self-explanatory, specific, and well-structured for the intended activity; no ambiguity is present.	Programs are clear and mostly specific; minor ambiguity is present.	Programs are somewhat clear but could be more specific; moderate ambiguity.	Programs are vague and lack clarity; high ambiguity.	Programs are unclear, incomplete, or irrelevant to the activity.
Appropriate Use of language constructs and design of algorithm/program [CO4, CO5] [PO1, PO3]	Demonstrates precise and creative usage of the language construct and structured programming	Correctly applies the language construct with minor gaps or missed opportunities.	Uses the language construct, but with partial understanding or inconsistent usage.	Limited understanding of the language construct; incorrect or weak usage.	No evidence of correct/relevant language construct use.
Compilation, Debugging, Analysis & Comparison of Results for various cases. [CO2, C03] [PO2, PO4, PO5]	Provides clear and correct results with analysis for multiple cases; comparisons among cases highlight key strengths and weaknesses.	Provides correct results with analysis for multiple cases, though slightly less detailed.	Provides correct results with limited analysis; comparisons are present but shallow.	Provides correct results. Minimal analysis: comparisons are weak or incomplete.	Results are partially correct. No meaningful analysis or comparison.
Creativity, efficiency of Problem-Solving/program [CO2, CO3] [PO3, PO11]	Demonstrates outstanding creativity and innovation in writing programs, especially for problem-solving or design tasks.	Demonstrates creativity and some innovation; Program solutions are practical.	Shows moderate creativity; programs are functional but not innovative.	Minimal creativity; programs are repetitive or unimaginative.	No creativity or problem-solving/Programming is evident.
Documentation & Reflection [CO1, CO4, CO5] [PO8/PO9/PO11]	Documentation is complete, well-organized, and includes deep reflection on improvements across iterations.	Documentation is complete with some reflection on program refinement.	Documentation is present but lacks detail or depth in reflection.	Incomplete documentation; reflection is minimal.	No documentation or reflection provided as per schedule.

Introduction to Electronics and Communication Engineering		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BESC104C/204C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Analyse basic electronic circuits using the principles of rectifiers, voltage regulators, and amplifiers.
2. Analyse the behaviour of analog circuits including oscillators and operational amplifiers in signal generation and conditioning applications.
3. Illustrate the fundamental concepts of analog and digital modulation techniques based on their characteristics and suitability for communication systems.
4. Interpret the structure and functionality of embedded systems and digital logic components such as microcontrollers, sensors, and logic gates.
5. Apply number system conversions and Boolean algebra to design and implement basic combinational logic circuits.

Module-1

Power Supplies: Block Diagram, Rectifiers, Reservoir and Smoothing Circuits, Improved Ripple Filters, Full Wave Rectifiers, Bi Phase Rectifiers Circuits, Bridge Rectifier Circuits, Voltage Regulators, Output Resistance and Voltage Regulation, Voltage Multipliers, (Only Voltage Doubler) Switched Mode Power Supplies.

Amplifiers: Types of Amplifiers, Gain, Input and Output Resistance, Frequency Response, Bandwidth, Phase Shift, Negative Feedback.

Text 1: Page No: 117-128, 139-146 Number of Hours:8

Module-2

Oscillators: Positive Feedback, Condition for Oscillations, Ladder Network Oscillator, Wein Bridge Oscillator, Single-Stage Astable Oscillator, Crystal Controlled Oscillators (Only Concepts, Working, and Waveforms. No Mathematical Derivations)

Operational Amplifiers: Operational Amplifier Parameters, Operational Amplifier Characteristics, Operational Amplifier Configurations, Operational Amplifier Circuits.

Text 1: Page No:179-186, 165-169, 171-175 Number of Hours:8

Module-3

Analog Communication Schemes: Introduction, Modern Communication System Scheme: Information Source and Input Transducer, Transmitter, Channel or Medium, Noise, Receiver, Concept of Modulation, Concept of Radio Wave Propagation (Ground, Space, Sky), Types of Communication Systems.

Modulation Schemes: Amplitude Modulation, Angle Modulation, Advantages of Digital Communication Over Analog Communication, Multiplexing, Digital Modulation Schemes: ASK, FSK, PSK, (Explanation with Waveform)

Text 2: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.9, 1.12, 1.15, 2.2.1, 3.2.1, 6.1, 6.11, 6.12, 6.13, 6.15, 6.16. Number of Hours:8

Module-4

Embedded Systems: Definition, Embedded Systems Vs General Computing Systems, Classification of Embedded Systems, Major Application Areas of Embedded Systems, Purpose of an Embedded System, Core of The Embedded System: Microprocessors, GPP Vs ASIP, Microcontrollers, Microprocessor Vs Microcontroller, DSP, RISC V/S CISC, Memory: ROM, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7-Segment LED Display.

Text 3: 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 2.1.1.1-2.1.1.6, 2.2.1, 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 2.3.3.1, 2.3.3.2. Number of Hours:8

Module-5

Boolean Algebra and Logic Circuits: Binary Numbers, Number Base Conversion- Binary, Decimal And Octal and Hexa Decimal Numbers and Vice-Versa, Complements-1's and 2's, Basic Definitions, Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Canonical and Standard Forms, Digital Logic Gates.

Combinational Logic: Introduction, Design Procedure, Adders- Half Adder, Full Adder.

Text 4: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.7, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3. Number of Hours:8

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book)

1. Mike Tooley "Electronic Circuits Fundamentals & Applications,"5th Edition, Elsevier, 2020.
2. S L Kakani and Priyanka Punglia, 'Communication Systems', Ist Edition, New Age International Publisher, 2017.
3. K V Shibu, 'Introduction to Embedded Systems', 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), Private Limited, 2019.
4. Digital Logic and Computer Design, M. Morris Mano, Pearson Education, 2017, ISBN-978-93-325- 4252-5.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122106025
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105132

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods)

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but a different type of teaching method may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain the functioning of various analog and digital circuits.
3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE):

CCE will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity 1: (Marks 25): Two assignments (for 10marks and 15marks) related to simulation of simple circuits (using any simulation tool such as LTSpice, KICad etc.), at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels, assignment reports should include circuit design, schematic, and simulation results.

Rubrics for Assignment

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Demonstrates an Understanding of Simulation Environment – 5 marks	Explains simulation concepts clearly, accurately, and with insightful connections **(5)**	Explains simulation concepts accurately with minor gaps in detail **(4)**	Shows basic understanding of simulation concepts but lacks depth or has some inaccuracies **(3)**	Understanding is limited, with frequent errors or confusion **(2)**	Shows little or no grasp of the simulation concepts **(2)**
Able to Apply Laws/Equations and Correct Methodology – 10 marks	Applies laws/equations flawlessly with correct and efficient methodology **(10)**	Applies laws/equations correctly with minor methodological lapses **(9)**	Applies laws/equations partially correctly; some steps or logic missing **(7)**	Frequent errors in applying laws/equations or methodology **(5)**	Unable to apply laws/equations or follow correct methodology **(3)**
Performs Accurate Calculations and Provides precise Answers – 10 marks	All calculations and simulations are accurate; answers precise and in correct format/units **(10)**	Minor calculation and simulation errors; answers mostly precise and correctly formatted **(9)**	Some correct calculation/simulations but noticeable errors; precision inconsistent **(7)**	Frequent calculations/simulation errors; answers often imprecise or incomplete **(6)**	Calculations/Simulations mostly incorrect; answers missing or irrelevant **(3)**

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- **Learning Activity -1:** Course Project
- **Learning Activity -2:** Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- **Learning Activity -3:** Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- **Learning Activity -4:** Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- **Learning Activity -5:** Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggest Innovative Deliver Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom

- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

"Jnana Sangama" Macche Belagavi - 590018

Innovation & Design Thinking Lab		Semester	1
Course Code:	**1BIDTL158**	**CIE Marks**	**50**
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	**0:0:2**	**SEE Marks**	**50**
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**2**	**Total Marks**	**100**
Credits	**1**	**Exam Hours**	
Examination type (SEE)	**Practical/Presentation/Seminar**		

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set) -

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Empathize with community problems and define meaningful challenges.
2. Apply design thinking principles and multidisciplinary skills to develop user-centric solutions.
3. Build and test basic prototypes using tools available in the Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Makers Space.
4. Pitch socially relevant ideas with scalable models.
5. Collaborate effectively in diverse teams.

Week 1, 2 & 3: Orientation and Team Formation

Week -1&2: Introduction to Social Entrepreneurship**,** Innovation and Design Thinking

Group discussion on What is **Innovation** vs **Invention**. Why **Design Thinking** is important. Brief about **5 stages**: Empathize – Define – Ideate – Prototype – Test.

Week -3: Innovation warm-up activities, forming interdisciplinary teams, Instructions about Next week activities

Week 4–5: Empathy and Field Exploration

Week-4&5: Field (any public places of student's interest Eg- Village, Government Office, Industry. R&D institute, NGO etc) visits, stakeholder interviews and interaction. Recording all interaction through handwritten in activity book prescribed by the University.

Week 6, 7 and 8: Problem Definition

Week-6: Documentation, categorization and Group discussion on interactions and problems/challenges.

Week-7&8: Problem framing using "How Might We" approach, Identification of social problems and user insights through affinity Clustering and Problem Tree. Mention of clearly defined challenge statements.

Week 9, 10 &11: Ideation Sprint

Week-9&10: Presentation by teams on Defined Problems, Brainstorming interactions and Mind Mapping.

Week-10: Idea Filtering - Shortlist of creative, eco -friendly and feasible ideas. Selection of one Suitable IDEA for next process, Designing/Structuring of Prototype model.

Week 12, 13 &14: Rapid Prototyping using Atal Idea Lab/Makers Space
Week-12&13: Building low-fidelity and working models using tools like Arduino, 3D printers,: Digital fabrication, electronics kits and recycled materials **Week-14:** User testing, Feedback collection, Iteration - Observation Notes, Feedback Forms (Designing a business model for impact and scalability, if possible) Preparation of Draft of social venture plan
Week 15 &16: Final Demo and Social Pitch
Innovation showcase, Poster display, Project pitching to jury ***Presentation of the project with impact with assessment, prototype, and sustainability plan***
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods) **1.Activity Based Learning** **2.Group discussion, Presentations.** **3. one faculty member shall be assigned to group of 60 students or one division.** **4. Each group shall contain Min. 4 and Max. 6 students.** **5. Nature of the group shall be multidisciplinary. (Group shall be formed by selecting students from all branches)**
Assessment Structure: The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage. • To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**. • To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) –

CIE Marks allocation Parameters for Social Entrepreneurship, Innovation & Design Thinking using Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Maker Space

CIE Parameters (50 Marks)

Sl. No.	CIE Component/Week	Marks	Description
1	Orientation Activities & Communication Skills	5	Participation in Week 1–3 orientation, communication and teamwork skill-building exercises.
2	Empathy & Field Exploration Documentation	10	Quality and completeness of field visit reflections, stakeholder interviews, and activity book.
3	Problem Definition and Framing	10	Clarity of challenge statements, use of "How Might We", Affinity Mapping, Problem Trees.
4	Ideation & Mind Mapping	10	Participation in brainstorming, mind mapping, idea filtering sessions.
5	Prototype Development & Iteration	10	Quality and creativity of prototype/model, user testing, feedback collection, iterations.
6	Teamwork, Journal, and Engagement	5	Peer and mentor evaluation of participation, teamwork, journal updates.
7	Total CIE marks	50	Final CIE marks to be considered

***Minimum to Qualify for SEE: 20 out of 50 in CIE**

Semester End Examination (SEE) –

SEE to be conducted in batches where the students will exhibit their projects along with the presentation and Viva -voce. – 100 Marks

"SEE shall be conducted by one Internal and one External Examiner"

Sl. No.	Evaluation Parameter	Marks	Details
1	Prototype / Solution Demonstration	30	Working functionality, creativity, use of lab tools, relevance to the problem.
2	Final Presentation / Social Pitch	20	Clarity, storytelling, problem-solution fit, communication, visual aids.
3	Business Model or Sustainability Plan	10	Feasibility, cost-effectiveness, scalability, and alignment with SDGs.
4	Viva Voce	20	Individual understanding, contribution, tools used, learning outcomes.
5	Documentation Report / Portfolio	20	Project report, reflection, team activity log, stakeholder input summaries.

Submission Requirements:

- Handwritten activity book with CIE marks and Final project report (Typed or Handwritten).
- Final presentation ppt/pdf (hard and soft copy).
- Prototype or working model [physical or conceptual (shall be drawn/sketched clearly on card sheet paper)].
- Peer/team feedback and reflection entries (if applicable).

Theory - 01 Credit Course

ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ - baLake Kannada (Kannada for Usage)

ಕನ್ನಡ ಕಲಿಕೆಗಾಗಿ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿದ ಪಠ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕ - (Prescribed Textbook to Learn Kannada)

Course Title:	**ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ**		
Course Code:	**1BKBK109**	CIE Marks	50
Course Type (Theory/Practical /Integrated	Theory	SEE Marks	50
		Total Marks	100
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	Exam Hours	01 Theory
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15 hours	Credits	01

Course objectives : ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಠ್ಯ ಕಲಿಕೆಯ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳು:

The course (1BKBK109) will enable the students,

1. To Create the awareness regarding the necessity of learning local language for comfortable and healthy life.
2. To enable learners to Listen and understand the Kannada language properly.
3. To speak, read and write Kannada language as per requirement.
4. To train the learners for correct and polite conservation.
5. To know about Karnataka state and its language, literature and General information about this state.

ಬೋಧನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕಲಿಕಾ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ (Teaching-Learning Process - General Instructions) :

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. **ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡವನ್ನು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರು ಬೋಧಿಸಲು ವಿಟಿಯು ಸೂಚಿಸಿರುವ ಪಠ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗಿಸಬೇಕು.**
2. **ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಅಂಶಗಳ ಚಾರ್ಟ್ ಗಳನ್ನು ತಯಾರಿಸಲು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳನ್ನು ಉತ್ತೇಜಿಸುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ಚರ್ಚಿಸಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು.**
3. **ಪ್ರತಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬಳಸುವಂತೆ ನೋಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರತಿ ಪಾಠ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರವಚನಗಳ ಮೂಲ ಅಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಪೂರಕ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಗಳಿಗೆ ತೊಡಗಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.**
4. **ಡಿಜಿಟಲ್ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನದ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ಇತ್ತೀಚೆಗೆ ಡಿಜಿಟಲೀಕರಣ ಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಭಾಷೆ ಕಲಿಕೆಯ ವಿಧಾನಗಳನ್ನು ಪಿಪಿಟಿ ಮತ್ತು ದೃಶ್ಯ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮದ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ಚರ್ಚಿಸಲು ಕ್ರಮಕ್ಕೆಗೊಳ್ಳುವುದು. ಇದರಿಂದ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳನ್ನು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಏಕಾಗ್ರತೆಯಿಂದ ಪಾಠ ಕೇಳಲು ಮತ್ತು ಅಧ್ಯಯನದಲ್ಲಿ ತೊಡಗಲು ಅನುಕೂಲವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.**
5. **ಭಾಷಾಕಲಿಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಯೋಗಾಲಯದ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ಬಹುಬೇಗ ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆಯನ್ನು ಕಲಿಯಲು ಅನುಕೂಲವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಕಾರ್ಯಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಯೋಜನೆಗಳನ್ನು ರೂಪಿಸುವುದು.**

Module - 1

(03 hours of pedagogy)

1. Introduction, Necessity of learning a local language. Methods to learn the Kannada language.
2. Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few tips. Hints for correct and polite conservation, Listening and Speaking Activities, Key to Transcription
3. ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ, ಸ್ವಾಮ್ಯಸೂಚಕ/ಸಂಬಂಧಿತ ಸಾರ್ವನಾಮಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದಗಳು - Personal Pronouns, Possessive Forms, Interrogative words

Module - 2 (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ನಾಮಪದಗಳ ಸಂಬಂಧಾರ್ಥಕ ರೂಪಗಳು, ಸಂದೇಹಾಸ್ಪದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಬಂಧವಾಚಕ ನಾಮಪದಗಳು - **Possessive forms of nouns, dubitive question and Relative nouns**
2. ಗುಣ, ಪರಿಮಾಣ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಣಬಣ್ಣ ವಿಶೇಷಣಗಳು, ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳು **Qualitative, Quantitative and Colour Adjectives, Numerals**
3. ಕಾರಕ ರೂಪಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು –ಸಪ್ತಮಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯ – (ಆ, ಅದು, ಅವು, ಅಲ್ಲಿ) –**Predictive Forms, Locative Case**

Module - 3 (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಚತುರ್ಥಿ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯದ ಬಳಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಖ್ಯಾವಾಚಕಗಳು - **Dative Cases, and Numerals**
2. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾಗುಣವಾಚಕಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬಹುವಚನ ನಾಮರೂಪಗಳು -**Ordinal numerals and Plural markers**
3. ನ್ಯೂನ/ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು & ವರ್ಣ ಗುಣವಾಚಕಗಳು –**Defective/Negative Verbs & Colour Adjectives**

Module- 4 (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ / ಒಪ್ಪಿಗೆ, ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ, ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಮತು ಒತ್ತಾಯ ಆರ್ಥರೂಪ ಪದಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳು **Permission, Commands, encouraging and Urging words (Imperative words and sentences)**
2. ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ದ್ವಿತೀಯ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಭವನೀಯ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳು **Accusative Cases and Potential Forms used in General Communication**
3. "ಇರು ಮತ್ತು ಇರಲ್ಲ" ಸಹಾಯಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳು, ಸಂಭಾವ್ಯಸೂಚಕ ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಪದಗಳು - Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Corresponding Future and Negation Verbs
4. ಹೋಲಿಕೆ (ತರತಮ) , ಸಂಬಂಧ ಸೂಚಕ, ವಸ್ತು ಸೂಚಕ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ನಿಷೇಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದಗಳ ಬಳಕೆ- Comparitive, Relationship, Identification and Negation Words

Module - 5 (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಕಾಲ ಮತ್ತು ಸಮಯದ ಹಾಗೂ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದಗಳ ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳು -Different types of Tense, Time and Verbs
2. ದ್, -ತ್, - ತು, - ಇತು, - ಆಗಿ, - ಅಲ್ಲ, - ಗ್, -ಕ್, ಇದೆ, ಕ್ರಿಯಾ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯಗಳೊಂದಿಗೆ ಭೂತ, ಭವಿಷ್ಯತ್ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ತಮಾನ ಕಾಲ ವಾಕ್ಯ ರಚನೆ - Formation of Past, Future and Present Tense Sentences with Verb Forms
3. **Kannada Vocabulary List :ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೋಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳು -Kannada Words in Conversation**

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಠ್ಯ ಕಲಿಕೆಯಿಂದ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಆಗುವ ಅನುಕೂಲಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಫಲಿತಾಂಶಗಳು:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	To understand the necessity of learning of local language for comfortable life.
CO2	To speak, read and write Kannada language as per requirement.
CO3	To communicate (converse) in Kannada language in their daily life with kannada speakers.
CO4	To Listen and understand the Kannada language properly.
CO5	To speak in polite conservation.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50). The minimum passing mark for the SEE is 35% of the maximum marks (18 marks out of 50). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than

35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.Learning Activity -1: (Marks- ___)Learning Activity -2 (optional): (Marks- ___)

University Prescribed Textbook :

ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ

ಡಾ. ಎಲ್. ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶ

ಪ್ರಕಟಣೆ : ಪ್ರಸಾರಾಂಗ,

ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ.

ಸೂಚನೆ :

ವಿಶೇಷ ಸೂಚನೆ : 1. ಮೇಲಿನ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಕ್ಕೆ ಸೀಮಿತವಾಗಿ ಅಂತಿಮ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ.

2. ಮೇಲಿನ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಹೊರತುಪಡಿಸಿದ ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಠ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕದಲ್ಲಿನ ಉಳಿದ ಭಾಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚುವರಿ ಪೂರಕ ಓದಿಗಾಗಿ ಬಳಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. ಅಂತಿಮ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಪಾಠಗಳಿಂದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಕೇಳಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

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3. ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರಣೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಡಾ. ಎಲ್. ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶ (9900832331) ಇವರನ್ನು ಸಂಪರ್ಕಿಸಿ.

4. ಮಾದರಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆ, ಕೋರ್ಸ್ ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ, ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಾಮಗ್ರಿ & ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾದರಿಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಕೈಪಿಡಿಗಾಗಿ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯದ ವೆಬ್ ಸೈಟ್ ನೋಡುವುದು.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- ✓ Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)
- ✓ For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts
- ✓ Organising Group wise discussions Connecting to placement activities
- ✓ Quizzes and Discussions.
- ✓ Seminars and assignments.

Theory - 01 Credit Course

ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ - ಕನ್ನಡ ಬಲ್ಲ ಮತ್ತು ಕನ್ನಡ ಮಾತೃಭಾಷೆಯ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ನಿಗದಿಪಡಿಸಿದ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ

Course Title:	ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ		
Course Code:	1BKSK109	CIE Marks	50
Course Type (Theory/Practical /Integrated	Theory	SEE Marks	50
		Total Marks	100
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	Exam Hours	01 Theory
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15 hours	Credits	01

Course objectives : ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಠ್ಯ ಕಲಿಕೆಯ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳು:

The course (22KSK17/27) will enable the students,

1. ಪದವಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಾಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆ, ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು.
2. ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಭಾಗವಾದ ಆಧುನಿಕಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು ಆಧುನಿಕ ಕಾವ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಚಯಿಸಿವುದು.
3. ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅರಿವು ಹಾಗೂ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಮೂಡಿಸುವುದು.
4. ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯವನ್ನು ಹಾಗೂ ಅವರುಗಳ ಸಾಧಿಸಿದ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಚಯಿಸುವುದು.
5. ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ, ಜನಪದ ಹಾಗೂ ಪ್ರವಾಸ ಕಥನಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು.

ಬೋಧನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕಲಿಕಾ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ (Teaching-Learning Process - General Instructions) :

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the course outcomes.

1. ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡವನ್ನು ಬೋಧಿಸಲು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರು ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಆಧಾರಿಸಿ ಬ್ಲಾಕ್ ಬೋರ್ಡ್ ವಿಧಾನವನ್ನು ಅನುಸರಿಸುವುದು. ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಅಂಶಗಳ ಚಾರ್ಟ್ ಗಳನ್ನು ತಯಾರಿಸಲು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳನ್ನು ಪ್ರೇರೇಪಿಸುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅವುಗಳನ್ನು ಚರ್ಚಿಸಲು ಅವಕಾಶ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು.
2. ಇತ್ತೀಚಿನ ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನದ ಅನುಕೂಲಗಳನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು - ಅಂದರೆ ಕವಿ-ಕಾವ್ಯ ಪರಿಚಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕವಿಗಳ ಚಿತ್ರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಲೇಖನಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಕಥೆ ಕಾವ್ಯಗಳ ಮೂಲ ಅಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಧ್ವನಿ ಚಿತ್ರಗಳು, ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಗಳು, ಈಗಾಗಲೇ ಇತರ ವಿಮರ್ಶಕರು ಬರೆದಿರುವ ವಿಮರ್ಶಾತ್ಮಕ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನು ಟಿಪಿಟಿ, ಡಿಜಿಟಲ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮಗಳ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸುವುದು.
3. ನವೀನ ಮಾದರಿಯ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಬೋಧನೆಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ವಿಧಾನಗಳನ್ನು ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನುಕೂಲವಾಗುವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಳವಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು.

ಘಟಕ -1 ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಭಾಷೆ ಕುರಿತಾದ ಲೇಖನಗಳು (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿ - ಹಂಪ ನಾಗರಾಜಯ್ಯ
2. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಏಕೀಕರಣ : ಒಂದು ಅಪೂರ್ವ ಚರಿತ್ರೆ - ಜಿ. ವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ
3. ಆಡಳಿತ ಭಾಷೆಯಾಗಿ ಕನ್ನಡ - ಡಾ. ಎಲ್. ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರೊ. ವಿ. ಕೇಶವಮೂರ್ತಿ

ಘಟಕ - 2 ಆಧುನಿಕ ಪೂರ್ವದ ಕಾವ್ಯ ಭಾಗ (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ವಚನಗಳು : ಬಸವಣ್ಣ, ಅಕ್ಕಮಹಾದೇವಿ, ಅಲ್ಲಮಪ್ರಭು, ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿ ಮಾರಯ್ಯ, ಜೇಡರದಾಸಿಮಯ್ಯ, ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿ ಲಕ್ಕಮ್ಮ.
2. ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು : ಅದರಿಂದೇನು ಫಲ ಇದರಿಂದೇನು ಫಲ – ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು
   ತಲ್ಲಣಿಸದಿರು ಕಂಡ್ಯ ತಾಳು ಮನವೇ - ಕನಕದಾಸರು
3. ತತ್ವಪದಗಳು : ಸಾವಿರ ಕೊಡಗಳ ಸುಟ್ಟು - ಶಿಶುನಾಳ ಶರೀಫ

ಘಟಕ -3 ಆಧುನಿಕ ಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗ (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಡಿವಿಜಿ ರವರ ಮಂಕುತಿಮ್ಮನ ಕಗ್ಗದಿಂದ ಆಯ್ದ ಕೆಲವು ಭಾಗಗಳು
2. ಕುರುಡು ಕಾಂಚಾಣ : ದಾ.ರಾ. ಬೇಂದ್ರೆ
3. ಹೊಸಬಾಳಿನ ಗೀತೆ : ಕುವೆಂಪು

ಘಟಕ - 4 ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯ (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಡಾ. ಸರ್. ಎಂ. ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ : ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಐತಿಹ್ಯ – ಎ. ಎನ್. ಮೂರ್ತಿರಾವ್
2. ಕರಕುಶಲ ಕಲೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪರಂಪರೆಯ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ : ಕರೀಗೌಡ ಬೀಚನಹಳ್ಳಿ

ಘಟಕ - 5 ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ, ಜನಪದ ಕಥೆ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರವಾಸ ಕಥನ (03 hours of pedagogy)

1. ಯುಗಾದಿ : ವಸುಧೇಂದ್ರ
2. ಮೆಗಾನೆ ಎಂಬ ಗಿರಿಜನ ಪರ್ವತ : ಹಿ.ಚಿ. ಬೋರಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ (22KSK17/27) ಪಠ್ಯ ಕಲಿಕೆಯ ನಂತರ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ :

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷೆ, ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಕನ್ನಡದ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಕುರಿತು ಅರಿವು ಮೂಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ.
CO2	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಆಧುನಿಕ ಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು ಆಧುನಿಕ ಕಾವ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾಂಕೇತಿಕವಾಗಿ ಕಲಿತು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಓದಿಗೆ

	ಮತ್ತು ಜ್ಞಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಸ್ಪೂರ್ತಿ ಮೂಡುತ್ತದೆ.
CO3	ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಅರಿವು ಹಾಗೂ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.
CO4	ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯ ಹಾಗೂ ಅವರುಗಳ ಸಾಧಿಸಿದ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಂಡು ನಾಡಿನ ಇನ್ನಿತರ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಕೌತುಕತೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.
CO5	ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ, ಜನಪದ ಹಾಗೂ ಪ್ರವಾಸ ಕಥನಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುವುದು.

Assessment Structure:
The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the CIE, a student must score at least 40% of 50 marks, i.e., 20 marks. • To pass the SEE, a student must score at least 35% of 50 marks, i.e., 18 marks.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have passed the course, provided the combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):
CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students.
These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.Learning Activity -1: (Marks- ___)Learning Activity -2 (optional): (Marks- ___)

University Prescribed Textbook :

ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ

ಡಾ. ಹಿ.ಚಿ.ಬೋರಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಡಾ. ಎಲ್. ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶ,

ಪ್ರಕಟಣೆ : ಪ್ರಸಾರಾಂಗ,

ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ.

ವಿಶೇಷ ಸೂಚನೆ : 1. ಮೇಲಿನ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಕ್ಕೆ ಸೀಮಿತವಾಗಿ ಅಂತಿಮ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆ ಇರುತ್ತದೆ.

2. ಮೇಲಿನ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಹೊರತುಪಡಿಸಿದ ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಠ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕದಲ್ಲಿನ ಉಳಿದ ಪದ್ಯ & ಗದ್ಯ ಭಾಗ ಹಾಗೂ ಇತರ ಲೇಖನಗಳನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚುವರಿ ಪೂರಕ ಓದಿಗಾಗಿ ಬಳಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. ಅಂತಿಮ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಪಾಠಗಳಿಂದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಕೇಳಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

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3. ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಮತ್ತು ವಿವರಣೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಡಾ. ಎಲ್. ತಿಮ್ಮೇಶ (9900832331) ಇವರನ್ನು ಸಂಪರ್ಕಿಸಿ.

4. ಮಾದರಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆ, ಕೋರ್ಸ್ ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ, ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಸಾಮಗ್ರಿ & ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾದರಿಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಕೈಪಿಡಿಗಾಗಿ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯದ ವೆಬ್ ಸೈಟ್ ನೋಡುವುದು.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- ✓ Contents related activities (Activity-based discussions)
- ✓ For active participation of students instruct the students to prepare Flowcharts and Handouts
- ✓ Organising Group wise discussions Connecting to placement activities
- ✓ Quizzes and Discussions, Seminars and assignments.

CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA		Semester	1
Course Code	**1BMATS101**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hours Theory + 20Hours Tutorial	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3 hrs
Examination type (SEE)	**Theory**		

Course Outcomes

CO1: Apply the concepts of multivariable calculus and vector calculus to compute derivatives, optimize functions, and analyze vector fields for applications in computer science engineering.

CO2: Solve system of linear equations and determine eigenvalues and eigenvectors using direct and iterative methods.

CO3: Apply the concepts of vector spaces and linear transformations to problems in computer science engineering.

CO4: Demonstrate the applications of computer science and allied engineering Science using modern ICT tools.

Module-1: Calculus (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Partial differentiation, total derivative, differentiation of composite functions, Jacobian, Statement of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion for two variables. Maxima and minima for the function of two variables.

Textbook-1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.1- 5.11

Module-2: Vector Calculus (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Scalar and vector fields, Gradient, directional derivatives, divergence and curl - physical interpretation, solenoidal vector fields, irrotational vector fields and scalar potential.

Introduction to polar coordinates and polar curves.

Curvilinear coordinates: Scale factors, base vectors, Cylindrical polar coordinates, Spherical polar coordinates, transformation between cartesian and curvilinear systems, orthogonality.

Module-3: System of Linear Equations, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Elementary row transformation of a matrix, Echelon form, rank of a matrix. Consistency and solution of system of linear equations: Gauss elimination method, Gauss Jordan method. Applications: Traffic flow.

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, diagonalization of the matrix, modal matrix.

Textbook-1: Chapter 2: Sections 2.7-2.16, Chapter 28: Sections 28.6 and 28.7

Textbook-2: Chapter-7

Module-4: Vector Space (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Vector spaces: definition and examples, subspace: definition and examples. Linear Combinations, linear span, linearly independent and dependent sets, basis and dimension, row space and column space of a matrix, Coordinates vector, inner products and orthogonality.

Textbook-3: Chapter 4: Sections 4.1 to 4.9 and 4.11

Module-5: Linear Transformation (8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)

Definition and examples, algebra of linear transformations, matrix of a linear transformation. Singular, non-singular linear transformations and invertible linear transformations. Rank and nullity of linear transformations, Rank-Nullity theorem.

Textbook-3: Chapter 5: Sections 5.3- 5.7 Chapter 6: Sections-6.1-6.2

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/Reference Book):

Textbooks:

1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Ed., 2021.
2. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley&Sons,10th Ed.,2018.
3. Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lipson, Linear Algebra, Schaum's outlines series, 4th Ed., 2008.

Reference books:

1. B.V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed., 2017
2. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Cengage Publications, 4th Ed., 2022.
3. N. P Bali and Manish Goyal, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 10th Ed., 2022.
4. James Stewart, Calculus, Cengage Publications, 7thEd., 2019.
5. David Poole, Linear Algebra, a modern introduction, Cengage publishers, 4th Ed., 2014.
6. David C Lay, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Pearson Publishers, 4th Ed., 2018.
7. Gareth Williams, Linear Algebra with applications, Jones Bartlett Publishers Inc., 6th Ed., 2017.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106135
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111105160
- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/
- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-02sc-multivariable-calculus-fall-2010/

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied mathematical skills.

2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
6. Show short-related video lectures in the following ways:
   - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
   - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
   - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
   - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
   - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

The CIE Theory component consists of average of TWO IA tests for 25 marks and Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA) for 25 marks.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course,** provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted with a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity-1: Tutorial: Practicing problems (Two objective type assessments for 7.5 marks each (Total 15 marks).

Learning Activity-2: Choose either lab activity or seminar for 10 marks

- **Lab activity:** Execute the following lab exercises with the aid of any modern technological tool (Matlab/ Mathematica/ Scilab/ Python/ Maxima, etc).
- **Seminars:** The students has to present applications of mathematics related to syllabus as a group maximum of four members.

List of Lab Activities:

1) Finding partial derivatives and Jacobian,
2) Expansion of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series,
3) Finding Gradient, divergence and curl,
4) Finding rank, reduced echelon form, solving system of linear equations using Gauss elimination method,
5) Solving system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidel method,
6) Determine Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors,
7) Linearly Independence and Dependence sets,
8) Basis and dimension,
9) Linear transformation-range space and null space,
10) Verification of the rank nullity theorem.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

ACTIVITY-1	**Superior (13-15)**	**Good (10-12)**	**Fair (7-9)**	**Needs Improvement (4-6)**	**Unacceptable (0-3)**
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO-1/PO -1, PO-12 Mapping)	**Demonstrates complete understanding of the topic**	**Shows good understanding with minor errors**	**some key points are missing**	**Shows little understanding**	**Very poor performance**
Performance Indicator-2 (CO-2, CO-3 /PO-1, PO-12, Mapping)	**creatively to solve problems**	**Participates regularly but may need occasional prompting**	**Demonstrates partial understanding**	**major misconceptions present**	**Inadequate performance**
ACTIVITY-2	**9-10**	**7-8**	**5-6**	**3-4**	**1-2**
Performance Indicator-3 (CO-3/PO-5, PO-12, Mapping)	**perform tasks independently**	**Applies knowledge correctly**	**limited creativity.**	**Unable to apply knowledge appropriately.**	**Identical performance**

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation

- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

QUANTUM PHYSICS AND APPLICATIONS		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BPHYS102/202**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	64	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	**Descriptive**		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain core quantum concepts and their computational relevance.
2. Analyze electronic behavior in metals and semiconductors for key material properties.
3. Discuss superconductivity phenomena and their role in quantum systems.
4. Describe radiation–matter interaction and photonic device operation.
5. Summarize fundamentals of quantum computing and predict simple circuit outcomes.

Module-1

Quantum Mechanics:

de Broglie Hypothesis, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and its application (Broadneing of Spectral Lines), Principle of Complementarity, Wave Function, Time independent Schrödinger wave equation (Derivation), Physical significance of a wave function and Born Interpretation, Expectation value and its physical significance, Eigen functions and Eigen values, Particle inside one dimensional infinite potential well, Role of higher dimensions (Qualitative), Waveforms and Probabilities, Particle inside a finite potential well and quantum tunneling, Numerical Problems.

Text Book : 1, 2 Reference Books : 1, 2 Number of Hours: 8

Module-2

Electrical Properties of Metals and Semiconductors:

Failures of classical free electron theory, Mechanisms of electron scattering in solids, Matheissen's rule, Assumptions of Quantum Free Electron Theory, Density of States, Fermi Dirac statistics, Fermi Energy, Variation of Fermi Factor With Temperature and Energy, Expression for carrier concentration in a conductor, Mention of expression for electrical conductivity, Success of quantum free electron theory of metals, Derivation of electron concentration in an intrinsic semiconductor, Expression for electron and hole concentration in extrinsic semiconductor (Qualitative), Fermi level for intrinsic(with derivation) and extrinsic semiconductor (no derivation), Hall effect, Numerical Problems.

Text Book : 1 , 3 Reference Book : 1, 9 Number of

Module-3

Superconductivity:

Zero resistance state, Persistent current, Meissner effect, Critical temperature, Critical current (Silsbee Effect) – Derivation of expression of critical current for a cylindrical wire using ampere's law, Critical field, Formation of Cooper pairs - Mediation of phonons, Two-fluid model, BCS Theory - Phase coherent state, Limitations of BCS theory, examples of systems with low and high electron-phonon coupling, Type-I and Type-II superconductors, Formation of Vortices, Explanation for upper critical field, Cooper pair tunneling (Andreev reflection), Josephson junction, Flux quantization, DC and AC SQUID (Qualitative), Numerical Problems.

Text Books : 1, 3 , Reference Book: 3 , 4 Number of Hours: 8

Module-4

Photonics :

Interaction of radiation with matter – Einstein's A and B coefficients and derivation of expression for energy density, Prerequisites for lasing actions, Types of LASER, Semiconductor diode LASER, Use of attenua-

tors for single photon sources, Optical modulators – Pockel's effect, Kerr effect, Photodetectors – Single Photon Avalanche Diode, Superconducting Nanowire Single Photon Detector, Optical fiber, Derivation of Numerical aperture, V-number, Number of modes, losses in optical fiber, Mach-Zehnder interferometer, Numerical problems.

Text Books: 1, 2, Reference Book: 5, 6 Number of Hours:8

Module-5

Quantum Computing:

Moore's law - limitation of VLSI, Classical vs Quantum Computation, bit, Qubit and its properties, Bloch Sphere, Dirac notation, Brief discussion on types of qubit, Superconducting qubits, Harmonic oscillator (qualitative) – Need for anharmonicity, Charge qubit, Operators and Operations (matrix form), Quantum Gates – Pauli Gates, Phase gate (S, T), Hadamard Gate, Two qubit gates – CNOT gate, Entanglement, Bell States, Predicting the outputs of various combinations of single and two-qubit gates, Numerical Problems.

Text Book: 4 , Reference Book :7, 8 Number of Hours:8

PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC

PART – A: FIXED SET OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Determination of wavelength of LASER using Diffraction Grating.
2. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of the given Optical Fiber.
3. Study the Characteristics of a Photo-Diode and to determine the power responsivity / Verification of Inverse Square Law of Light
4. Determination of Planck's Constant using LEDs / Black-Body.
5. Determination of Fermi Energy of Copper.
6. Determination of Energy gap of the given Semiconductor.
7. Black-Box Experiment (Identification of basic Electronic Components)
8. Resonance in LCR circuit and determination of coefficient of self induction.
9. Study the I-V Characteristics of a Bipolar Junction Transistor and hence determine α and β.
10. Determination of resistivity of a semiconductor by Four Probe Method.
11. Predicting the outputs of various combinations of single and two-qubit gates using QUIRK Quantum Simulator. a) https://www.quirk-e.dev/ b) https://algassert.com/quirk
12. Predicting the outputs of various combinations of single and two-qubit gates using QISKIT.
13. Air-wedge / Newtons to study the interference by the division of amplitude.
14. Experimental Data Analysis using Spread Sheet.

Note :

1. At least ten laboratory experiments must be conducted.
2. Minimum one quantum simulation experiment is mandatory and should be conducted either in the computer lab for the entire batch or on dedicated systems in the physics lab.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Text books:

1. Engineering Physics, Satyendra Sharma and Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson, 2018.
2. Engineering Physics, S L Kakani, Shubra Kakani, 3rd Edition, 2020, CBS Publishers and Distributers Pvt. Ltd., 2018
3. Solid State Physics, S. O. Pillai, New Age International
4. Quantum Computing, Parag K Lala, McGraw Hill, 2020.

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Beiser, A. (2002). Concepts of Modern Physics (6th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education..
2. Griffiths, D. J. (2018). Introduction to Quantum Mechanics (2nd or 3rd ed.). Pearson.
3. Tinkham, M. (2004). Introduction to Superconductivity (2nd ed.). Dover Publications.
4. Mishra, P. K. (2009). Superconductivity – Basics and Applications. Ane Books.

5. LASERS and Non-Linear Optics, B B Loud, New Age International,
6. Saleh, B. E. A., & Teich, M. C. (2019). Fundamentals of Photonics (3rd ed.). Wiley
7. Nielsen, M. A., & Chuang, I. L. (2010). Quantum Computation and Quantum Information (10th Anniversary ed.). Cambridge University Press.
8. Vishal Sahani, Quantum Computing, McGraw Hill Education, 2007 Edition.
9. Solid State Physics, A J Dekker (2000), Indian Ed., Macmillan Publishers India, New Delhi.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. NPTEL – Quantum Mechanics I (IIT Madras): https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106066
2. NPTEL – Physics: Introductory Quantum Mechanics (NOC): https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/104/115104096
3. Solid State Physics – NPTEL (IIT Madras) https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106127
4. A Brief Course on Superconductivity – NPTEL IIT Guwahati (Prof. Saurabh Basu)
5. Playlist Introduction Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SHoGV-sezNI
6. Full playlist available via the YouTube channel description or archive link.
7. Concepts in Magnetism and Superconductivity – NOC (IIT Kharagpur)Series start (Lecture 1): https://digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/115105131/L01.html
8. Introduction to Photonics – NPTEL (IIT Madras, Prof. Balaji Srinivasan) Lecture 03 to Lecture 12 cover: Direct video link (start Lecture 03): https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108106135/03
9. Semiconductor Optoelectronics – NPTEL (IIT Delhi, Prof. M. R. Shenoy)Direct video link (start relevant lecture): https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108174/05
10. Lecture 04 – Quantum Computing Basics: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-fttE1SzpD8
11. Lecture 08 – Quantum Gates and Circuits Part 1: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nGPr1QM_XrY

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Self-Learning using AI Tools
2. Activity Based Learning
3. Gamification of Activities
4. Short Animations and Videos
5. Models and Working Models
6. Simulations and Interactive Simulations
7. Experiential Learning
8. Flipped Class Learning
9. Hybrid Learning
10. ICT Based Learning

Assessment Structure (IPCC): (Circular**-**Ref.: VTU/BGM/IPCC 2025/3748, DATED: 24TH Oct 2025)

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE Theory component will be **25 marks** and CIE Practical component will be **25 marks**.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for **25 marks**. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for **15 marks** through rubrics and for lab Internal Assessment will be conducted for **10 marks** through rubrics.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 25 marks**, i.e., **10 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 40% of 25marks**, i.e., **10marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure **a minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

A student is deemed to have **completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO5, PO11)	Clearly explains quantum principles (e.g., uncertainty, wave function) with computational relevance	Explains core principles accurately with minor conceptual gaps	Basic understanding with limited linkage to applications	Fragmented explanation with weak application context	Fails to explain quantum concepts or relevance to computation
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Accurately analyzes electron behavior using classical and quantum models for conductivity	Reasonable analysis with some misinterpretation of models	Basic recognition of conduction principles with weak analysis	Limited understanding and incorrect application of models	No meaningful analysis of conduction mechanisms
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Effectively evaluates superconducting principles and applies them in quantum contexts	Good understanding of concepts but lacks depth in application	Identifies phenomena but struggles with significance or relevance	Limited and inaccurate explanation of superconductivity	Fails to explain or apply superconductivity principles
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates clear understanding of radiation-matter interaction and device principles	Explains device operations with minor misconceptions	Recognizes device function but lacks technical depth	Inadequate understanding of photonic principles	Unable to interpret or explain device behavior
Performance Indicator 5 (CO5 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Accurately summarizes quantum computing concepts and predicts circuit behavior	Good explanation of quantum gates with some errors in logic application	Basic description of qubits and circuits without predictive insight	Inconsistent understanding of quantum computing logic	Fails to explain or apply quantum computing principles

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2,	Clearly explains quantum principles (e.g., uncertainty,	Explains core principles accurately with	Basic understanding with limited linkage	Fragmented explanation with weak application	Fails to explain quantum concepts or relevance to compu-

PO5, PO11)	wave function) with computational relevance	minor conceptual gaps	to applications	context	tation
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Accurately analyzes electron behavior using classical and quantum models for conductivity	Reasonable analysis with some misinterpretation of models	Basic recognition of conduction principles with weak analysis	Limited understanding and incorrect application of models	No meaningful analysis of conduction mechanisms
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Effectively evaluates superconducting principles and applies them in quantum contexts	Good understanding of concepts but lacks depth in application	Identifies phenomena but struggles with significance or relevance	Limited and inaccurate explanation of superconductivity	Fails to explain or apply superconductivity principles
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates clear understanding of radiation-matter interaction and device principles	Explains device operations with minor misconceptions	Recognizes device function but lacks technical depth	Inadequate understanding of photonic principles	Unable to interpret or explain device behavior
Performance Indicator 5 (CO5 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Accurately summarizes quantum computing concepts and predicts circuit behavior	Good explanation of quantum gates with some errors in logic application	Basic description of qubits and circuits without predictive insight	Inconsistent understanding of quantum computing logic	Fails to explain or apply quantum computing principles

Rubrics for SEE / CIE Test:

	Superior	**Good**	**Fair**	**Needs Improvement**	**Unacceptable**
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO5, PO11)	Clearly explains quantum principles (e.g., uncertainty, wave function) with computational relevance	Explains core principles accurately with minor conceptual gaps	Basic understanding with limited linkage to applications	Fragmented explanation with weak application context	Fails to explain quantum concepts or relevance to computation
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Accurately analyzes electron behavior using classical and quantum models for conductivity	Reasonable analysis with some misinterpretation of models	Basic recognition of conduction principles with weak analysis	Limited understanding and incorrect application of models	No meaningful analysis of conduction mechanisms
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Effectively evaluates superconducting principles and applies them in quantum contexts	Good understanding of concepts but lacks depth in application	Identifies phenomena but struggles with significance or relevance	Limited and inaccurate explanation of superconductivity	Fails to explain or apply superconductivity principles
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates clear understanding of radiation-matter interaction and device principles	Explains device operations with minor misconceptions	Recognizes device function but lacks technical depth	Inadequate understanding of photonic principles	Unable to interpret or explain device behavior

Performance Indicator 5 (CO5 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Accurately summarizes quantum computing concepts and predicts circuit behavior	Good explanation of quantum gates with some errors in logic application	Basic description of qubits and circuits without predictive insight	Inconsistent understanding of quantum computing logic	Fails to explain or apply quantum computing principles

Suggested rubrics for Practical continuous assessment:

Performance Indicators	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Satisfactory
Fundamental Knowledge (4) (PO1)	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the course (4)	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to course (3)	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge (2)	Student has not understood the concepts clearly (1)
Design Of Experiment (5) (PO2 & PO3)	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason (5)	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best (4)	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits (3)	Student is capable of explaining the design (1-2)
Implementation (8) (PO3 & PO7)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm considering optimal solution. (7-8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm and should be capable of explaining it (5-6)	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation. (3-4)	Student is capable of implementing the design. (1-2)
Result &Analysis (5) (PO4)	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis. (5)	Student will be able to run the program for all the cases. (4)	Student will be able to run the code for few cases and analyze the output (3)	Student will be able to run the program but not able to analyze the output (1-2)
Demonstration (8) (PO8)	The lab record is well-organized, with clear sections (e.g., Introduction, Method, Results, Conclusion). Transitions between sections are smooth. (7-8)	The lab record is organized, with clear sections, but some sections are not well-defined. (5-6)	The lab record lacks clear organization or structure. Some sections are unclear or incomplete. (3-4)	The lab record is poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections. (1-2)

Note: Can add Engineering & IT tool usage based on the nature of the course

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)

- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

C Programming Lab		Semester	I/II
Course Code	**1BPOPL107/207**	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course outcome

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Develop programs in C to solve simple computational problems.
CO2: Make use of C language derived datatypes to solve simple real-world problems.
CO3: Build a document consisting of experiment setup, design, implementation and results with inferences.

Note:

1. The laboratory syllabus consists of PART-A and PART-B. While PART-A has 6 conventional experiments, PART-B has 6 typical open-ended experiments. The maximum marks for the laboratory course are 100.
2. Both PART-A and PART-B are considered for CIE and SEE.
3. Students have answer 1(one) question from PART-A and 1(one) question from PART-B.
   a. The questions set for SEE shall be from among the experiments under PART-A. It is evaluated for 70 marks out of the maximum 100 marks.
   b. The open-ended question set for SEE shall be any other open-ended question and not selected from the experiments under PART-A. It shall be evaluated for 30 marks.
4. For continuous internal evaluation, during the semester, classwork, the typical open-ended questions shall be from PART-B, and any other similar questions to enhance the skill of the students

PART – A
CONVENTIONAL EXPERIMENTS

Note: Students must write the algorithm & flowchart for PART-A questions in the Record book

1. A robot needs to find how far it must travel between two points on a 2D plane. Develop a C program to calculate the straight-line distance between the given coordinates.

2. Develop a C program that takes a student's marks as input and displays their grade based on the following criteria:
   90 and above: Grade A
   75 to 89: Grade B
   60 to 74: Grade C
   50 to 59: Grade D
   Below 50: Grade F
   Choose a suitable control structure to implement this logic efficiently.

3. Develop a C program that takes a unique identification input like PAN Number, AADHAR_Number, APAAR_Id, Driving License, Passport and checks it against a set of stored KYC records. Based on the input, display whether the individual is verified or not. Use an appropriate control structure to handle multiple possible ID matches. Assume all Unique identification are of integer type.

4. A math app needs to determine the type of roots for a quadratic equation based on user input. Develop a C program to calculate and display the roots based on the given coefficients.

5. A sensor in a robotic arm needs to calculate the angle of rotation in real-time, but the hardware doesn't support built-in trigonometric functions. Develop a C program to approximate the value of sin(x) using a series expansion method for improved performance.

6. Develop a C program that accepts a course description string and a keyword from the user. Search whether the keyword exists within the course description using appropriate string functions. If found, display: "Keyword '<keyword>' found in the course description." Otherwise, display: "Keyword '<keyword>' not found in the course description."

7. Develop a C program that takes marks for three subjects as input. Use a function to check if the student has passed (minimum 40 marks in each subject). Display the average and whether the student passed or failed.

8. In an ATM system, two account balances need to be swapped temporarily for validation. Develop a C program that accepts two balances and uses a function with pointers to swap them. Display the balances before and after swapping.

PART – B

TYPICAL OPEN-ENDED EXPERIMENTS

Open-ended experiments are a type of laboratory activity where the outcome is not predetermined, and students are given the freedom to explore, design, and conduct the experiment based on the problem statements as per the concepts defined by the course coordinator. It encourages creativity, critical thinking, and inquiry-based learning.

1. A college library has a digital bookshelf system where each book is assigned a unique Book ID. The bookshelf is organized in ascending order of Book IDs. Develop a C Program to quickly find whether a book with a specific Book ID is available in the shelf.

2. A sports teacher has recorded the scores of students in a 100-meter race. To prepare the result sheet, the teacher wants the scores arranged in descending order (from highest to lowest). Develop a C program to sort the scores.

3. A small warehouse tracks how many units of different products are shipped from multiple branches. Another dataset shows how much revenue each product generates per unit. Develop a C program which combines these datasets to calculate the total revenue generated by each branch.

4. A basic mobile contact manager stores first and last names separately. For displaying full names in the contact list, you need to join them manually. Additionally, the system must check the length of each full name to ensure it fits the screen. Perform these operations by developing a C program without using built-in string functions.

5. A currency exchange booth allows users to convert between two currencies. Before confirming the exchange, the system simulates a swap of the values to preview the result without actually changing the original data. In other cases, it updates the actual values. Develop a C program that implements both behaviours using Call by Value and Call by reference

6. A local library needs to store and display details of its books, including title, author, and year of publication. Design a structure that can hold these details and develop a C program to display a list of all books entered.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Textbook:

1. Hassan Afyouni, Behrouz A. Forouzan. "A Structured Programming Approach in C", 4th Edition, Cengage.

Reference books:

1. Schildt, Herbert. "C the complete reference", 4th Edition, Mc GrawHill.
2. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The 'C' Programming Language, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Introduction to Programming in C [https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_cs02/preview]
2. C for Everyone: Programming Fundamentals [https://www.coursera.org/learn/c-for-everyone]
3. Computer Programming Virtual Lab [https://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/pointers/]
4. C Programming: The ultimate way to learn the fundamentals of the C language [https://www.pdfdrive.com/c-programming-the-ultimate-way-to-learn-the-fundamentals-of-the-c-language-e187584209.html]
5. C Programming: The Complete Reference [https://viden.io/knowledge/programming-in-c-language/attachment/28313/c-the-complete-reference-herbert-schildt-4th-edition-pdf/preview]

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):
The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Engineering tool usage for the conduction of experiment
2. Demonstration through ICT tools
3. Use of virtual labs (https://www.vlab.co.in/)

Assessment Structure:
The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE marks awarded shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report using a defined set of rubrics. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 30 marks. The laboratory test (duration 03 hours) at the end of the last week of the semester /after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 20 marks. For both CIE and SEE, the student is required to conduct one experiment each from both Part A and Part B.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE component**, a student must secure **a minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- A student is deemed to have **successfully completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge: Understanding the problem statement [CO1, CO2] [PO1, PO2]	The student has in depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem. Student is able to completely understand the problem definition.	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem. Student is able to understand the problem definition.	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge and the problem definition.	Student has not understood the concepts partially. Student is able to partially understand the problem definition	Student has not understood the concepts and the problem definition clearly.
Design of algorithm/flow chart and program [CO1, CO2] [PO2, PO3]	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason.	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best.	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits.	Student is capable of explaining the design.	Student is capable of explaining the design partially.
Implementation (Program coding) with suitable tools [CO-1, CO2] [PO5, PO8]	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure considering optimal solution/optimal efficiency.	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure and should be capable of explaining it.	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation.	Student is capable of implementing the design.	Student is capable of implementing the design with errors.
Program debugging and testing with suitable tools [CO1, CO2] [PO5, PO8]	Student is capable to compile and debug the program with no errors (syntax, semantic and logical).	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with full understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with partial understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with no understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with assistance.
Results & interpretation /analysis [CO1, CO2] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis.	Student is able to run the program for all the cases.	Student is able to run the code for few cases and analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to verify the correctness of the result.
Demonstration and documentation [CO3] [PO8, PO9, PO11]	Demonstration and lab record is well-organized, with clear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is organized, with clear sections, but some	Demonstration and lab record lacks clear organization or structure. Some sections are	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing sections. Record

	The record is well structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	sections are not well-defined. The record is structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	unclear or incomplete. The record is partially structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	The record is not properly structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	not submitted on time. The record is not structured with minimum formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).

Rubrics for SEE / CIE Test:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Fair (3)	Marginal (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO1]	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem & course	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student has average knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge	Student has not understood the concepts clearly
Understanding of problem definition (1) [CO1, CO2] [PO2]	Student is able to completely understand the problem definition	Student is able to understand the problem definition but not clearly	Student has a basic understanding of the problem definition that is partial or superficial	Student is able to Shows minimal or unclear understanding of the problem definition	Student is not able to understand the problem definition
Design and Implementation (3) [CO1, CO2] [PO3]	Student is capable of design and implementing with best suitable construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing with some construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing the core part of the construct for the given problem definition	Student is partially capable of design and implementing with some algorithm for the given problem definition	Student is not capable of design and implementing
Result & Analysis (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various data inputs and compare the result with proper inference.	Student will be able to run the program on various data inputs and fair knowledge in comparing the result with proper inference	Student will be able to run the code for few data/datasets and analyze the output.	Student will be able to run the code for few data inputs but not analyze the output.	Student will be not able to run the program and not able to analyze the result.
Communication (Viva voce) (2) [CO3] [PO8, PO9]	Good Verbal & nonverbal communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Good verbal Communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with imprecise and incorrect terminologies/ answers	Poor Communication (Minimal interaction/answers)

Soft Skills	Semester	I/II	
Course Code	**1BSKS106/206**	**CIE Marks**	**100**
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	--
Total Hours of Pedagogy	**Theory/Practical/Lab:** 15 Hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	PP	Exam Hours	--

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The competencies those are important for engineering students joining the digital age workforce or looking to become entrepreneurs are listed in 5 modules:

CO1: Apply social skills for clear communication, persuasion, self-awareness, and active listening.

CO2: Use emotional skills to build confidence, manage stress, and adapt to change.

CO3: Set ambitious goals, practice empathy, and apply creativity for problem-solving.

CO4: Demonstrate discipline, time management, and structured problem-solving.

CO5: Work in teams, negotiate, resolve conflicts, and think critically.

Module I – Social Skills (3 hours)

- **Communication:** Principles of clear and effective exchange of ideas in professional and social contexts.
- **Persuasion:** Techniques to influence and convince through logical, emotional, and ethical appeals.
- **Self-Awareness:** Identifying personal strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and challenges (SWOC analysis).
- **Active Listening:** Paraphrasing, questioning techniques, and demonstrating attentiveness.

Instructional Design	Each competency is taught and assessed through guided visualisations, reflections, explainers and hands on activities conducted during sessions build both conceptual understanding and real-world application.
Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) – interactive workshops, simulations, activities, peer feedback. Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quicklrn.com
Experiential Learning Methods	To embed skills, participants get hands-on through: Guided reflections and explainers to connect concepts with relatable real-life situations Guided visualization to prompt reflection and self-discovery Role-plays and activities to practice behaviours in context

	Peer discussions to gain diverse perspectives.
Assessment Methods	**Formative:** Role-plays, activities, group discussions, peer feedback. **Summative:** Presentations, written reflections, problem-solving exercises.

Module II Emotional Skills I (3 hours)

- **Emotional Intelligence (EI):** Recognizing and managing emotions, empathy, relationship management, and conflict resolution.
- **Stress Management:** Identifying stress triggers, relaxation techniques, work-life balance strategies, and mindfulness practices.
- **Time Management:** Prioritization (Eisenhower Matrix), setting SMART goals, avoiding procrastination, and effective scheduling.
- **Adaptability & Resilience:** Handling change, bouncing back from setbacks, and developing a growth mindset.

Instructional Design	Each competency is taught and assessed through guided visualisations, reflections, explainers and hands on activities conducted during lab sessions those build both conceptual understanding and real-world application.
Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) – interactive workshops, simulations, activities, peer feedback. Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quicklrn.com
Experiential Learning Methods	• To embed skills, participants get hands-on through: • Guided reflections and explainers to connect concepts with relatable real-life situations • Guided visualization to prompt reflection and self-discovery • Role-plays and activities to practice behaviours in context • Peer discussions to gain diverse perspectives.
Assessment Methods	**Formative:** Role-plays, activities, group discussions, peer feedback. **Summative:** Presentations, written reflections, problem-solving exercises.

Module 3 Emotional Skills II (3 hours)

- Ambition & Goal Setting: Defining personal and professional aspirations, creating SMART goals, and aligning actions with long-term vision.

- Sympathy & Empathy: Understanding emotional perspectives, differentiating between the two, and applying them in workplace and social interactions.

- Creativity & Innovation: Generating original ideas, problem-solving, and applying creative thinking techniques (mind-mapping, SCAMPER).

Instructional Design	Each competency is taught and assessed through guided visualisations, reflections, explainers and hands on activities conducted during lab sessions those build both conceptual understanding and real-world application.
Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) – interactive workshops, simulations, activities, peer feedback. Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quicklrn.com
Experiential Learning Methods	• To embed skills, participants get hands-on through: • Guided reflections and explainers to connect concepts with relatable real-life situations • Guided visualization to prompt reflection and self-discovery • Role-plays and activities to practice behaviours in context • Peer discussions to gain diverse perspectives.
Assessment Methods	**Formative:** Role-plays, activities, group discussions, peer feedback. **Summative:** Presentations, written reflections, problem-solving exercises.

Module 4 Professional Skills I (3 hours)

- **Problem Solving:** Identifying root causes, analysing options, and implementing solutions using methods like 5 Whys and Fishbone Diagram.
- **Discipline:** Building consistency, accountability, and professional habits.
- **Time Management:** Prioritizing tasks (Eisenhower Matrix), scheduling, avoiding procrastination.

Instructional Design	Each competency is taught and assessed through guided visualisations, reflections, explainers and hands on activities conducted during lab sessions those build both conceptual understanding and real-world application.
Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) – interactive workshops, simulations, activities, peer feedback. Eclectic Approach.
Language Lab	Quicklrn.com
Experiential Learning Methods	To embed skills, participants get hands-on through: Guided reflections and explainers to connect concepts with relatable real-life situations Guided visualization to prompt reflection and self-discovery Role-plays and activities to practice behaviours in context Peer discussions to gain diverse perspectives.
Assessment Methods	**Formative:** Role-plays, activities, group discussions, peer feedback. **Summative:** Presentations, written reflections, problem-solving exercises.

Module 5 Professional Skills II (3 hours)

- Collaboration & Teamwork: Working effectively in diverse teams, fostering trust, and achieving shared goals.

- Negotiation & Conflict Resolution: Strategies to resolve differences and reach win–win outcomes.
- Critical Thinking: The ability to analyze, evaluate, and synthesize information to make well-reasoned decisions.

Instructional Design	Each competency is taught and assessed through guided visualisations, reflections, explainers and hands on activities conducted during lab sessions those build both conceptual understanding and real-world application.
Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) – interactive workshops, simulations, peer feedback. Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quicklrn.com
Experiential Learning Methods	To embed skills, participants get hands-on through: Guided reflections and explainers to connect concepts with relatable real-life situations Guided visualization to prompt reflection and self-discovery Role-plays and activities to practice behaviours in context Peer discussions to gain diverse perspectives.
Assessment Methods	**Formative:** Role-plays, group discussions, peer feedback. **Summative:** Presentations, written reflections, problem-solving exercises.

Extra Reading

1. Principles of Scientific and Technical Writing, 1e, By Pratap K. J. Mohapatra, Sanjib Moulick, © 2025 | Published: December 23, 2024
2. Soft Skills, 1e, By Soma Mahesh Kumar © 2024 | Published: June 8, 2023
3. Effective Technical Communication, 3e, By Ashraf M. Rizvi, Priyadarshi Patnaik, © 2024 | Published: September 12, 2024
4. Yadav, D. P. (2022). *A course in English pronunciation*. Notion Publications.

Learning Resources:

- Oxford Advance Learners Dictionary
- Cambridge English Skills Real Listening and Speaking by Miles Craven
- Communicative English for Professionals by Nitin Bhatnagar and Mamta Bhatnagar

Digital Resources

- Google Docs + Voice Typing - https://docs.google.com
- LearnEnglish – https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/
- TakeIELTS - https://www.britishcouncil.in/exam/ielts
- British Council Apps - **bbcLearnEnglishonline Grammar**
  LearnEnglish Podcasts
  IELTS Word Power
  Bbclearningenglishgrammer online
  Sounds Right (Phonemic Chart)

Mapping Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes*											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1									1	3		2
2										3		2
3										3		2
4									1	3		2
5									1	3		2

Assessment Plan – 100 Marks

CO Mapping & Components (100 Marks)

CO	Modules	Assessment Component	Description	Marks
CO1: Apply social skills for clear communication, persuasion, self-awareness, and active listening	Module I	Role-Play & Oral Presentation	Scenario-based role-play (persuasion, active listening) + short presentation; assessed on clarity, articulation, engagement, and non-verbal cues.	**20**
CO2: Use emotional skills to build confidence, manage stress, and adapt to change	Module II	Stress Management Activity & Reflection Journal	Guided stress-relief simulation + reflection linking EI concepts to personal experiences.	**20**
CO3: Set goals, practice empathy, and apply creativity for problem-solving	Module III	Goal-Setting & Creativity Project	SMART goal plan + creative problem-solving idea using mind-mapping or SCAMPER.	**20**
CO4: Demonstrate discipline, time management, and structured problem-solving	Module IV	Problem-Solving Exercise (Case-Based)	Apply 5 Whys/Fishbone diagram to a business/engineering problem; structured solution submission.	**20**
CO5: Work in teams, negotiate, resolve conflicts, and think critically	Module V	Group Debate/Negotiation Simulation	Teams negotiate a given scenario and defend solutions in a debate; assessed on teamwork, arguments, and conflict resolution.	**20**

Mark Distribution by Assessment Type

- **Formative (Continuous Assessment) – 50 Marks**
- **Summative (End of Course) – 50 Marks**

Bloom's Taxonomy Weightage (100 Marks)

Sl. No	Bloom's Category	Formative (Role-play, Reflection, Creativity, Case studies)	Summative (Presentation + Problem-solving)	Overall
1	Remember	20%	10%	10%
2	Understand	25%	20%	20%
3	Apply	35%	30%	30%
4	Analyse	20%	20%	20%
5	Evaluate	10%	15%	15%
6	Create	10%	10%	10%
Total		**100%**	**100%**	**100%**

Assessment Rubric – 100 Marks

CO's rubric is scaled **out of 20 marks**

CO1 – Role-Play & Oral Presentation (20 marks)

Criteria	Excellent (8)	Good (6)	Satisfactory (4)	Needs Improvement (2)	Marks
Clarity &Articulation	Speaks fluently, precise pronunciation	Minor lapses	Frequent lapses	Hesitant, unclear	4
Persuasion & Engagement	Strong persuasive appeal, engages fully	Reasonable persuasion	Weak persuasion	No strategy	4
Non-Verbal Communication	Confident posture, gestures, eye contact	Mostly confident	Minimal use	Poor body language	6
Active Listening	Accurately paraphrases, responds appropriately	Mostly accurate	Limited paraphrasing	Ignores cues	6

CO2 – Stress Management & Reflection Journal (20 marks)

Criteria	Excellent (8)	Good (6)	Satisfactory (4)	Needs Improvement (2)	Marks
Understanding of EI Concepts	Deep insight + examples	Good understanding	Basic understanding	Misunderstands	6
Application in Activity	Fully applies techniques	Mostly effective	Few techniques	No application	6

Criteria	Excellent (8)	Good (6)	Satisfactory (4)	Needs Improvement (2)	Marks
Reflection Quality	Highly personal, analytical	Some insights	Descriptive only	No reflection	4
Structure & Clarity	Well-organized	Mostly clear	Some disorganization	Poorly structured	4

CO3 – Goal-Setting & Creativity Project (20 marks)

Criteria	Excellent (8)	Good (6)	Satisfactory (4)	Needs Improvement (2)	Marks
SMART Goal Setting	All SMART criteria, inspiring	Most criteria	Some criteria	Vague	6
Creativity & Originality	Highly original	Some originality	Limited	None	6
Presentation & Visuals	Engaging, clear, strong visuals	Clear visuals	Basic visuals	Poor/no visuals	4
Feasibility & Relevance	Practical, relevant	Mostly practical	Partially relevant	Irrelevant	4

CO4 – Problem-Solving Exercise (20 marks)

Criteria	Excellent (8)	Good (6)	Satisfactory (4)	Needs Improvement (2)	Marks
Problem Analysis	Identifies all root causes	Most causes	Few causes	No clear causes	6
Application of Tools	Fully accurate	Mostly accurate	Partial	Incorrect	4
Solution Quality	Highly logical, feasible	Mostly logical	Some gaps	Illogical	4
Structure & Clarity	Clear flow	Mostly clear	Some unclear parts	Disorganized	6

CO5 – Debate/Negotiation Simulation (20 marks)

Criteria	Excellent (8)	Good (6)	Satisfactory (4)	Needs Improvement (2)	Marks
Team Collaboration	Fully cooperative	Mostly cooperative	Limited	Uncooperative	4
Argument Quality	Strong evidence-based reasoning	Mostly sound	Weak reasoning	No reasoning	6
Conflict Resolution	Balanced, win–win focus	Mostly balanced	Minimal attempt	Aggressive/avoidant	4
Critical Thinking	Insightful, anticipates counterpoints	Thoughtful	Limited depth	None	6

*** Final Marking CO1 (Criteria + Marks)**

- Understanding of EI Concepts → **5/6**
- Application in Activity → **4/6**
- Reflection Quality → **2/4**
- Structure & Clarity → **4/4**

Final Marks = 15/20